



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

### Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

### About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>

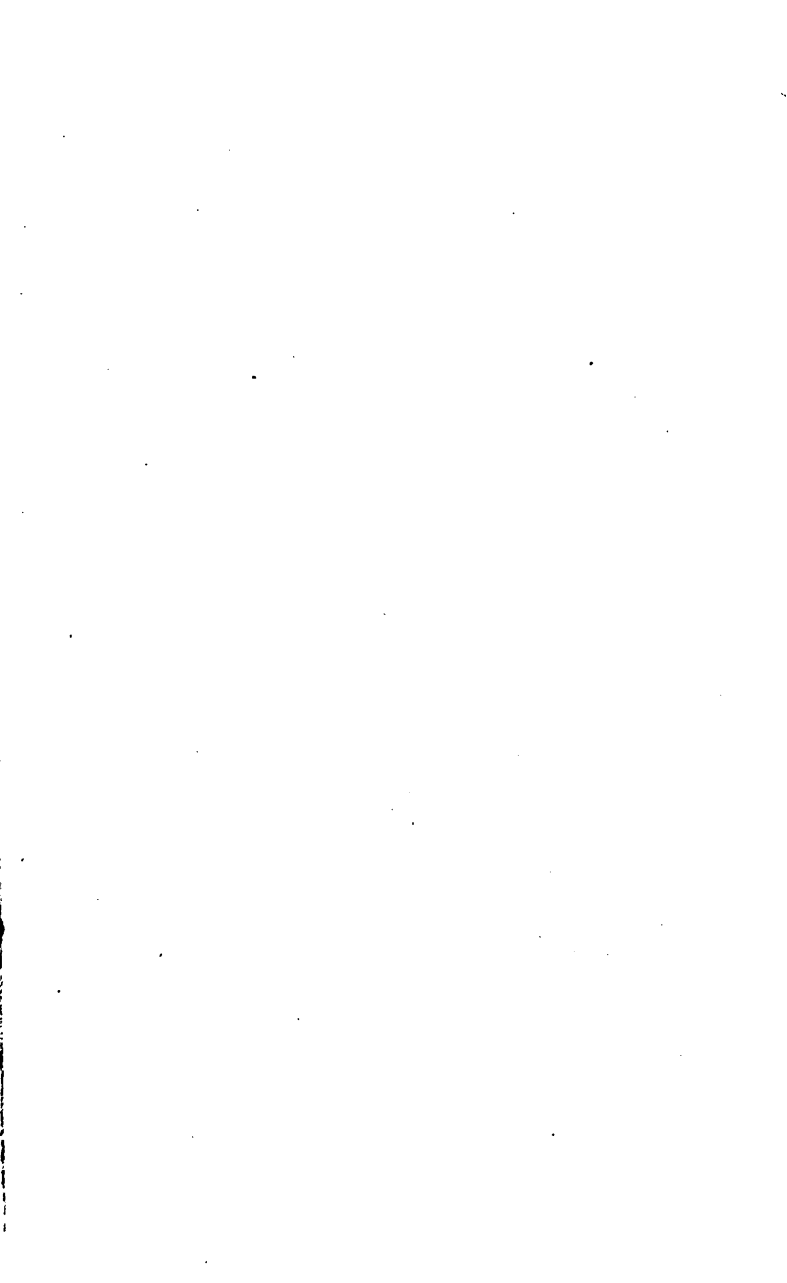
UC-NRLF



B 166 277









# A STORY OF DOOM

&c.

LONDON  
PRINTED BY SPOTTISWOODE AND CO.  
NEW-STREET SQUARE

*A. E. L. 1867.*

# A STORY OF DOOM

*And Other Poems.*

BY JEAN INGELow.

LONDON:  
LONGMANS, GREEN, AND CO.  
1867.



**LOAN STACK**

953  
I 46  
sto

## CONTENTS.

	PAGE
THE DREAMS THAT CAME TRUE . . . . .	1
SONGS ON THE VOICES OF BIRDS . . . . .	21
LAURANCE . . . . .	41
SONGS OF THE NIGHT WATCHES . . . . .	82
A STORY OF DOOM . . . . .	101
CONTRASTED SONGS . . . . .	207
GLADYS AND HER ISLAND . . . . .	232
SONGS WITH PRELUDES . . . . .	265
WINSTANLEY . . . . .	281



## POEMS.

---

### THE DREAMS THAT CAME TRUE.



SAW in a vision once, our mother-sphere  
The world, her fixed foredoomèd oval  
tracing,

Rolling and rolling on and resting never,  
While like a phantom fell, behind her pacing  
The unfurled flag of night, her shadow drear  
Fled as she fled and hung to her for ever.

Great Heaven! methought, how strange a doom to  
share.

Would I may never bear  
Inevitable darkness after me  
(Darkness endow'd with drawings strong,  
And shadowy hands that cling unendingly),  
Nor feel that phantom-wings behind me sweep,  
As she feels night pursuing through the long  
Illimitable reaches of 'the vasty deep.'

God save you, gentlefolks. There was a man  
Who lay awake at midnight on his bed,  
Watching the spiral flame that feeding ran  
Among the logs upon his hearth, and shed  
A comfortable glow both warm and dim  
On crimson curtains that encompassed him.

Right stately was his chamber, soft and white  
The pillow, and his quilt was eider-down.  
What matter'd it to him though all that night  
The desolate driving cloud might lower and  
frown,  
And winds were up the eddying sleet to chase,  
That drave and drave and found no settling-place?

What matter'd it that leafless trees might rock,  
Or snow might drift athwart his window-pane?  
He bare a charmèd life against their shock,  
Secure from cold, hunger, and weather stain;  
Fixed in his right, and born to good estate,  
From common ills set by and separate.

From work and want and fear of want apart,  
This man (men called him Justice Wilvermore)—  
This man had comforted his cheerful heart  
With all that it desired from every shore.  
He had a right,—the right of gold is strong,—  
He stood upon his right his whole life long.

Custom makes all things easy, and content  
Is careless, therefore on the storm and cold,  
As he lay waking, never a thought he spent,  
Albeit across the vale beneath the wold,  
Along a reedy mere that frozen lay,  
A range of sordid hovels stretched away.

What cause had he to think on them, forsooth ?  
What cause that night beyond another night ?  
He was familiar even from his youth  
With their long ruin and their evil plight.  
The wintry wind would search them like a scout,  
The water froze within as freely as without.

He think upon them ? No ! They were forlorn,  
So were the cowering inmates whom they held ;  
A thriftless tribe, to shifts and leanness born,  
Ever complaining : infancy or eld  
Alike. But there was rent, or long ago  
Those cottage roofs had met with overthrow.

For this they stood ; and what his thoughts might be  
That winter night, I know not ; but I know  
That, while the creeping flame fed silently  
And cast upon his bed a crimson glow,  
The Justice slept, and shortly in his sleep  
He fell to dreaming, and his dream was deep.

He dreamed that over him a shadow came ;  
And when he looked to find the cause, behold  
Some person knelt between him and the flame :—  
A cowering figure of one frail and old—  
A woman ; and she prayed as he descried,  
And spread her feeble hands, and shook and sighed.

‘ Good Heaven ! ’ the Justice cried, and being distraught

He called not to her, but he looked again :  
She wore a tatter’d cloak, but she had nought  
Upon her head ; and she did quake amain,  
And spread her wasted hands and poor attire  
To gather in the brightness of his fire.

‘ I know you, woman ! ’ then the Justice cried ;  
‘ I know that woman well,’ he cried aloud ;  
‘ The shepherd Aveland’s widow : God me guide !  
A pauper kneeling on my hearth : ’ and bow’d,  
The hag, like one at home, its warmth to share !  
‘ How dares she to intrude ? What does she there ?

‘ Ho, woman, ho ! ’—but yet she did not stir,  
Though from her lips a fitful plaining broke ;  
‘ I’ll ring my people up to deal with her ;  
I’ll rouse the house,’ he cried ; but while he spoke  
He turned, and saw, but distant from his bed,  
Another form—a Darkness with a head.

Then, in a rage, he shouted 'Who are you?'

For little in the gloom he might discern.

'Speak out; speak now; or I will make you rue

The hour!' but there was silence, and a stern,  
Dark face from out the dusk appeared to lean,  
And then again drew back, and was not seen.

'God!' cried the dreaming man, right impiously,

'What have I done, that these my sleep affray?'

'God!' said the Phantom, 'I appeal to Thee,

Appoint Thou me this man to be my prey.'

'God!' sighed the kneeling woman, frail and old,

'I pray Thee take me, for the world is cold.'

Then said the trembling Justice, in affright,

'Fiend, I adjure thee, speak thine errand here!'

And lo! it pointed in the failing light

Toward the woman, answering, cold and clear,

'Thou art ordained an answer to thy prayer;

But first to tell *her* tale that kneeleth there.'

'*Her* tale!' the Justice cried. 'A pauper's tale!'

And he took heart at this so low behest,

And let the stoutness of his will prevail,

Demanding, 'Is't for *her* you break my rest?

She went to gaol of late for stealing wood,

She will again for this night's hardihood.



‘ I sent her; and to-morrow, as I live,  
I will commit her for this trespass here.’  
‘ Thou wilt not !’ quoth the Shadow, ‘ thou wilt give  
Her story words ;’ and then it stalked anear  
And showed a lowering face, and, dread to see,  
A countenance of angered majesty.

Then said the Justice, all his thoughts astray,  
With that material Darkness chiding him,  
‘ If this must be, then speak to her, I pray,  
And bid her move, for all the room is dim  
By reason of the place she holds to-night :  
She kneels between me and the warmth and light.’

‘ With adjurations deep and drawings strong,  
And with the power,’ it said, ‘ unto me given,  
I call upon thee, man, to tell thy wrong,  
Or look no more upon the face of Heaven.  
Speak ! though she kneel throughout the livelong  
night,  
And yet shall kneel between thee and the light.’

This when the Justice heard, he raised his hands,  
And held them as the dead in effigy  
Hold theirs, when carved upon a tomb. The bands  
Of fate had bound him fast : no remedy  
Was left : his voice unto himself was strange,  
And that unearthly vision did not change.

He said, 'That woman dwells anear my door,  
Her life and mine began the selfsame day,  
And I am hale and hearty: from my store  
I never spared her aught: she takes her way  
Of me unheeded; pining, pinching care  
Is all the portion that she has to share.

'She is a broken-down, poor, friendless wight,  
Through labour and through sorrow early old;  
And I have known of this her evil plight,  
Her scanty earnings, and her lodgment cold;  
A patienter poor soul shall ne'er be found:  
She laboured on my land the long year round.

'What wouldst thou have me say, thou fiend  
abhorred?  
Show me no more thine awful visage grim.  
If thou obey'st a greater, tell thy lord  
That I have paid her wages. Cry to him!  
He has not *much* against me. None can say  
I have not paid her wages day by day.

'The spell! It draws me. I must speak again;  
And speak against myself; and speak aloud.  
The woman once approached me to complain,—  
"My wages are so low." I may be proud;  
It is a fault.' 'Ay,' quoth the Phantom fell,  
Sinner! it is a fault: thou sayest well.'

' She made her moan, " My wages are so low."

' Tell on !' ' She said,' he answered, " My best days  
Are ended, and the summer is but slow

To come ; and my good strength for work decays  
By reason that I live so hard, and lie  
On winter nights so bare for poverty." '

' And you replied —,' began the lowering shade,

' And I replied,' the Justice followed on,

' That wages like to mine my neighbour paid ;

And if I raised the wages of the one  
Straight should the others murmur ; furthermore,  
The winter was as winters gone before,

' No colder and not longer.' ' Afterward ?—'

The Phantom questioned. ' Afterward,' he groaned,  
' She said my neighbour was a right good lord,  
Never a roof was broken that he owned ;  
He gave much coal and clothing. " Doth he so ?  
Work for my neighbour, then," I answered. " Go !

' " You are full welcome." Then she mumbled out

She hoped I was not angry ; hoped, forsooth,  
I would forgive her : and I turned about,

And said I should be angry in good truth

If this should be again, or ever more

She dared to stop me thus at the church door.'

‘Then?’ quoth the Shade; and he, constrained, said on,

‘Then she, reproved, curtseyed herself away.’

‘Hast met her since?’ it made demand anon;

And after pause the Justice answered, ‘Ay;  
Some wood was stolen; my people made a stir:  
She was accused, and I did sentence her.’

But yet, and yet, the dreaded questions came:

‘And didst thou weigh the matter—taking thought  
Upon her sober life and honest fame?’

‘I gave it,’ he replied, with gaze distraught;

‘I gave it, Fiend, the usual care; I took  
The usual pains; I could not nearer look,

‘Because—because their pilfering had got head.

What wouldst thou more? The neighbours  
pleaded hard,

’Tis true, and many tears the creature shed;

But I had vowed their prayers to disregard,  
Heavily strike the first that robbed my land,  
And put down thieving with a steady hand.

‘She said she was not guilty. Ay, ’tis true

She said so, but the poor are liars all.

O thou fell Fiend, what wilt thou? Must I view

Thy darkness yet, and must thy shadow fall  
Upon me miserable? I have done  
No worse, no more than many a scathless one.’

‘Yet,’ quoth the Shade, ‘if ever to thine ears  
The knowledge of her blamelessness was brought,  
Or others have confessed with dying tears  
The crime she suffered for, and thou hast wrought  
All reparation in thy power, and told  
Into her empty hand thy brightest gold :—

‘If thou hast honoured her, and hast proclaimed  
Her innocence and thy deplored wrong,  
Still thou art nought ; for thou shalt yet be blamed  
In that she, feeble, came before thee strong,  
And thou, in cruel haste to deal a blow,  
Because thou hadst been angered, worked her woe.

‘But didst thou right her? Speak!’ The Justice  
sighed,  
And beaded drops stood out upon his brow  
‘How could I humble me,’ forlorn he cried,  
‘To a base beggar? Nay, I will avow  
That I did ill. I will reveal the whole ;  
I kept that knowledge in my secret soul.’

‘Hear him!’ the Phantom muttered ; ‘hear this man,  
O changeless God upon the judgment throne.’  
With that, cold tremors through his pulses ran,  
And lamentably he did make his moan ;  
While, with its arms upraised above his head,  
The dim dread visitor approached his bed.

‘Into these doors,’ it said, ‘which thou hast closed,  
Daily this woman shall from henceforth come ;  
Her kneeling form shall yet be interposed  
Till all thy wretched hours have told their sum ;  
Shall yet be interposed by day, by night,  
Between thee, sinner, and the warmth and light.

‘Remembrance of her want shall make thy meal  
Like ashes, and thy wrong thou shalt not right.  
But what ! Nay, verily, nor wealth nor weal  
From henceforth shall afford thy soul delight.  
Till men shall lay thy head beneath the sod,  
There shall be no deliverance, saith my God.’

‘Tell me thy name,’ the dreaming Justice cried ;  
‘By what appointment dost thou doom me thus ?’  
‘’T is well that thou shouldst know me,’ it replied,  
‘For mine thou art, and nought shall sever us ;  
From thine own lips and life I draw my force :  
The name thy nation give me is REMORSE.’

This when he heard, the dreaming man cried out,  
And woke affrighted ; and a crimson glow  
The dying ember shed. Within, without,  
In eddying rings the silence seemed to flow ;  
The wind had lulled, and on his forehead shone  
The last low gleam ; he was indeed alone.

‘O, I have had a fearful dream,’ said he ;

‘I will take warning and for mercy trust ;  
The fiend Remorse shall never dwell with me :

I will repair that wrong, I will be just,  
I will be kind, I will my ways amend.’

*Now the first dream is told unto its end.*

Anigh the frozen mere a cottage stood,

A piercing wind swept round and shook the door,  
The shrunken door, an easy way made good,

And drave long drifts of snow along the floor.  
It sparkled there like diamonds, for the moon  
Was shining in, and night was at the noon.

Before her dying embers, bent and pale,

A woman sat because her bed was cold ;  
She heard the wind, the driving sleet and hail,  
And she was hunger-bitten, weak and old ;  
Yet while she cowered, and while the casement  
shook,

Upon her trembling knees she held a book—

A comfortable book for them that mourn,

And good to raise the courage of the poor ;  
It lifts the veil and shows, beyond the bourne,  
Their Elder Brother, from His home secure,  
That for them desolate He died to win,  
Repeating, ‘Come, ye blessed, enter in.’

What thought she on, this woman ? on her days  
Of toil, or on the supperless night forlorn ?  
I think not so ; the heart but seldom weighs  
With conscious care a burden always borne ;  
And she was used to these things, had grown old  
In fellowship with toil, hunger, and cold.

Then did she think how sad it was to live  
Of all the good this world can yield bereft ?  
No, her untutored thoughts she did not give  
To such a theme ; but in their warp and weft  
She wove a prayer : then in the midnight deep  
Faintly and slow she fell away to sleep.

A strange, a marvellous sleep, which brought a  
dream,  
And it was this : that all at once she heard  
The pleasant babbling of a little stream  
That ran beside her door, and then a bird  
Broke out in songs. She looked, and lo ! the rime  
And snow had melted ; it was summer time !

And all the cold was over, and the mere  
Full sweetly swayed the flags and rushes green ;  
The mellow sunlight poured right warm and clear  
Into her casement, and thereby were seen  
Fair honeysuckle flowers, and wandering bees  
Were hovering round the blossom-laden trees.



She said, 'I will betake me to my door,  
And will look out and see this wondrous sight,  
How summer is come back, and frost is o'er,  
And all the air warm waxen in a night.'  
With that she opened, but for fear she cried,  
For lo! two Angels—one on either side.

And while she looked, with marvelling measureless,  
The Angels stood conversing face to face,  
But neither spoke to her. 'The wilderness—'  
One Angel said, 'the solitary place—  
Shall yet be glad for Him.' And then full fain  
The other Angel answered, 'He shall reign.'

And when the woman heard, in wondering wise,  
She whispered, 'They are speaking of my Lord.'  
And straightway swept across the open skies  
Multitudes like to these. They took the word,  
That flock of Angels, 'He shall come again,  
My Lord, my Lord!' they sang, 'and He shall  
reign!'

Then they, drawn up into the blue o'er-head,  
Right happy, shining ones, made haste to flee;  
And those before her one to other said,  
'Behold He stands 'aneath yon almond tree.'  
This when the woman heard, she fain had gazed,  
But paused for reverence, and bowed down amazed.

After she looked, for this her dream was deep ;  
She looked, and there was nought beneath the tree ;  
Yet did her love and longing overleap  
The fear of Angels, awful though they be,  
And she passed out between the blessed things,  
And brushed her mortal weeds against their wings.

O, all the happy world was in its best,  
The trees were covered thick with buds and  
flowers,  
And these were dropping honey ; for the rest,  
Sweetly the birds were piping in their bowers ;  
Across the grass did groups of Angels go,  
And Saints in pairs were walking to and fro.

Then did she pass toward the almond tree,  
And none she saw beneath it : yet each Saint  
Upon his coming meekly bent the knee,  
And all their glory as they gazed wax'd faint.  
And then a 'lighting Angel neared the place,  
And folded his fair wings before his face.

She also knelt, and spread her aged hands  
As feeling for the sacred human feet ;  
She said, ' Mine eyes are held, but if He stands  
Anear, I will not let Him hence retreat  
Except He bless me.' Then, O sweet ! O fair !  
Some words were spoken, but she knew not where.

She knew not if beneath the boughs they woke,  
Or dropt upon her from the realms above ;  
'What wilt thou, woman ?' in the dream He spoke,  
'Thy sorrow moveth Me, thyself I love ;  
Long have I counted up thy mournful years,  
Once I did weep to wipe away thy tears.'

She said : ' My one Redeemer, only blest,  
I know Thy voice, and from my yearning heart  
Draw out my deep desire, my great request,  
My prayer, that I might enter where Thou art.  
Call me, O call from this world troublesome,  
And let me see Thy face.' He answered, ' Come.'

*Here is the ending of the second dream.*

It is a frosty morning, keen and cold,  
Fast locked are silent mere and frozen stream,  
And snow lies sparkling on the desert wold ;  
With savoury morning meats they spread the board,  
But Justice Wilvermore will walk abroad.

'Bring me my cloak,' quoth he, as one in haste.  
'Before you breakfast, sir ?' his man replies.  
'Ay,' quoth he quickly, and he will not taste  
Of aught before him, but in urgent wise  
As he would fain some carking care allay,  
Across the frozen field he takes his way.

‘ A dream ! how strange that it should move me so,  
    ’T was but a dream,’ quoth Justice Wilvermore :  
‘ And yet I cannot peace nor pleasure know,  
    For ’wrongs I have not heeded heretofore ;  
Silver and gear the crone shall have of me,  
And dwell for life in yonder cottage free.

‘ For visions of the night are fearful things,  
    Remorse is dread, though merely in a dream ;  
I will not subject me to visitings  
    Of such a sort again. I will esteem  
My peace above my pride. From natures rude  
A little gold will buy me gratitude.

‘ The woman shall have leave to gather wood,  
    As much as she may need, the long year round ;  
She shall, I say—moreover, it were good  
    Yon other cottage roofs to render sound.  
Thus to my soul the ancient peace restore,  
And sleep at ease,’ quoth Justice Wilvermore.

With that he nears the door : a frosty rime  
    Is branching over it, and drifts are deep  
Against the wall. He knocks, and there is time—  
    (For none doth open)—time to list the sweep  
And whistle of the wind along the mere  
Through beds of stiffened reeds and rushes sere.

'If she be out, I have my pains for nought,'  
He saith, and knocks again, and yet once more,  
But to his ear nor step nor stir is brought ;  
And after pause, he doth unlatch the door  
And enter. No : she is not out, for see  
She sits asleep 'mid frost-work winterly.

Asleep, asleep before her empty grate,  
Asleep, asleep, albeit the landlord call.  
'What, dame,' he saith, and comes toward her  
straight,  
'Asleep so early !' But whate'er befall,  
She sleepeth ; then he nears her, and behold  
He lays a hand on hers, and it is cold.

Then doth the Justice to his home return ;  
From that day forth he wears a sadder brow ;  
His hands are opened, and his heart doth learn  
The patience of the poor. He made a vow  
And keeps it, for the old and sick have shared  
His gifts, their sordid homes he hath repaired.

And some he hath made happy, but for him  
Is happiness no more. He doth repent,  
And now the light of joy is waxen dim,  
Are all his hopes toward the Highest sent ;  
He looks for mercy, and he waits release  
Above, for this world doth not yield him peace.

Night after night, night after desolate night,  
Day after day, day after tedious day,  
Stands by his fire, and dulls its gleamy light,  
Paceth behind or meets him in the way ;  
Or shares the path by hedgerow, mere, or stream,  
The visitor that doomed him in his dream.



Thy kingdom come.  
I heard a Seer cry—‘ The wilderness,  
The solitary place,  
Shall yet be glad for Him, and He shall bless  
(Thy kingdom come) with His revealed face  
The forests ; they shall drop their precious gum,  
And shed for Him their balm : and He shall yield  
The grandeur of His speech to charm the field.


‘ Then all the soothèd winds shall drop to listen,  
(Thy kingdom come),  
Comforted waters waxen calm shall glisten  
With bashful tremblement beneath His smile :  
And Echo ever the while  
Shall take, and in her awful joy repeat,  
The laughter of His lips—(Thy kingdom come):  
And hills that sit apart shall be no longer dumb ;  
No, they shall shout and shout,  
Raining their lovely loyalty along the dewy plain:  
And valleys round about,

‘ And all the well contented land, made sweet  
    With flowers she opened at His feet,  
Shall answer ; shout and make the welkin ring  
And tell it to the stars, shout, shout, and sing ;  
    Her cup being full to the brim,  
    Her poverty made rich with Him,  
Her yearning satisfied to its utmost sum—  
Lift up thy voice, O earth, prepare thy song,  
    It shall not yet be long,  
Lift up, O earth, for He shall come again,  
Thy Lord ; and He shall reign, and He SHALL reign—  
    Thy kingdom come.’

## SONGS ON THE VOICES OF BIRDS

## INTRODUCTION.

## CHILD AND BOATMAN.

‘ARTIN, I wonder who makes all the songs.’

‘You do, sir?’

‘Yes, I wonder how they come.’

‘Well, boy, I wonder what you’ll wonder next!’

‘But somebody must make them?’

‘Sure enough.’

‘Does your wife know?’

‘She never said she did.’

‘You told me that she knew so many things.’

‘I said she was a London woman, sir,  
And a fine scholar, but I never said  
She knew about the songs.’

‘I wish she did.’

‘And I wish no such thing; she knows enough,  
She knows too much already. Look you now,  
This vessel’s off the stocks, a tidy craft.’

‘A schooner, Martin?’



‘No, boy, no ; a brig,  
Only she’s schooner-rigged—a lovely craft.’  
‘Is she for me ? O, thank you, Martin, dear.  
What shall I call her ?’

‘Well, sir, what you please.’  
‘Then write on her “The Eagle.”’

‘Bless the child !

Eagle ! why, you know nought of eagles, you.  
When we lay off the coast, up Canada way,  
And chanced to be ashore when twilight fell,  
That was the place for eagles ; bald they were,  
With eyes as yellow as gold.’

‘O, Martin, dear,  
Tell me about them.’

‘Tell ! there’s nought to tell,  
Only they snored o’ nights and frightened us.’  
‘Snored ?’

‘Ay, I tell you, snored ; they slept upright  
In the great oaks by scores ; as true as time,  
If I’d had aught upon my mind just then,  
I would n’t have walked that wood for unknown  
gold ;

It was most awful. When the moon was full,  
I’ve seen them fish at night, in the middle watch,  
When she got low. I’ve seen them plunge like  
stones,

And come up fighting with a fish as long,  
Ay, longer than my arm ; and they would sail—

When they had struck its life out—they would sail  
Over the deck, and show their fell, fierce eyes,  
And croon for pleasure, hug the prey, and speed  
Grand as a frigate on a wind.'

' My ship,  
She must be called " The Eagle " after these.  
And, Martin, ask your wife about the songs  
When you go in at dinner-time.'

' Not I.'

---

### THE NIGHTINGALE HEARD BY THE UNSATISFIED HEART.

WHEN in a May-day hush  
Chanteth the Missel-thrush,  
The harp o' the heart makes answer with murmurous  
stirs ;  
When Robin-redbreast sings,  
We think on budding springs,  
And Culvers when they coo are love's remembrancers.

But thou in the trance of light  
Stayest the feeding night,  
And Echo makes sweet her lips with the utterance  
wise,

And casts at our glad feet,  
In a wisp of fancies fleet,  
Life's fair, life's unfulfilled, impassioned prophecies.

Her central thought full well  
Thou hast the wit to tell,  
To take the sense o' the dark and to yield it so ;  
The moral of moon light  
To set in a cadence bright,  
And sing our loftiest dream that we thought none  
did know.

I have no nest as thou,  
Bird on the blossoming bough,  
Yet over thy tongue outfloweth the song o' my soul,  
Chanting, 'forego thy strife,  
The spirit out-acts the life,  
But MUCH is seldom theirs who can perceive THE  
WHOLE.

'Thou drawest a perfect lot  
All thine, but holden not,  
Lie low, at the feet of beauty that ever shall bide ;  
There might be sorer smart  
Than thine, far-seeing heart,  
Whose fate is still to yearn, and not be satisfied.'

## SAND MARTINS.

I PASSED an inland-cliff precipitate ;  
From tiny caves peeped many a sooty poll ;  
In each a mother-martin sat elate,  
And of the news delivered her small soul.

Fantastic chatter ! hasty, glad, and gay,  
Whereof the meaning was not ill to tell :  
' Gossip, how wags the world with you to-day ?'  
' Gossip, the world wags well, the world wags well.'

And heark'ning, I was sure their little ones  
Were in the bird-talk, and discourse was made  
Concerning hot sea-bights and tropic suns,  
For a clear sultriness the tune conveyed ;—

And visions of the sky as of a cup  
Hailing down light on pagan Pharaoh's sand,  
And quivering air-waves trembling up and up,  
And blank stone faces marvellously bland.

' When should the young be fledged and with them hie  
Where costly day drops down in crimson light ?  
(Fortunate countries of the firefly  
Swarm with blue diamonds all the sultry night,

‘ And the immortal moon takes turn with them).

When should they pass again by that red land,  
Where lovely mirage works a broidered hem  
To fringe with phantom-palms a robe of sand ?

‘ When should they dip their breasts again and play

In slumberous azure pools clear as the air,  
Where rosy-winged flamingos fish all day,  
Stalking amid the lotus blossom fair ?

‘ Then, over podded tamarinds bear their flight,

While cassias blossom in the zone of calms,  
And so betake them to a south sea-bight  
To gossip in the crowns of cocoa-palms

‘ Whose roots are in the spray. O, haply there

Some dawn, white-wingèd they might chance to  
find

A frigate standing in to make more fair

The loneliness unaltered of mankind.

‘ A frigate come to water : nuts would fall,

And nimble feet would climb the flower-flushed  
strand,

While northern talk would ring, and therewithal

The martins would desire the cool north land.

‘ And all would be as it had been before ;  
Again at eve there would be news to tell ;  
Who passed should hear them chant it o’er and o’er,  
“ Gossip, how wags the world ? ” “ Well, gossip,  
well.” ’

---

A POET IN HIS YOUTH, AND THE  
CUCKOO-BIRD.

ONCE upon a time, I lay  
Fast asleep at dawn of day ;  
Windows open to the south,  
Fancy pouting her sweet mouth  
To my ear.

She turned a globe  
In her slender hand, her robe  
Was all spangled ; and she said,  
As she sat at my bed’s head,  
‘ Poet, poet, what, asleep !  
Look ! the ray runs up the steep  
To your roof.’ Then in the golden  
Essence of romances olden,  
Bathed she my entrancèd heart.  
And she gave a hand to me,  
Drew me onward, ‘ Come ! ’ said she ;

And she moved with me apart,  
Down the lovely vale of Leisure.

Such its name was, I heard say,  
For some Fairies trooped that way ;  
Common people of the place,  
Taking their accustom'd pleasure,  
(All the clocks being stopped) to race  
Down the slope on palfreys fleet.  
Bridle bells made tinkling sweet ;  
And they said, 'What signified  
Faring home till eventide :  
There were pies on every shelf,  
And the bread would bake itself.'  
But for that I cared not, fed,  
As it were, with angels' bread,  
Sweet as honey ; yet next day  
All foredoomed to melt away ;  
Gone before the sun waxed hot,  
Melted manna that *was not*.

Rock-doves' poetry of plaint,  
Or the starling's courtship quaint ;  
Heart made much of, 't was a boon  
Won from silence, and too soon  
Wasted in the ample air :  
Building rooks far distant were.

Scarce at all would speak the rills,  
And I saw the idle hills,  
In their amber hazes deep,  
Fold themselves and go to sleep,  
Though it was not yet high noon.

Silence? Rather music brought  
From the spheres! As if a thought,  
Having taken wings, did fly  
Through the reaches of the sky.  
Silence? No, a sumptuous sigh  
That had found embodiment,  
That had come across the deep  
After months of wintry sleep,  
And with tender heavings went  
Floating up the firmament.

‘O,’ I mourned, half slumbering yet,  
‘’Tis the voice of *my* regret—  
*Mine!*’ and I awoke. Full sweet  
Saffron sunbeams did me greet;  
And the voice it spake again,  
Dropped from yon blue cup of light  
Or some cloudlet swan’s-down white  
On my soul, that drank full fain  
The sharp joy—the sweet pain—  
Of its clear, right innocent,  
Unreprovèd discontent.



How it came—where it went—  
Who can tell? The open blue  
Quivered with it, and I, too,  
Trembled. I remembered me  
Of the springs that used to be,  
When a dimpled white-haired child,  
Shy and tender and half wild,  
In the meadows I had heard  
Some way off the talking bird,  
And had felt it marvellous sweet,  
For it laughed: it did me greet,  
Calling me: yet, hid away  
In the woods, it would not play.  
No.

And all the world about,  
While a man will work or sing,  
Or a child pluck flowers of spring,  
Thou wilt scatter music out,  
Rouse him with thy wandering note,  
Changeful fancies set afloat,  
Almost tell with thy clear throat,  
But not quite—the wonder-rife,  
Most sweet riddle, dark and dim,  
That he searcheth all his life,  
Searcheth yet, and ne'er expoundeth;  
And so winnowing of thy wings,  
Touch and trouble his heart's strings,  
That a certain music soundeth

In that wondrous instrument,  
With a trembling upward sent,  
That is reckoned sweet above  
By the Greatness surnamed Love.

‘ O, I hear thee in the blue ;  
Would that I might wing it too !  
O to have what hope hath seen !  
O to be what might have been !

‘ O to set my life, sweet bird,  
To a tune that oft I heard  
When I used to stand alone  
Listening to the lovely moan  
Of the swaying pines o’erhead,  
While, a-gathering of bee-bread  
For their living, murmured round,  
As the pollen dropped to ground,  
All the nations from the hives ;  
And the little brooding wives  
On each nest, brown dusky things,  
Sat with gold-dust on their wings.  
Then beyond (more sweet than all)  
Talked the tumbling waterfall ;  
And there were, and there were not  
(As might fall, and form anew  
Bell-hung drops of honey-dew) .  
Echoes of—I know not what ;

As if some right-joyous elf,  
While about his own affairs,  
Whistled softly otherwheres.  
Nay, as if our mother dear,  
Wrapped in sun-warm atmosphere,  
Laughed a little to herself,  
Laughed a little as she rolled,  
Thinking on the days of old.

‘ Ah ! there be some hearts, I wis,  
To which nothing comes amiss.  
Mine was one. Much secret wealth  
I was heir to : and by stealth,  
When the moon was fully grown,  
And she thought herself alone,  
I have heard her, ay, right well,  
Shoot a silver message down  
To the unseen sentinel  
Of a still, snow-thatchèd town.

‘ Once, awhile ago, I peered  
In the nest where Spring was reared.  
There, she quivering her fair wings,  
Flattered March with chirrupings ;  
And they fed her ; nights and days,  
Fed her mouth with much sweet food,  
And her heart with love and praise,

Till the wild thing rose and flew  
Over woods and water-springs,  
Shaking off the morning dew  
In a rainbow from her wings.

‘ Once (I will to you confide  
More), O once in forest wide,  
I, benighted, overheard  
Marvellous mild echoes stirred,  
And a calling half defined,  
And an answering from afar ;  
Somewhat talkèd with a star,  
And the talk was of mankind.

“ Cuckoo, cuckoo ! ”

Float anear in upper blue :  
Art thou yet a prophet true ?  
Wilt thou say, “ And having seen  
Things that be, and have not been,  
Thou art free o’ the world, for nought  
Can despoil thee of thy thought ” ?  
Nay, but make me music yet,  
Bird, as deep as my regret,  
For a certain hope hath set,  
Like a star ; and left me heir  
To a crying for its light,  
An aspiring infinite,  
And a beautiful despair !

‘ Ah ! no more, no more, no more  
I shall lie at thy shut door,  
Mine ideal, my desired,  
Dreaming thou wilt open it,  
And step out, thou most admired,  
By my side to fare, or sit,  
Quenching hunger and all drouth  
With the wit of thy fair mouth,  
Showing me the wishèd prize  
In the calm of thy dove’s eyes,  
Teaching me the wonder-rife  
Majesties of human life,  
All its fairest possible sum,  
And the grace of its to come.

‘ What a difference ! Why of late  
All sweet music used to say,  
“ She will come, and with thee stay  
To-morrow, man, if not to-day.”  
Now it murmurs, “ Wait, wait, wait ! ” ’

---

## A RAVEN IN A WHITE CHINE.

I SAW when I looked up, on either hand,  
A pale high chalk-cliff, reared aloft in white ;  
A narrowing rent soon closed toward the land—  
Toward the sea, an open yawning bight.

The polished tide, with scarce a hint of blue,  
Washed in the bight ; above with angry moan  
A raven, that was robbed, sat up in view,  
Croaking and crying on a ledge alone.

‘ Stand on thy nest, spread out thy fateful wings,  
With sullen hungry love bemoan thy brood,  
For boys have wrung their necks, those imp-like things,  
Whose beaks dripped crimson daily at their food.

‘ Cry, thou black prophetess ! cry, and despair,  
None love thee, none ! Their father was thy foe,  
Whose father in his youth did know thy lair,  
And steal thy little demons long ago.

‘ Thou madest many childless for their sake,  
And picked out many eyes that loved the light.  
Cry, thou black prophetess ! sit up, awake,  
Forebode ; and ban them through the desolate night.’

Lo ! while I spake it, with a crimson hue  
The dipping sun endowed that silver flood,  
And all the cliffs flushed red, and up she flew,  
The bird, as mad to bathe in airy blood.

‘ Nay, thou may’st cry, the omen is not thine,  
Thou aged priestess of fell doom, and fate.  
It is not blood : thy gods are making wine,  
They spilt the must outside their city gate,

‘ And stained their azure pavement with the lees :  
They will not listen though thou cry aloud.  
Old Chance, thy dame, sits mumbling at her ease,  
Nor hears ; the fair hag, Luck, is in her shroud.

‘ They heed not, they withdraw the sky-hung sign :  
Thou hast no charm against the favourite race ;  
Thy gods pour out for it, not blood, but wine :  
There is no justice in their dwelling-place !

‘ Safe in their father’s house the boys shall rest,  
Though thy fell brood doth stark and silent lie ;  
Their unborn sons may yet despoil thy nest :  
Cry, thou black prophetess ! lift up ! cry, cry.’

---

## THE WARBLING OF BLACKBIRDS.

WHEN I hear the waters fretting,  
When I see the chestnut letting  
All her lovely blossom falter down, I think, 'Alas  
the day!'

Once with magical sweet singing,  
Blackbirds set the woodland ringing,  
That awakes no more while April hours wear them-  
selves away.

In our hearts fair hope lay smiling,  
Sweet as air, and all beguiling ;  
And there hung a mist of bluebells on the slope and  
down the dell ;  
And we talked of joy and splendour  
That the years unborn would render,  
And the blackbirds helped us with the story, for they  
knew it well.

Piping, fluting, ' Bees are humming,  
April's here, and summer's coming ;  
Do n't forget us when you walk, a man with men, in  
pride and joy ;  
Think on us in alleys shady,  
When you step a graceful lady ;  
For no fairer day have we to hope for, little girl  
and boy.



‘ Laugh and play, O lispings waters,  
Lull our downy sons and daughters ;  
Come, O wind, and rock their leafy cradle in thy  
wanderings coy ;  
When they wake we ’ll end the measure  
With a wild sweet cry of pleasure,  
And a “ Hey down derry, let ’s be merry ! little girl  
and boy ! ” ’

---

## SEA MEWS IN WINTER TIME.

I WALKED beside a dark grey sea,  
And said, ‘ O world, how cold thou art !  
Thou poor white world, I pity thee,  
For joy and warmth from thee depart.

‘ Yon rising wave licks off the snow,  
Winds on the crag each other chase,  
In little powdery whirls they blow  
The misty fragments down its face.

‘ The sea is cold, and dark its rim,  
Winter sits cowering on the wold,  
And I beside this watery brim,  
Am also lonely, also cold.’

I spoke, and drew toward a rock,  
Where many mews made twittering sweet;  
Their wings upreared, the clustering flock  
Did pat the sea-grass with their feet.

A rock but half submerged, the sea  
Ran up and washed it while they fed;  
Their fond and foolish ecstasy  
A wondering in my fancy bred.

Joy companied with every cry,  
Joy in their food, in that keen wind,  
That heaving sea, that shaded sky,  
And in themselves, and in their kind.

The phantoms of the deep at play!  
What idless graced the twittering things;  
Luxurious paddlings in the spray,  
And delicate lifting up of wings.

Then all at once a flight, and fast  
The lovely crowd flew out to sea;  
If mine own life had been recast,  
Earth had not looked more changed to me.

‘Where is the cold? Yon clouded skies  
Have only dropt their curtains low  
To shade the old mother where she lies  
Sleeping a little, ’neath the snow.

‘The cold is not in crag, nor scar,  
Not in the snows that lap the lea,  
Not in yon wings that beat afar,  
Delighting, on the crested sea;

‘No, nor in yon exultant wind  
That shakes the oak and bends the pine.  
Look near, look in, and thou shalt find  
No sense of cold, fond fool, but thine!’

With that I felt the gloom depart,  
And thoughts within me did unfold,  
Whose sunshine warmed me to the heart—  
I walked in joy, and was not cold.

## LAURANCE.

## I

**H**E knew she did not love him ; but so long  
 As rivals were unknown to him, he dwelt  
 At ease, and did not find his love a pain.

He had much deference in his nature, need  
 To honour—it became him ; he was frank,  
 Fresh, hardy, of a joyous mind, and strong—  
 Looked all things straight in the face. So when she  
       came

Before him first, he looked at her, and looked  
 No more, but coloured to his healthful brow,  
 And wished himself a better man, and thought  
 On certain things, and wished they were undone,  
 Because her girlish innocence, the grace  
 Of her unblemished pureness, wrought in him  
 A longing and aspiring, and a shame  
 To think how wicked was the world—that world  
 Which he must walk in—while from her (and such  
 As she was) it was hidden ; there was made  
 A clean path, and the girl moved on like one  
 In some enchanted ring.

In his young heart  
She reigned, with all the beauties that she had,  
And all the virtues that he rightly took  
For granted; there he set her with her crown,  
And at her first enthronement he turned out  
Much that was best away, for unaware  
His thoughts grew noble. She was always there  
And knew it not, and he grew like to her  
And like to what he thought her.

Now he dwelt  
With kin that loved him well—two fine old folk,  
A rich, right honest yeoman, and his dame—  
Their only grandson he, their pride, their heir.

To these, one daughter had been born, one child,  
And as she grew to woman, 'Look,' they said,  
'She must not leave us; let us build a wing,  
With cheerful rooms and wide, to our old grange;  
There may she dwell, with her good man, and all  
God sends them.' Then the girl in her first youth  
Married a curate—handsome, poor in purse,  
Of gentle blood and manners, and he lived  
Under her father's roof as they had planned.

Full soon, for happy years are short, they filled  
The house with children; four were born to them.  
Then came a sickly season; fever spread

Among the poor. The curate, never slack  
In duty, praying by the sick, or worse,  
Burying the dead, when all the air was clogged  
With poisonous mist, was stricken ; long he lay  
Sick, almost to the death, and when his head  
He lifted from the pillow, there was left  
One only of that pretty flock : his girls,  
His three, were cold beneath the sod ; his boy,  
Their eldest born, remained.

The drooping wife

Bore her great sorrow in such quiet wise,  
That first they marvelled at her, then they tried  
To rouse her, showing her their bitter grief,  
Lamenting, and not sparing ; but she sighed,  
' Let me alone, it will not be for long.'  
Then did her mother tremble, murmuring out,  
' Dear child, the best of comfort will be soon.  
O, when you see this other little face,  
You will, please God, be comforted.'

She said,

' I shall not live to see it ;' but she did—  
A little sickly face, a wan, thin face.  
Then she grew eager, and her eyes were bright  
When she would plead with them, ' Take me away,  
Let me go south ; it is the bitter blast  
That chills my tender babe ; she cannot thrive  
Under the desolate, dull, mournful cloud.'  
Then all they journeyed south together, mute

With past and coming sorrow, till the sun,  
In gardens edging the blue tideless main,  
Warmed them and calmed the aching at their hearts,  
And all went better for awhile ; but not  
For long. They sitting by the orange trees  
Once rested, and the wife was very still :  
A woman with narcissus flowers heaped up  
Let down her basket from her head, but paused  
With pitying gesture, and drew near and stooped,  
Taking a white wild face upon her breast—  
The little babe on its poor mother's knees,  
None marking it, none knowing else, had died.

The fading mother could not stay behind,  
Her heart was broken ; but it awed them most  
To feel they must not, dared not, pray for life,  
Seeing she longed to go, and went so gladly.

After, these three, who loved each other well,  
Brought their one child away, and they were best  
Together in the wide old grange. Full oft  
The father with the mother talked of her,  
Their daughter, but the husband never more ;  
He looked for solace in his work, and gave  
His mind to teach his boy. And time went on,  
Until the grandsire prayed those other two  
' Now part with him ; it must be ; for his good :  
He rules and knows it ; choose for him a school,

Let him have all advantages, and all  
Good training that should make a gentleman.'

With that they parted from their boy, and lived  
Longing between his holidays, and time  
Sped ; he grew on till he had eighteen years.  
His father loved him, wished to make of him  
Another parson ; but the farmer's wife  
Murmured at that—'No, no, they learned bad ways,  
They ran in debt at college ; she had heard  
That many rued the day they sent their boys  
To college : ' and between the two broke in  
His grandsire, ' Find a sober, honest man,  
A scholar, for our lad should see the world  
While he is young, that he may marry young.  
He will not settle and be satisfied  
Till he has run about the world awhile.  
Good lack, I longed to travel in my youth,  
And had no chance to do it. Send him off,  
A sober man being found to trust him with,  
One with the fear of God before his eyes.'  
And he prevailed ; the careful father chose  
A tutor, young—the worthy matron thought—  
In truth, not ten years older than her boy,  
And glad as he to range, and keen for snows,  
Desert, and ocean. And they made strange choice  
Of where to go, left the sweet day behind,  
And pushed up north in whaling ships, to feel



What cold was, see the blowing whale come up,  
And Arctic creatures, while a scarlet sun  
Went round and round, crowd on the clear blue berg.

Then did the trappers have them ; and they heard  
Nightly the whistling calls of forest-men  
That mocked the forest winners ; and they saw  
Over the open, raging up like doom,  
The dangerous dust-cloud, that was full of eyes—  
The bisons. So were three years gone like one ;  
And the old cities drew them for awhile,  
Great mothers, by the Tiber and the Seine ;  
They have hid many sons hard by their seats,  
But all the air is stirring with them still,  
The waters murmur of them, skies at eve  
Are stained with their rich blood, and every sound  
Means men.

At last, the fourth year running out,  
The youth came home. And all the cheerful house  
Was decked in fresher colours, and the dame  
Was full of joy. But in the father's heart  
Abode a painful doubt. ' It is not well ;  
He cannot spend his life with dog and gun.  
I do not care that my one son should sleep  
Merely for keeping him in breath, and wake  
Only to ride to cover.'

Not the less  
The grandsire ponder'd. ' Ay, the boy must WORK

Or SPEND ; and I must let him spend ; just stay  
Awhile with us, and then from time to time  
Have leave to be away with those fine folk  
With whom, these many years, at school, and now,  
During his sojourn in the foreign towns,  
He has been made familiar.' Thus a month  
Went by. They liked the stirring ways of youth,  
The quick elastic step, and joyous mind,  
Ever expectant of it knew not what,  
But something higher than has e'er been born  
Of easy slumber and sweet competence.  
And as for him—the while they thought and thought  
A comfortable instinct let him know  
How they had waited for him, to complete  
And give a meaning to their lives ; and still  
At home, but with a sense of newness there,  
And frank and fresh as in the schoolboy days,  
He oft—invading of his father's haunts,  
The study where he passed the silent morn—  
Would sit, devouring with a greedy joy  
The piled-up books, uncut as yet ; or wake  
To guide with him by night the tube, and search,  
Ay, think to find new stars ; then risen betimes,  
Would ride about the farm, and list the talk  
Of his hale grandsire.

But a day came round,  
When, after peering in his mother's room,  
Shaded and shuttered from the light, he oped

A door, and found the rosy grandmother  
Ensnconced and happy in her special pride,  
Her store-room. She was corking syrups rare,  
And fruits all sparkling in a crystal coat.  
Here after choice of certain cates well known,  
He, sitting on her bacon-chest at ease,  
Sang as he watched her, till right suddenly,  
As if a new thought came, 'Goody,' quoth he,  
'What, think you, do they want to do with me?  
What have they planned for me that I should  
do?'

'Do, laddie! quoth she faltering, half in tears;  
'Are you not happy with us, not content?  
Why would ye go away? There is no need  
That ye should do at all. O, bide at home.  
Have we not plenty?'

'Even so,' he said;

'I did not wish to go.'

'Nay, then,' quoth she,

'Be idle; let me see your blessed face.

What, is the horse your father chose for you  
Not to your mind? He is? Well, well, remain;  
Do as you will, so you but do it here.  
You shall not want for money.'

But, his arms

Folding, he sat and twisted up his mouth  
With comical discomfiture.

‘What, then,’

She sighed, ‘what is it, child, that you would like?’

‘Why,’ said he, ‘farming.’

And she looked at him,

Fond, foolish woman that she was, to find

Some fitness in the worker for the work,

And she found none. A certain grace there was

Of movement, and a beauty in the face,

Sun-browned and healthful beauty that had come

From his grave father; and she thought, ‘Good lack,

A farmer! he is fitter for a duke.

He walks; why, how he walks! if I should meet

One like him, whom I knew not, I should ask,

And who may that be?’ So the foolish thought

Found words. Quoth she, half laughing, half ashamed,

‘We planned to make of you—a gentleman.’

And with engaging sweet audacity

She thought it nothing less,—he, looking up,

With a smile in his blue eyes, replied to her,

‘And hav’n’t you done it?’ Quoth she, lovingly,

‘I think we have, laddie; I think we have.’

‘Then,’ quoth he, ‘I may do what best I like;

It makes no matter. Goody, you were wise

To help me in it, and to let me farm;

I think of getting into mischief else!’

‘No! do ye, laddie?’ quoth the dame, and laughed.

‘ But ask my grandfather,’ the youth went on,  
‘ To let me have the farm he bought last year,  
The little one, to manage. I like land ;  
I want some.’ And she, womanlike, gave way  
Convinced ; and promised, and made good her word,  
And that same night upon the matter spoke,  
In presence of the father and the son.

‘ Roger,’ quoth she, ‘ our Laurance wants to farm ;  
‘ I think he might do worse.’ The father sat  
Mute but right glad. The grandson breaking in,  
Set all his wish and his ambition forth ;  
But cunningly the old man hid his joy,  
And made conditions with a faint demur.  
Then pausing, ‘ Let your father speak,’ quoth he ;  
‘ I am content if he is : ’ at his word  
The parson took him, ay, and, parson like,  
Put a religious meaning in the work,  
Man’s earliest work, and wished his son God speed.

## II

Thus all were satisfied, and day by day,  
For two sweet years a happy course was theirs ;  
Happy, but yet the fortunate, the young  
Loved, and much cared-for, entered on his strife—  
A stirring of the heart, a quickening keen  
Of sight and hearing to the delicate

Beauty and music of an altered world ;  
Began to walk in that mysterious light  
Which doth reveal and yet transform ; which gives  
Destiny, sorrow, youth, and death, and life,  
Intenser meaning ; in disquieting  
Lifts up ; a shining light : men call it Love.

Fair, modest eyes had she, the girl he loved ;  
A silent creature, thoughtful, grave, sincere.  
She never turned from him with sweet caprice,  
Nor changing moved his soul to troublous hope,  
Nor dropped for him her heavy lashes low,  
But excellent in youthful grace came up ;  
And ere his words were ready, passing on,  
Had left him all a-tremble ; yet made sure  
That by her own true will, and fixed intent,  
She held him thus remote. Therefore, albeit  
He knew she did not love him, yet so long  
As of a rival unaware, he dwelt  
All in the present, without fear, or hope,  
Enthralled and whelmed in the deep sea of love,  
And could not get his head above its wave  
To search the far horizon, or to mark  
Whereto it drifted him.

So long, so long ;  
Then, on a sudden, came the ruthless fate,  
Showed him a bitter truth, and brought him bale  
All in the tolling out of noon.

'T was thus :

Snow-time was come ; it had been snowing hard ;  
Across the churchyard path he walked ; the clock  
Began to strike, and, as he passed the porch,  
Half turning, through a sense that came to him  
As of some presence in it, he beheld  
His love, and she had come for shelter there ;  
And all her face was fair with rosy bloom,  
The blush of happiness ; and one held up  
Her ungloved hand in both his own, and stooped  
Toward it, sitting by her. O her eyes  
Were full of peace and tender light : they looked  
One moment in the ungraced lover's face  
While he was passing in the snow ; and he  
Received the story, while he raised his hat  
Retiring. Then the clock left off to strike,  
And that was all. It snowed, and he walked on ;  
And in a certain way he marked the snow,  
And walked, and came upon the open heath ;  
And in a certain way he marked the cold,  
And walked as one that had no starting-place  
Might walk, but not to any certain goal.

And he strode on toward a hollow part,  
Where from the hillside gravel had been dug,  
And he was conscious of a cry, and went  
Dulled in his sense, as though he heard it not ;  
Till a small farmhouse drudge, a half-grown girl,

Rose from the shelter of a drift that lay  
Against the bushes, crying, ' God ! O God,  
O my good God, He sends us help at last.'

Then looking hard upon her, came to him  
The power to feel and to perceive. Her teeth  
Chattered, and all her limbs with shuddering failed,  
And in her threadbare shawl was wrapped a child  
That looked on him with wondering, wistful eyes.

' I thought to freeze,' the girl broke out with tears ;  
' Kind sir, kind sir,' and she held out the child,  
As praying him to take it ; and he did ;  
And gave to her the shawl, and swathed his charge  
In the foldings of his plaid ; and when it thrust  
Its small round face against his breast, and felt  
With small red hands for warmth,—unbearable  
Pains of great pity rent his straitened heart,  
For the poor upland dwellers had been out  
Since morning dawn, at early milking time,  
Wandering and stumbling in the drift. And now,  
Lamed with a fall, half crippled by the cold,  
Hardly prevailed his arm to drag her on,  
That ill-clad child, who yet the younger child  
Had motherly cared to shield. So toiling through  
The great white storm coming, and coming yet,  
And coming till the world confounded sat  
With all her fair familiar features gone,



The mountains muffled in an eddying swirl,  
He led or bore them, and the little one  
Peered from her shelter, pleased ; but oft would  
mourn

The elder, ' They will beat me : O my can,  
I left my can of milk upon the moor.'  
And he compared her trouble with his own,  
And had no heart to speak. And yet 't was keen ;  
It filled her to the putting down of pain  
And hunger—what could his do more ?

He brought

The children to their home, and suddenly  
Regained himself, and wondering at himself,  
That he had borne, and yet been dumb so long,  
The weary wailing of the girl : he paid  
Money to buy her pardon ; heard them say,  
' Peace, we have feared for you ; forget the milk,  
It is no matter ! ' and went forth again  
And waded in the snow, and quietly  
Considered in his patience what to do  
With all the dull remainder of his days.

With dusk he was at home, and felt it good  
To hear his kindred talking, for it broke  
A mocking endless echo in his soul,  
' It is no matter ! ' and he could not choose  
But mutter, though the weariness o'ercame  
His spirit, ' Peace, it is no matter ; peace,

It is no matter ! ' For he felt that all  
Was as it had been, and his father's heart  
Was easy, knowing not how that same day  
Hope with her tender colours and delight  
(He should not care to have him know) were dead ;  
Yea, to all these, his nearest and most dear,  
It was no matter. And he heard them talk  
Of timber felled, of certain fruitful fields,  
And profitable markets.

All for him

Their plans, and yet the echoes swarmed and swam  
About his head, whenever there was pause ;  
It is no matter ! ' And his greater self  
Arose in him and fought. ' It matters much,  
It matters all to these, that not to-day  
Nor ever they should know it. I will hide  
The wound ; ay, hide it with a sleepless care.  
What ! shall I make these three to drink of rue,  
Because my cup is bitter ? ' And he thrust  
Himself in thought away, and made his ears  
Hearken, and caused his voice, that yet did seem  
Another, to make answer, when they spoke,  
As there had been no snowstorm, and no porch,  
And no despair.

So this went on awhile  
Until the snow had melted from the wold,  
And he, one noonday, wandering up a lane,  
Met on a turn the woman whom he loved.



‘Farewell,’ he said,  
Recovering words, and when she gave her hand,  
‘My thanks for your good candour; for I feel  
That it has cost you something.’ Then, the blush  
Yet on her face, she said: ‘It was your due:  
But keep this matter from your friends and kin,  
We would not have it known.’ Then cold and  
proud,

Because there leaped from under his straight lids,  
And instantly was veiled, a keen surprise—  
‘He wills it, and I therefore think it well.’  
Thereon they parted; but from that time forth,  
Whether they met on festal eve, in field,  
Or at the church, she ever bore herself  
Proudly, for she had felt a certain pain,  
The disapproval hastily betrayed  
And quickly hidden hurt her. ‘’T was a grace,’  
She thought, ‘to tell this man the thing he asked,  
And he rewards me with surprise. I like  
No one’s surprise, and least of all bestowed  
Where he bestowed it.’

But the spring came on:  
Looking to wed in April, all her thoughts  
Grew loving; she would fain the world had waxed  
More happy with her happiness, and oft  
Walking among the flowery woods she felt  
Their loveliness reach down into her heart,  
And knew with them the ecstasies of growth,

The rapture that was satisfied with light,  
The pleasure of the leaf in exquisite  
Expansion, through the lovely longed-for spring.

And as for him—(Some narrow hearts there are  
That suffer blight when that they fed upon  
As something to complete their being fails,  
And they retire into their holds and pine,  
And long restrained grow stern. But some there  
are

That in a sacred want and hunger rise,  
And draw the misery home and live with it,  
And excellent in honour wait, and will  
That somewhat good should yet be found in it,  
Else wherefore were they born? )—and as for him,  
He loved her, but his peace and welfare made  
The sunshine of three lives. The cheerful grange  
Threw open wide its hospitable doors  
And drew in guests for him. The garden flowers,  
Sweet budding wonders, all were set for him.  
In him the eyes at home were satisfied,  
And if he did but laugh the ear approved.

What then? He dwelt among them as of old,  
And taught his mouth to smile.

And time went on,  
Till on a morning, when the perfect spring  
Rested among her leaves, he journeying home

After short sojourn in a neighbouring town,  
Stopped at the little station on the line  
That ran between his woods ; a lonely place  
And quiet, and a woman and a child  
Got out. He noted them, but walking on  
Quickly, went back into the wood, impelled  
By hope, for, passing, he had seen his love,  
And she was sitting on a rustic seat  
That overlooked the line, and he desired  
With longing indescribable to look  
Upon her face again. And he drew near.  
She was right happy ; she was waiting there.  
He felt that she was waiting for her lord.  
She cared no whit if Laurance went or stayed,  
But answered when he spoke, and dropped her cheek  
In her fair hand.

And he, not able yet  
To force himself away, and never more  
Behold her, gathered blossom, primrose flowers,  
And wild anemone, for many a clump  
Grew all about him, and the hazel rods  
Were nodding with their catkins. But he heard  
The stopping train, and felt that he must go ;  
His time was come. There was nought else to do  
Or hope for. With the blossom he drew near,  
And would have had her take it from his hand ;  
But she, half-lost in thought, held out her own,  
And then remembering him and his long love,

She said, 'I thank you ; pray you now forget,  
Forget me, Laurance,' and her lovely eyes  
Softened ; but he was dumb, till through the trees  
Suddenly broke upon their quietude  
The woman and her child. And Muriel said,  
'What will you ?' She made answer quick and  
keen,  
'Your name, my lady ; 't is your name I want,  
Tell me your name.' Not startled, not displeased,  
But with a musing sweetness on her mouth,  
As if considering in how short a while  
It would be changed, she lifted up her face  
And gave it, and the little child drew near  
And pulled her gown, and prayed her for the flowers.  
Then Laurance, not content to leave them so,  
Nor yet to wait the coming lover, spoke,  
'Your errand with this lady ?'—'And your right  
To ask it ?' she broke out with sudden heat  
And passion : 'What is that to you ? Poor child !  
Madam !' And Muriel lifted up her face  
And looked,—they looked into each other's eyes.

That man who comes,' the clear-voiced woman cried,  
That man with whom you think to wed so soon,  
You must not heed him. What ! the world is full  
Of men, and some are good, and most, God knows,  
Better than he,—that I should say it !—far

Better.' And down her face the large tears ran,  
And Muriel's wild dilated eyes looked up,  
Taking a terrible meaning from her words ;  
And Laurance stared about him half in doubt  
If this were real, for all things were so blithe,  
And soft air tossed the little flowers about ;  
The child was singing, and the blackbirds piped,  
Glad in fair sunshine. And the women both  
Were quiet, gazing in each other's eyes.

He found his voice, and spoke : ' This is not well,  
Though whom you speak of should have done you  
wrong ;  
A man that could desert and plan to wed  
Will not his purpose yield to God and right,  
Only to law. You, whom I pity so much,  
If you be come this day to urge a claim,  
You will not tell me that your claim will hold ;  
'T is only, if I read aright, the old,  
Sorrowful, hateful story !'

Muriel sighed,  
With a dull patience that he marvelled at,  
' Be plain with me. I know not what to think,  
Unless you are his wife. Are you his wife ?  
Be plain with me.' And all too quietly,  
With running down of tears, the answer came,  
' Ay, madam, ay ! the worse for him and me.'



Then Muriel heard her lover's foot anear,  
And cried upon him with a bitter cry,  
Sharp and despairing. And those two stood back,  
With such affright, and violent anger stirred  
He broke from out the thicket to her side,  
Not knowing. But, her hands before her face,  
She sat ; and, stepping close, that woman came  
And faced him. Then said Muriel, ' O my heart,  
Herbert ! '—and he was dumb, and ground his teeth,  
And lifted up his hand and looked at it,  
And at the woman ; but a man was there  
Who whirled her from her place, and thrust himself  
Between them ; he was strong—a stalwart man :  
And Herbert thinking on it, knew his name.  
' What good,' quoth he, ' though you and I should  
strive

And wrestle all this April day ? A word,  
And not a blow, is what these women want :  
Master yourself, and say it.' But he, weak  
With passion and great anguish, flung himself  
Upon the seat and cried, ' O lost, my love !  
O Muriel, Muriel ! ' And the woman spoke,  
Sir, ' t was an evil day you wed with me ;  
And you were young ; I know it, sir, right well.  
Sir, I have worked ; I have not troubled you,  
Not for myself, nor for your child. I know  
We are not equal.' ' Hold ! ' he cried ; ' have done  
Your still, tame words are worse than hate or scorn.

Get from me ! Ay, my wife, my wife, indeed !  
All's done. You hear it, Muriel, if you can,  
O sweet, forgive me.'

Then the woman moved  
Slowly away : her little singing child  
Went in her wake : and Muriel dropped her hands,  
And sat before these two that loved her so,  
Mute and unheeding. There were angry words,  
She knew, but yet she could not hear the words ;  
And afterwards the man she loved stooped down  
And kissed her forehead once, and then withdrew  
To look at her, and with a gesture pray  
Her pardon. And she tried to speak, but failed,  
And presently, and soon, Oh,—he was gone.

She heard him go, and Laurance, still as stone,  
Remained beside her ; and she put her hand  
Before her face again, and afterward  
She heard a voice, as if a long way off,  
Some one entreated, but she could not heed.  
Thereon he drew her hand away, and raised  
Her passive from her seat. So then she knew  
That he would have her go with him, go home—  
It was not far to go—a dreary home.  
A crippled aunt, of birth and lineage high,  
Had in her youth, and for a place and home,  
Married the stern old rector ; and the girl  
Dwelt with them : she was orphaned—had no kin

Nearer than they. And Laurance brought her in,  
And spared to her the telling of this woe.  
He sought her kindred where they sat apart,  
And laid before them all the cruel thing,  
As he had seen it. After, he retired :  
And restless, and not master of himself,  
He day and night haunted the rectory lanes ;  
And all things, even to the spreading out  
Of leaves, their flickering shadows on the ground,  
Or sailing of the slow, white cloud, or peace  
And glory and great light on mountain heads,—  
All things were leagued against him—ministered  
By likeness or by contrast to his love.

But what was that to Muriel, though her peace  
He would have purchased for her with all prayers,  
And costly, passionate, despairing tears ?  
O what to her that he should find it worse  
To bear her life's undoing than his own ?

She let him see her, and she made no moan,  
But talked full calmly of indifferent things,  
Which when he heard, and marked the faded  
eyes

And lovely wasted cheek, he started up  
With 'This I cannot bear !' and shamed to feel  
His manhood giving way, and utterly  
Subdued by her sweet patience and his pain,

Made haste and from the window sprang, and paced,  
Battling and chiding with himself, the maze.

She suffered, and he could not make her well  
For all his loving ;—he was nought to her.  
And now his passionate nature, set astir,  
Fought with the pain that could not be endured ;  
And like a wild thing suddenly aware  
That it is caged, which flings and bruises all  
Its body at the bars, he rose, and raged  
Against the misery : then he made all worse  
With tears. But when he came to her again,  
Willing to talk as they had talked before,  
She sighed, and said, with that strange quietness,  
' I know you have been crying : ' and she bent  
Her own fair head and wept.

She felt the cold—

The freezing cold that deadened all her life—  
Give way a little ; for this passionate  
Sorrow, and all for her, relieved her heart,  
And brought some natural warmth, some natural  
tears.

### III

And after that, though oft he sought her door,  
He might not see her. First they said to him,  
' She is not well ; ' and afterwards, ' Her wish  
Is ever to be quiet.' Then in haste

They took her from the place, because so fast  
She faded. As for him, though youth and strength  
Can bear the weight as of a world, at last  
The burden of it tells,—he heard it said,  
When autumn came, ‘The poor sweet thing will die :  
That shock was mortal.’ And he cared no more  
To hide, if yet he could have hidden, the blight  
That was laying waste his heart. He journeyed  
south

To Devon, where she dwelt with other kin,  
Good, kindly women ; and he wrote to them,  
Praying that he might see her ere she died.

So in her patience she permitted him  
To be about her, for it eased his heart ;  
And as for her that was to die so soon,  
What did it signify ? She let him weep  
Some passionate tears beside her couch, she spoke  
Pitying words, and then they made him go.  
It was enough, they said, her time was short,  
And he had seen her. He HAD seen, and felt  
The bitterness of death ; but he went home,  
Being satisfied in that great longing now,  
And able to endure what might befall.

And Muriel lay, and faded with the year ;  
She lay at the door of death, that opened not  
To take her in ; for when the days once more

Began a little to increase, she felt—  
And it was sweet to her, she was so young—  
She felt a longing for the time of flowers,  
And dreamed that she was walking in that wood  
With her two feet among the primroses.

Then when the violet opened, she rose up  
And walked : the tender leaf and tender light  
Did solace her ; but she was white and wan,  
The shadow of that Muriel, in the wood  
Who listened to those deadly words.

And now

Empurpled seas began to blush and bloom,  
Doves made sweet moaning, and the guelder rose  
In a great stillness dropped, and ever dropped,  
Her wealth about her feet, and there it lay,  
And drifted not at all. The lilac spread  
Odorous essence round her ; and full oft,  
When Muriel felt the warmth her pulses cheer,  
She, faded, sat among the Maytide bloom,  
And with a reverent quiet in her soul,  
Took back—it was His will—her time, and sat  
Learning again to live.

Thus as she sat

Upon a day, she was aware of one  
Who at a distance marked her. This again  
Another day, and she was vexed, for yet  
She longed for quiet ; but she heard a foot

Pass once again, and beckoned through the trees.  
'Laurance !' And all impatient of unrest  
And strife, ay, even of the sight of them,  
When he drew near, with tired, tired lips,  
As if her soul upbraided him, she said,  
'Why have you done this thing ?' He answered her,  
'I am not always master in the fight :  
I could not help it.'

'What !' she sighed, 'not yet !  
Oh, I am sorry ;' and she talked to him  
As one who looked to live, imploring him—  
'Try to forget me. Let your fancy dwell  
Elsewhere, nor me enrich with it so long ;  
It wearies me to think of this your love.  
Forget me !'

He made answer, 'I will try :  
The task will take me all my life to learn,  
Or were it learned, I know not how to live ;  
This pain is part of life and being now—  
. It is myself ; but yet—but I will try.'  
Then she spoke friendly to him—of his home,  
His father, and the old, brave, loving folk ;  
She bade him think of them. And not her words,  
But having seen her, satisfied his heart.  
He left her, and went home to live his life,  
And all the summer heard it said of her,  
'Yet, she grows stronger ;' but when autumn came  
Again she drooped.

A bitter thing it is  
To lose at once the lover and the love ;  
For who receiveth not may yet keep life  
In the spirit with bestowal. But for her,  
This Muriel, all was gone. The man she loved,  
Not only from her present had withdrawn,  
But from her past, and there was no such man,  
There never had been.

He was not as one  
Who takes love in, like some sweet bird, and holds  
The wingèd fluttering stranger to his breast,  
Till, after transient stay, all unaware  
It leaves him : it has flown. No ; this may live  
In memory—loved till death. He was not vile ;  
For who by choice would part with that pure bird,  
And lose the exaltation of its song ?  
He had not strength of will to keep it fast,  
Nor warmth of heart to keep it warm, nor life  
Of thought to make the echo sound for him  
After the song was done. Pity that man :  
His music is all flown, and he forgets  
The sweetness of it, till at last he thinks  
'T was no great matter. But he was not vile,  
Only a thing to pity most in man,  
Weak—only poor, and, if he knew it, undone.  
But Herbert ! When she mused on it, her soul  
Would fain have hidden him for evermore,  
Even from herself : so pure of speech, so frank,



So full of household kindness. Ah, so good  
And true! A little, she had sometimes thought,  
Despondent for himself, but strong of faith  
In God, and faith in her, this man had seemed.

Ay, he was gone! and she whom he had wed,  
As Muriel learned, was sick, was poor, was sad.  
And Muriel wrote to comfort her, and send,  
From her small store, money to help her need,  
With, 'Pray you keep it secret.' Then the whole  
Of the cruel tale was told.

What more? She died.

Her kin, profuse of thanks, not bitterly,  
Wrote of the end. 'Our sister fain had seen  
Her husband; prayed him sore to come. But no.  
And then she prayed him that he would forgive,  
Madam, her breaking of the truth to you.  
Dear madam, he was angry, yet we think  
He might have let her see, before she died,  
The words she wanted, but he did not write  
Till she was gone—"I neither can forgive,  
Nor would I if I could."'

'Patience, my heart!

And this, then, is the man I loved!'

But yet

He sought a lower level, for he wrote  
Telling the story with a different hue,  
Telling of freedom. He desired to come,

‘For now,’ said he, ‘O love, may all be well.’  
And she rose up against it in her soul,  
For she despised him. And with passionate tears  
Of shame, she wrote, and only wrote these words—  
‘Herbert, I will not see you.’

Then she drooped  
Again ; it is so bitter to despise ;  
And all her strength, when autumn leaves down  
dropped,  
Fell from her. ‘Ah !’ she thought, ‘I rose up once,  
I cannot rise up now ; here is the end.’  
And all her kinsfolk thought, ‘It is the end.’

But when that other heard, ‘It is the end,’  
His heart was sick, and he, as by a power  
Far stronger than himself, was driven to her.  
Reason rebelled against it, but his will  
Required it of him with a craving strong  
As life, and passionate though hopeless pain.

She, when she saw his face, considered him  
Full quietly, let all excuses pass  
Not answered, and considered yet again.

‘He had heard that she was sick ; what could he do  
But come, and ask her pardon that he came ?’  
What could he do, indeed ?—a weak white girl  
Held all his heartstrings in her small white hand ;

His youth, and power, and majesty were hers,  
And not his own.

She looked, and pitied him,  
Then spoke : ' He loves me with a love that lasts.  
Ah, me ! that I might get away from it,  
Or, better, hear it said that love is NOT,  
And then I could have rest. My time is short,  
I think, so short.' And roused against himself  
In stormy wrath, that it should be his doom  
Her to disquiet whom he loved ; ay, her  
For whom he would have given all his rest,  
If there were any left to give ; he took  
Her words up bravely, promising once more  
Absence, and praying pardon ; but some tears  
Dropped quietly upon her cheek.

' Remain,'

She said, ' for there is something to be told,  
Some words that you must hear.

And first hear this :

God has been good to me ; you must not think  
That I despair. There is a quiet time  
Like evening in my soul. I have no heart,  
For cruel Herbert killed it long ago,  
And death strides on. Sit, then, and give your  
mind

To listen, and your eyes to look at me.  
Look at my face, Laurance, how white it is ;  
Look at my hand—my beauty is all gone.'

And Laurance lifted up his eyes ; he looked,  
But answered, from their deeps that held no  
doubt,  
Far otherwise than she had willed—they said,  
' Lovelier than ever.'

Yet her words went on,  
Cold and so quiet, ' I have suffered much,  
And I would fain that none who care for me  
Should suffer a like pang that I can spare.  
Therefore,' said she, and not at all could blush,  
' I have brought my mind of late to think of  
this :

That since your life is spoilt (not willingly,  
My God, not willingly by me), 't were well  
To give you choice of griefs.

Were it not best  
To weep for a dead love, and afterwards  
Be comforted the sooner, that she died  
Remote, and left not in your house and life  
Aught to remind you ? That indeed were best.  
But were it best to weep for a dead wife,  
And let the sorrow spend and satisfy  
Itself with all expression, and so end ?  
I think not so ; but if for you 't is best,  
Then—do not answer with too sudden words :  
It matters much to you ; not much, not much  
To me,—then truly I will die your wife ;  
I will marry you.'

What was he like to say,  
But, overcome with love and tears, to choose  
The keener sorrow,—take it to his heart,  
Cherish it, make it part of him, and watch  
Those eyes that were his light till they should  
close?

He answered her with eager, faltering words,  
‘I choose—my heart is yours—die in my arms.’

But was it well? Truly, at first, for him  
It was not well: he saw her fade, and cried,  
‘When may this be?’ She answered, ‘When you  
will,’

And cared not much, for very faint she grew,  
Tired and cold. Oft in her soul she thought,  
‘If I could slip away before the ring  
Is on my hand, it were a blessed lot  
For both,—a blessed thing for him, and me.’

But it was not so; for the day had come—  
Was over: days and months had come, and  
Death—

Within whose shadow she had lain, which made  
Earth and its loves, and even its bitterness,  
Indifferent,—Death withdrew himself, and life  
Woke up, and found that it was folded fast,  
Drawn to another life for evermore.

O, what a waking ! After it there came  
Great silence. She got up once more, in spring,  
And walked, but not alone, among the flowers.  
She thought within herself, ' What have I done ?  
How shall I do the rest ? ' And he, who felt  
Her inmost thought, was silent even as she.  
' What have we done ? ' she thought. But as for him,  
When she began to look him in the face,  
Considering, ' Thus and thus his features are,'  
For she had never thought on them before,  
She read their grave repose aright. She knew  
That in the stronghold of his heart, held back,  
Hidden reserves of measureless content  
Kept house with happy thought, for her sake mute.

Most patient Muriel ! when he brought her home,  
She took the place they gave her,—strove to please  
His kin, and did not fail ; but yet thought on,  
' What have I done ? how shall I do the rest ?  
Ah ! so contented, Laurance, with this wife  
That loves you not, for all the stateliness  
And grandeur of your manhood, and the deeps  
In your blue eyes.' And after that awhile  
She rested from such thinking, put it by  
And waited. She had thought on death before :  
But no, this Muriel was not yet to die ;  
And when she saw her little tender babe,  
She felt how much the happy days of life

Outweigh the sorrowful. A tiny thing,  
Whom when it slept the lovely mother nursed  
With reverent love, whom when it woke she fed  
And wondered at, and lost herself in long  
Rapture of watching, and contentment deep.

Once while she sat, this babe upon her knee,  
Her husband and his father standing nigh,  
About to ride; the grandmother, all pride  
And consequence, so deep in learned talk  
Of infants, and their little ways and wiles,  
Broke off to say, 'I never saw a babe  
So like its father.' And the thought was new  
To Muriel; she looked up, and when she looked,  
Her husband smiled. And she, the lovely bloom  
Flushing her face, would fain he had not known,  
Nor noticed her surprise. But he did know;  
Yet there was pleasure in his smile, and love  
Tender and strong. He kissed her, kissed his babe,  
With 'Goody, you are left in charge, take care'—  
'As if I needed telling,' quoth the dame;  
And they were gone.

Then Muriel, lost in thought,  
Gazed; and the grandmother, with open pride,  
Tended the lovely pair; till Muriel said,  
'Is she so like? Dear granny, get me now  
The picture that his father has;' and soon  
The old woman put it in her hand.

The wife,  
Considering it with deep and strange delight,  
Forgot for once her babe, and looked and learned.

A mouth for mastery and manful work,  
A certain brooding sweetness in the eyes,  
A brow the harbour of grave thought, and hair  
Saxon of hue. She conned ; then blushed again,  
Remembering now, when she had looked on him,  
The sudden radiance of her husband's smile.

But Muriel did not send the picture back ;  
She kept it ; while her beauty and her babe  
Flourished together, and in health and peace  
She lived.

Her husband never said to her,  
' Love, are you happy ? ' never said to her,  
' Sweet, do you love me ? ' and at first, whene'er  
They rode together in the lanes, and paused,  
Stopping their horses, when the day was hot,  
In the shadow of a tree, to watch the clouds,  
Ruffled in drifting on the jagged rocks  
That topped the mountains, — when she sat by  
him,  
Withdrawn at even while the summer stars  
Came starting out of nothing, as new made,  
She felt a little trouble, and a wish  
That he would yet keep silence, and he did.



That one reserve he would not touch, but still  
Respected.

Muriel grew more brave in time,  
And talked at ease, and felt disquietude  
Fade. And another child was given to her.

‘Now we shall do,’ the old great-grandsire cried,  
‘For this is the right sort, a boy.’ ‘Fie, fie,’  
Quoth the good dame; ‘but never heed you,  
love,  
He thinks them both as right as right can be.’

But Laurance went from home, ere yet the boy  
Was three weeks old. It fretted him to go,  
But still he said, ‘I must:’ and she was left  
Much with the kindly dame, whose gentle care  
Was like a mother’s; and the two could talk  
Sweetly, for all the difference in their years.

But unaware, the wife betrayed a wish  
That she had known why Laurance left her thus.  
‘Ay, love,’ the dame made answer; ‘for he said,  
“Goody,” before he left, “if Muriel ask  
No question, tell her nought; but if she let  
Any disquietude appear to you,  
Say what you know.”’ ‘What?’ Muriel said, and  
laughed,  
‘I ask, then.’

‘Child, it is that your old love,  
Some two months past, was here. Nay, never start :  
He’s gone. He came, our Laurance met him near ;  
He said that he was going over seas,  
“ And might I see your wife this only once,  
And get her pardon ? ” ’

‘ Mercy ! ’ Muriel cried,  
‘ But Laurance does not wish it ? ’  
‘ Nay, now, nay,’

Quoth the good dame.

‘ I cannot,’ Muriel cried ;  
‘ He does not, surely, think I should.’  
‘ Not he,’

The kind old woman said, right soothingly.

‘ Does not he ever know, love, ever do  
What you like best ? ’

And Muriel, trembling yet,  
Agreed. ‘ I heard him say,’ the dame went on,  
‘ For I was with him when they met that day,  
“ It would not be agreeable to my wife.” ’

Then Muriel, pondering,—‘ And he said no more ?  
You think he did not add, “ nor to myself ? ” ’  
And with her soft, calm, inward voice, the dame  
Unruffled answered, ‘ No, sweet heart, not he :  
What need he care ? ’ ‘ And why not ? ’ Muriel cried,  
Longing to hear the answer. ‘ Oh, he knows,  
He knows, love, very well : ’ with that she smiled.

‘ Bless your fair face, you have not really thought  
He did not know you loved him ? ’

Muriel said,

‘ He never told me, goody, that he knew.’

‘ Well,’ quoth the dame, ‘ but it may chance, my  
dear,

That he thinks best to let old troubles sleep :  
Why need he rouse them ? You are happy, sure ?  
But if one asks, “ Art happy ? ” why, it sets  
The thoughts a-working. No, say I, let love  
Let peace and happy folk alone.

He said,

“ It would not be agreeable to my wife.”

And he went on to add ; in course of time  
That he would ask you, when it suited you,  
To write a few kind words.’

‘ Yes,’ Muriel said,

‘ I can do that.’

‘ So Laurance went, you see,’

The soft voice added, ‘ to take down that child.  
Laurance had written oft about the child,  
And now, at last, the father made it known  
He could not take him. He has lost, they say,  
His money, with much gambling ; now he wants  
To lead a good, true, working life. He wrote,  
And let this so be seen, that Laurance went  
And took the child, and took the money down  
To pay.

And Muriel found her talking sweet,  
And asked once more, the rather that she longed  
To speak again of Laurance, ' And you think  
He knows I love him ? '

‘ Ay, good sooth, he knows  
No fear ; but he is like his father, love.  
His father never asked my pretty child  
One prying question ; took her as she was ;  
Trusted her ; she has told me so : he knew  
A woman’s nature. Laurance is the same.  
He knows you love him ; but he will not speak ;  
No, never. Some men are such gentlemen !’


## SONGS OF THE NIGHT WATCHES,

WITH AN INTRODUCTORY SONG OF EVENING, AND A  
CONCLUDING SONG OF THE EARLY DAY.

## INTRODUCTORY.

(*Old English Manner.*)

## APPRENTICED.

OME out and hear the waters shoot, the  
owlet hoot, the owlet hoot ;  
Yon crescent moon, a golden boat, hangs  
dim behind the tree, O !

The dropping thorn makes white the grass, O  
sweetest lass, and sweetest lass ;

Come out and smell the ricks of hay adown the  
croft with me, O !

‘ My granny nods before her wheel, and drops her  
reel, and drops her reel ;

My father with his crony talks as gay as gay can  
be, O !

But all the milk is yet to skim, ere light wax dim,  
ere light wax dim ;

How can I step adown the croft, my ’prentice lad,  
with thee, O ? ’

‘And must ye bide, yet waiting’s long, and love is  
strong, and love is strong ;  
And O ! had I but served the time, that takes so  
long to flee, O !  
And thou, my lass, by morning’s light wast all in  
white, wast all in white,  
And parson stood within the rails, a-marrying me  
and thee, O.’

---

## THE FIRST WATCH.

## TIRED.

## I

O, I would tell you more, but I am tired ;  
For I have longed, and I have had my will ;  
I pleaded in my spirit, I desired :  
‘ Ah ! let me only see him, and be still  
All my days after.’

Rock, and rock, and rock,  
Over the falling, rising watery world,  
Sail, beautiful ship, along the leaping main ;  
The chirping land-birds follow flock on flock  
To light on a warmer plain.  
White as weaned lambs the little wavelets curled,  
Fall over in harmless play,  
As these do far away ;

Sail, bird of doom, along the shimmering sea,  
All under thy broad wings that overshadow thee.

## II

I am so tired,  
If I would comfort me, I know not how,  
For I have seen thee, lad, as I desired,  
And I have nothing left to long for now.

Nothing at all. And did I wait for thee,  
Often and often, while the light grew dim,  
And through the lilac branches I could see,  
Under a saffron sky, the purple rim  
O' the heaving moorland? Ay. And then would float  
Up from behind as it were a golden boat,  
Freighted with fancies, all o' the wonder of life,  
Love—such a slender moon, going up and up,  
Waxing so fast from night to night,  
And swelling like an orange flower-bud, bright,  
Fated, methought, to round as to a golden cup,  
And hold to my two lips life's best of wine.

Most beautiful crescent moon,

Ship of the sky!

Across the unfurrowed reaches sailing high.

Methought that it would come my way full soon,  
Laden with blessings that were all, all mine—  
A golden ship, with balm and spiceries rife,  
That ere its day was done should hear thee call  
me wife.

## III

All over ! the celestial sign hath failed ;  
The orange flower-bud shuts ; the ship hath sailed,  
And sunk behind the long low-lying hills.  
The love that fed on daily kisses dieth ;  
The love kept warm by nearness lieth,  
Wounded and wan ;  
The love hope nourished bitter tears distils,  
And faints with nought to feed upon.  
Only there stirreth very deep below  
The hidden beating slow,  
And the blind yearning, and the long-drawn breath  
Of the love that conquers death.

## IV

Had we not loved full long, and lost all fear,  
My ever, my only dear ?  
Yes ; and I saw thee start upon thy way,  
So sure that we should meet  
Upon our trysting-day.  
And even absence then to me was sweet,  
Because it brought me time to brood  
Upon thy dearness in the solitude.  
But ah ! to stay, and stay,  
And let that moon of April wane itself away,  
And let the lovely May  
Make ready all her buds for June ;  
And let the glossy finch forego her tune



That she brought with her in the spring,  
And never more, I think, to me can sing;  
And then to lead thee home another bride,  
    In the sultry summertide,  
And all forget me save for shame full sore,  
That made thee pray me, absent, 'See my face no more.'

## V

O, hard, most hard! But while my fretted heart  
    Shut out, shut down, and full of pain,  
    Sobbed to itself apart,  
    Ached to itself in vain,  
    One came who loveth me  
        As I love thee. . . .  
And let my God remember him for this,  
As I do hope He will forget thy kiss,  
    Nor visit on thy stately head  
Aught that thy mouth hath sworn, or thy two eyes  
    have said. . . .  
He came, and it was dark. He came, and sighed  
Because he knew the sorrow,—whispering low,  
And fast, and thick, as one that speaks by rote:  
    'The vessel lieth in the river reach,  
        A mile above the beach,  
And she will sail at the turning o' the tide.'  
    He said, 'I have a boat,  
    And were it good to go,  
And un beholden in the vessel's wake

Look on the man thou lovedst, and forgive,  
As he embarks, a shamefaced fugitive.

Come, then, with me.'

## VI

O, how he sighed ! The little stars did wink,  
And it was very dark. I gave my hand,—  
He led me out across the pasture land,  
And through the narrow croft,  
Down to the river's brink.

When thou wast full in spring, thou little sleepy thing,  
The yellow flags that broider'd thee would stand  
Up to their chins in water, and full oft  
We pulled them and the other shining flowers,

That all are gone to-day :

We two, that had so many things to say,  
So many hopes to render clear :

And they are all gone after thee, my dear,—

Gone after those sweet hours,

That tender light, that balmy rain ;

Gone 'as a wind that passeth away,

And cometh not again.'

## VII

I only saw the stars,—I could not see  
The river,—and they seemed to lie  
As far below as the other stars were high.  
I trembled like a thing about to die :

It was so awful 'neath the majesty  
Of that great crystal height, that overhung  
The blackness at our feet,  
Unseen to fleet and fleet  
The flocking stars among,  
And only hear the dipping of the oar,  
And the small wave's caressing of the darksome shore.

## VIII

Less real it was than any dream.  
Ah me ! to hear the bending willows shiver,  
As we shot quickly from the silent river,  
And felt the swaying and the flow  
That bore us down the deeper, wider stream,  
Whereto its nameless waters go :  
O ! I shall always, when I shut mine eyes,  
See that weird sight again ;  
The lights from anchor'd vessels hung ;  
The phantom moon, that sprung  
Suddenly up in dim and angry wise,  
From the rim o' the moaning main,  
And touched with elfin light  
The two long oars whereby we made our flight,  
Along the reaches of the night ;  
Then furrow'd up a lowering cloud,  
Went in, and left us darker than before,  
To feel our way as the midnight watches wore,  
And lie in HER lee, with mournful faces bowed,  
That should receive and bear with her away

The brightest portion of my sunniest day—  
The laughter of the land, the sweetness of the shore.

## IX

And I beheld thee: saw the lantern flash  
Down on thy face, when thou didst climb the side.  
And thou wert pale, pale as the patient bride  
That followed: both a little sad,  
Leaving of home and kin. Thy courage glad,  
That once did bear thee on,  
That brow of thine had lost; the fervour rash  
Of unforeboding youth thou hadst foregone.  
O, what a little moment, what a crumb  
Of comfort for a heart to feed upon!

And that was all its sum:  
A glimpse, and not a meeting—  
A drawing near by night,  
To sigh to thee an unacknowledged greeting,  
And all between the flashing of a light  
And its retreating.

## X

Then after, ere she spread her wafting wings,  
The ship—and weighed her anchor to depart,  
We stole from her dark lee, like guilty things;  
And there was silence in my heart,  
And silence in the upper and the nether deep.  
O sleep! O sleep!  
Do not forget me. Sometimes come and sweep,

Now I have nothing left, thy healing hand  
Over the lids that crave thy visits bland,  
    Thou kind, thou comforting one :  
    For I have seen his face, as I desired,  
    And all my story is done.  
    O, I am tired !

---

## THE MIDDLE WATCH.

## I

I WOKE in the night, and the darkness was heavy  
    and deep ;  
    I had known it was dark in my sleep,  
    And I rose and looked out,  
And the fathomless vault was all sparkling, set  
    thick round about  
With the ancient inhabitants silent, and wheeling  
    too far  
For man's heart, like a voyaging frigate, to sail,  
    where remote  
    In the sheen of their glory they float,  
Or man's soul, like a bird, to fly near, of their beams  
    to partake,  
    And dazed in their wake,  
    Drink day that is born of a star.

I murmured, 'Remoteness and greatness, how deep  
you are set,  
How afar in the rim of the whole;  
You know nothing of me, or of man, nor of earth,  
O, nor yet  
Of our light-bearer—drawing the marvellous  
moons as they roll,  
Of our regent, the sun.  
I look on you trembling, and think, in the dark with  
my soul,  
'How small is our place 'mid the kingdoms and  
nations of God:  
These are greater than we, every one.'  
And there falls a great fear, and a dread cometh  
over, that cries,  
'O my hope! Is there any mistake?  
Did He speak? Did I hear? Did I listen aright,  
if He spake?  
Did I answer Him duly? For surely I now am awake,  
If never I woke until now.'  
And a light, baffling wind, that leads nowhither,  
plays on my brow.  
As a sleep, I must think on my day, of my path as  
untrod,  
Or trodden in dreams, in a dreamland whose coasts  
are a doubt;  
Whose countries recede from my thoughts, as they  
grobe round about,  
And vanish, and tell me not how.

Be kind to our darkness, O Fashioner, dwelling in  
light,

And feeding the lamps of the sky ;  
Look down upon this one, and let it be sweet  
in Thy sight,

I pray Thee, to-night.

O watch whom Thou madest to dwell on its soil,  
Thou Most High !

For this is a world full of sorrow (there may be  
but one) ;

Keep watch o'er its dust, else Thy children for aye  
are undone,

For this is a world where we die.

## II

With that, a still voice in my spirit that moved and  
that yearned,

(There fell a great calm while it spake,)

I had heard it erewhile, but the noises of life are  
so loud,

That sometimes it dies in the cry of the street and  
the crowd :

To the simple it cometh,—the child, or asleep, or  
awake,

And they know not from whence ; of its nature the  
wise never learned

By his wisdom ; its secret the worker ne'er earned

By his toil ; and the rich among men never bought  
    with his gold ;  
Nor the times of its visiting monarchs controlled,  
    Nor the jester put down with his jeers  
(For it moves where it will), nor its season the  
    aged discerned  
By thought, in the ripeness of years.

O elder than reason, and stronger than will !  
    A voice, when the dark world is still :  
Whence cometh it ? Father Immortal, thou knowest !  
    and we—  
We are sure of that witness, that sense which is sent  
    us of Thee ;  
For it moves, and it yearns in its fellowship mighty  
    and dread,  
And let down to our hearts it is touched by the  
    tears that we shed ;  
It is more than all meanings, and over all strife ;  
    On its tongue are the laws of our life,  
And it counts up the times of the dead.

## III

I will fear you, O stars, never more.  
I have felt it ! Go on, while the world is asleep,  
    Golden islands, fast moored in God's infinite deep.  
Hark, hark to the words of sweet fashion, the  
    harpings of yore !



How they sang to Him, seer and saint, in the far  
away lands :

‘The heavens are the work of Thy hands ;  
They shall perish, but Thou shalt endure ;  
Yea, they all shall wax old—

But Thy throne is established, O God, and Thy years  
are made sure ;

They shall perish, but Thou shalt endure—  
They shall pass like a tale that is told.’

Doth He answer, the Ancient of Days ?  
Will He speak in the tongue and the fashion  
of men ?

(Hist ! hist ! while the heaven-hung multitudes  
shine in His praise,

His language of old). Nay, He spoke with them  
first ; it was then

They lifted their eyes to His throne :

‘They shall call on Me, “Thou art our Father, our  
God, Thou alone !”

For I made them, I led them in deserts and desolate  
ways ;

I have found them a Ransom Divine ;  
I have loved them with love everlasting, the children  
of men ;

I swear by Myself, they are Mine.’

## THE MORNING WATCH.

## THE COMING IN OF THE 'MERMAIDEN.'

THE moon is bleached as white as wool,  
And just dropping under ;  
Every star is gone but three,  
And they hang far asunder—  
There 's a sea-ghost all in grey,  
A tall shape of wonder !

I am not satisfied with sleep,—  
The night is not ended.  
But look how the sea-ghost comes,  
With wan skirts extended,  
Stealing up in this weird hour,  
When light and dark are blended.

A vessel ! To the old pier end  
Her happy course she 's keeping ;  
I heard them name her yesterday :  
Some were pale with weeping ;  
Some with their heart-hunger sighed,  
She 's in—and they are sleeping.

O! now with fancied greetings blest,  
They comfort their long aching :  
The sea of sleep hath borne to them  
What would not come with waking,  
And the dreams shall most be true  
In their blissful breaking.'

The stars are gone, the rose-bloom comes—  
No blush of maid is sweeter ;  
The red sun, half-way out of bed,  
Shall be the first to greet her.  
None tell the news, yet sleepers wake,  
And rise, and run to meet her.

Their lost they have, they hold ; from pain  
A keener bliss they borrow.  
How natural is joy, my heart !  
How easy after sorrow !  
For once, the best is come that hope  
Promised them ' to-morrow.'

## CONCLUDING SONG OF DAWN.

*(Old English Manner.)*

## A MORN OF MAY.

ALL the clouds about the sun lay up in golden  
creases,  
(Merry rings the maiden's voice that sings at dawn  
of day) ;  
Lambkins woke and skipped around to dry their  
dewy fleeces,  
So sweetly as she carolled, all on a morn of May.

Quoth the Sergeant, ' Here I 'll halt ; here 's wine of  
joy for drinking ;  
To my heart she sets her hand, and in the strings  
doth play ;  
All among the daffodils, and fairer to my thinking,  
And fresh as milk and roses, she sits this morn of  
May.'

Quoth the Sergeant, ' Work is work, but any ye  
might make me,  
If I worked for you, dear lass, I 'd count my holiday.

I 'm your slave for good and all, an' if ye will but  
take me,  
So sweetly as ye carol upon this morn of May.'

Medals count for worth,' quoth she, 'and scars are  
worn for honour ;  
But a slave an' if ye be, kind wooer, go your way.'  
All the nodding daffodils woke up and laughed  
upon her.  
O ! sweetly did she carol, all on that morn of May.

Gladsome leaves upon the bough, they fluttered fast  
and faster,  
Fretting brook, till he would speak, did chide the  
dull delay :  
' Beauty ! when I said a slave, I think I meant a  
master ;  
So sweetly as ye carol all on this morn of May.

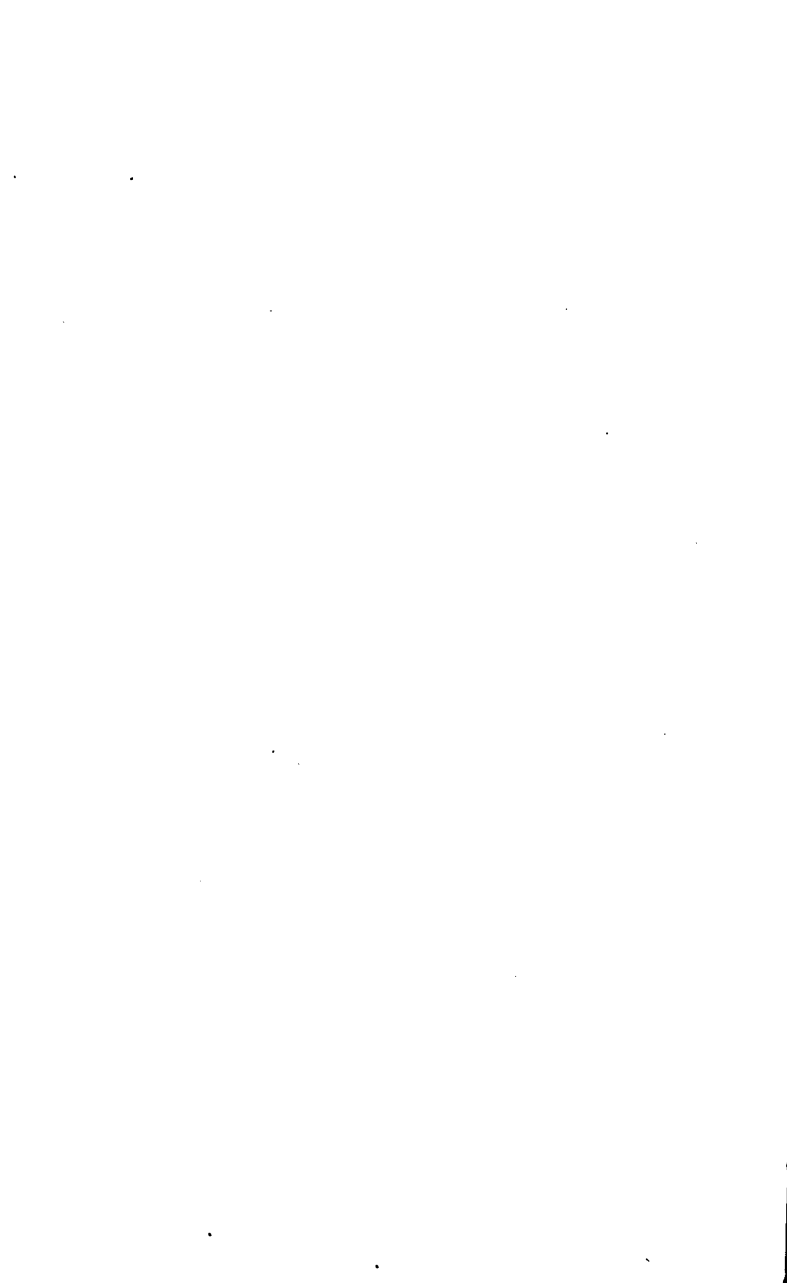
' Lass, I love you ! Love is strong, and some men's  
hearts are tender.'  
Far she sought o'er wood and wold, but found not  
aught to say ;  
Mounting lark nor mantling cloud would any counsel  
render,  
Though sweetly she had carolled upon that morn  
of May.

Shy, she sought the wooer's face, and deemed the  
wooing mended ;

Proper man he was, good sooth, and one would have  
his way :

So the lass was made a wife, and so the song was  
ended.

O ! sweetly she did carol all on that morn of May.



**A STORY OF DOOM.**





## BOOK I.

**N**ILOIYA said to Noah, 'What aileth thee,  
My master, unto whom is my desire,  
The father of my sons?' He answered  
her,

'Mother of many children, I have heard  
The Voice again.' 'Ah, me!' she saith, 'ah, me!  
What spake it?' and with that Niloiya sighed.

This when the Master-builder heard, his heart  
Was sad in him, the while he sat at home  
And rested after toil. The steady rap  
O' the shipwright's hammer sounding up the vale  
Did seem to mock him; but her distaff down  
Niloiya laid, and to the doorplace went,  
Parted the purple covering seemly hung  
Before it, and let in the crimson light  
Of the descending sun. Then looked he forth,—  
Looked, and beheld the hollow where the ark  
Was a-preparing; where the dew distilled  
All night from leaves of old lign aloe trees,  
Upon the gliding river; where the palm,  
The almug, and the gophir shot their heads

Into the crimson brede that dyed the world :  
And lo ! he marked—unwieldy, dark, and huge—  
The ship, his glory and his grief,—too vast  
For that still river's floating,—building far  
From mightier streams, amid the pastoral dells  
Of shepherd kings.

Niloiya spake again :

‘ What said the Voice, thou well-belovèd man ? ’  
He, labouring with his thought that troubled him,  
Spoke on behalf of God : ‘ Behold,’ said he,  
‘ A little handful of unlovely dust  
He fashioned to a lordly grace, and when  
He laughed upon its beauty, it waxed warm,  
And with His breath awoke a living soul.

‘ Shall not the Fashioner command His work ?  
And who am I, that, if He whisper, ‘ Rise,  
Go forth upon Mine errand,’ should reply,  
“ Lord, God, I love the woman and her sons,—  
I love not scorning : I beseech Thee, God,  
Have me excused.” ’

She answered him, ‘ Tell on.’

And he continuing, reasoned with his soul :  
‘ What though I—like some goodly lama sunk  
In meadow grass, eating her way at ease,  
Unseen of them that pass, and asking not  
A wider prospect than of yellow-flowers  
That nod above her head—should lay me down,

And willingly forget this high behest,  
There should be yet no tarrying. Furthermore,  
Though I went forth to cry against the doom,  
Earth crieth louder, and she draws it down :  
It hangeth balanced over us ; she crieth,  
And it shall fall. O ! as for me, my life  
Is bitter, looking onward, for I know  
That in the fulness of the time shall dawn  
That day : my preaching shall not bring forth fruit,  
Though for its sake I leave thee. I shall float  
Upon the abhorred sea, that mankind hate,  
With thee and thine.'

She answered : ' God forbid !

For, sir, though men be evil, yet the deep  
They dread, and at the last will surely turn  
To Him, and He long-suffering will forgive,  
And chide the waters back to their abyss,  
To cover the pits where doleful creatures feed.  
Sir, I am much afraid : I would not hear  
Of riding on the waters : look you, sir,  
Better it were to die with you by hand  
Of them that hate us, than to live, ah me !  
Rolling among the furrows of the unquiet,  
Unconsecrate, unfriendly, dreadful sea.'

He saith again : ' I pray thee, woman, peace,  
For thou wilt enter, when that day appears,  
The fateful ship.'

‘My lord,’ quoth she, ‘I will.

But O, good sir, be sure of this, be sure  
The Master calleth ; for the time is long  
That thou hast warned the world : thou art but here  
Three days ; the song of welcoming but now  
Is ended. I behold thee, I am glad ;  
And wilt thou go again ? Husband, I say,  
Be sure who ’tis that calleth ; O, be sure,  
Be sure. My mother’s ghost came up last night,  
Whilst I thy beard, held in my hands did kiss,  
Leaning anear thee, wakeful through my love,  
And watchful of thee till the moon went down.

‘She never loved me since I went with thee  
To sacrifice among the hills : she smelt  
The holy smoke, and could no more divine  
Till the new moon. I saw her ghost come up ;  
It had a snake with a red comb of fire  
Twisted about its waist—the doggish head  
Lolled on its shoulder, and so leered at me.  
“This woman might be wiser,” quoth the ghost ;  
“Shall there be husbands for her found below,  
When she comes down to us ? O, fool ! O, fool !  
She must not let her man go forth, to leave  
Her desolate, and reap the whole world’s scorn,  
A harvest for himself.” With that they passed.’

He said, ‘My crystal drop of perfectness,  
I pity thee ; it was an evil ghost :

Thou wilt not heed the counsel ? ' ' I will not,'  
Quoth she ; ' I am loyal to the Highest. Him  
I hold by even as thou, and deem Him best.  
Sir, am I fairer than when last we met ? '

' God add,' said he, ' unto thy much yet more,  
As I do think thou art.' ' And think you, sir,'  
Niloiya saith, ' that I have reached the prime ? '  
He answering, ' Nay, not yet.' ' I would 't were so,'  
She plaineth, ' for the daughters mock at me :  
Her locks forbear to grow, they say, so sore  
She pineth for the master. Look you, sir,  
They reach but to the knee. But thou art come,  
And all goes merrier. Eat, my lord, of all  
My supper that I set, and afterward  
Tell me, I pray thee, somewhat of thy way ;  
Else shall I be despised as Adam was,  
Who compassed not the learning of his sons,  
But, grave and silent, oft would lower his head  
And ponder, following of great Isha's feet,  
When she would walk with her fair brow upraised,  
Scorning the children that she bare to him.'

' Ay,' quoth the Master ; ' but they did amiss  
When they despised their father : knowest thou  
that ? '

' Sure he was foolisher,' Niloiya saith,  
' Than any that came after. Furthermore,

He had not heart nor courage for to rule :  
He let the mastery fall from his slack hand.  
Had not our glorious mother still borne up  
His weakness, chid with him, and sat apart,  
And listened, when the fit came over him  
To talk on his lost garden, he had sunk  
Into the slave of slaves.'

'Nay, thou must think  
How he had dwelt long, God's loved husbandman,  
And looked in hope among the tribes for one  
To be his fellow, ere great Isha, once  
Waking, he found at his left side, and knew  
The deep delight of speech.' So Noah, and thus  
Added, 'And therefore was his loss the more ;  
For though the creatures he had singled out  
His favourites, dared for him the fiery sword  
And followed after him,—shall bleat of lamb  
Console one for the foregone talk of God ?  
Or in the afternoon, his faithful dog,  
Fawning upon him, make his heart forget  
At such a time, and such a time, to have heard  
What he shall hear no more ?

O, as for him,  
It was for this that he full oft would stop,  
And, lost in thought, stand and revolve that deed,  
Sad muttering, "Woman ! we reproach thee not ;  
Though thou didst eat mine immortality ;  
Earth, be not sorry ; I was free to choose."

Wonder not, therefore, if he walked forlorn.  
Was not the helpmeet given to raise him up  
From his contentment with the lower things ?  
Was she not somewhat that he could not rule  
Beyond the action, that he could not have  
By the mere holding, and that still aspired  
And drew him after her ? So, when deceived  
She fell by great desire to rise, he fell  
By loss of upward drawing, when she took  
An evil tongue to be her counsellor :

“Death is not as the death of lower things,  
Rather a glorious change, begrudged of Heaven,  
A change to being as gods ”—he from her hand,  
Upon reflection, took of death that hour,  
And ate it (not the death that she had dared) ;  
He ate it knowing. Then divisions came.  
She, like a spirit strayed who lost the way,  
Too venturesome, among the further stars,  
And hardly cares, because it hardly hopes  
To find the path to heaven ; in bitter wise  
Did bear to him degenerate seed, and he,  
Once having felt her upward drawing, longed,  
And yet aspired, and yearned to be restored,  
Albeit she drew no more.’

‘ Sir, ye speak well,’

Niloiya saith, ‘ but yet the mother sits  
Higher than Adam. He did understand  
Discourse of birds and all four-footed things,



But she had knowledge of the many tribes  
Of angels and their tongues ; their playful ways  
And greetings when they met. Was she not wise ?  
They say she knew much that she never told,  
And had a voice that called to her as thou.'

'Nay,' quoth the Master-shipwright, 'who am I  
That I should answer ? As for me, poor man,  
Here is my trouble : "if there be a Voice,"  
At first I cried, "let me behold the mouth  
That uttereth it." 'Thereon it held its peace.  
But afterward, I, journeying up the hills,  
Did hear it hollower than an echo fallen  
Across some clear abyss ; and I did stop,  
And ask of all my company, "What cheer ?  
If there be spirits abroad that call to us,  
Sirs, hold your peace and hear." So they gave heed,  
And one man said, "It is the small ground-doves  
That peck upon the stony hillocks ;" one,  
"It is the mammoth in yon cedar swamp  
That cheweth in his dream ;" and one, "My lord,  
It is the ghost of him that yesternight  
We slew, because he grudged to yield his wife  
To thy great father, when he peaceably  
Did send to take her." Then I answered, "Pass,"  
And they went on ; and I did lay mine ear  
Close to the earth ; but there came up therefrom  
No sound, nor any speech ; I waited long,

And in the saying, "I will mount my beast  
And on," I was as one that in a trance  
Beholdeth what is coming, and I saw  
Great waters and a ship ; and somewhat spake,  
"Lo, this shall be ; let him that heareth it,  
And seeth it, go forth to warn his kind,  
For I will drown the world." '

Niloiya saith,

' Sir, was that all that ye went forth upon ? '  
The master, he replieth, ' Ay, ' at first,  
' That same was all ; but many days went by,  
While I did reason with my heart and hope  
For more, and struggle to remain, and think,  
"Let me be certain ;" and so think again,  
"The counsel is but dark ; would I had more !  
When I have more to guide me, I will go."  
And afterward, when reasoned on too much,  
It seemed remoter, then I only said,  
"O, would I had the same again ;" and still  
I had it not.

Then at the last I cried,

"If the unseen be silent, I will speak  
And certify my meaning to myself.  
Say that He spoke, then He will make that good  
Which He hath spoken. Therefore it were best  
To go, and do His bidding. All the earth  
Shall hear the judgment so, and none may cry  
When the doom falls, ' Thou God art hard on us ;

We knew not Thou wert angry. O! we are lost,  
Only for lack of being warned.'

But say  
That He spoke not, and merely it befell  
That I being weary had a dream. Why, so  
He could not suffer damage; when the time  
Was past, and that I threatened had not come,  
Men would cry out on me, haply me kill,  
For troubling their content. They would not swear,  
'God, that did send this man, is proved untrue,'  
But rather, 'Let him die; he lied to us;  
God never sent him.' Only Thou, great King,  
Knowest if Thou didst speak or no. I leave  
The matter here. If Thou wilt speak again,  
I go in gladness; if Thou wilt not speak,  
Nay, if Thou never didst, I not the less  
Shall go, because I have believed, what time  
I seemed to hear Thee, and the going stands  
With memory of believing." Then I washed,  
And did array me in the sacred gown,  
And take a lamb.'

'Ay, sir,' Niloiya sighed,  
'I following, and I knew not anything  
Till, the young lamb asleep in thy two arms,  
We, moving up among the silent hills,  
Paused in a grove to rest; and many slaves  
Came near to make obeisance, and to bring  
Wood for the sacrifice, and turf and fire.

Then in their hearing thou didst say to me,  
"Behold, I know thy good fidelity,  
And theirs that are about us; they would guard  
The mountain passes, if it were my will  
Awhile to leave thee;" and the pigmies laughed  
For joy, that thou wouldst trust inferior things;  
And put their heads down, as their manner is,  
To touch our feet. They laughed, but sore I wept;  
Sir, I could weep now; ye did ill to go  
If that was all your bidding; I had thought  
God drave thee, and thou couldst not choose but  
go.'

Then said the son of Lamech, 'Afterward,  
When I had left thee, He whom I had served  
Met with me in the visions of the night,  
To comfort me for that I had withdrawn  
From thy dear company. He sware to me  
That no man should molest thee, no, nor touch  
The bordering of mine outmost field. I say,  
When I obeyed, He made His matters plain.  
With whom could I have left thee, but with them;  
Born in thy mother's house, and bound thy slaves?'

She said, 'I love not pigmies; they are naught.'  
And he, 'Who made them pigmies?' Then she  
pushed  
Her veiling hair back from her round, soft eyes,

And answered, wondering, 'Sir, my mothers did ;  
Ye know it.' And he drew her near to sit  
Beside him on the settle, answering, 'Ay.'  
And they went on to talk as writ below,  
If anyone shall read :

' Thy mother did,

And they that went before her. Thinkest thou  
That they did well ? '

' They had been overcome ;

And when the angered conquerors drave them out,  
Behoved them find some other way to rule,  
They did but use their wits. Hath not man aye  
Been cunning in dominion, among beasts  
To breed for size or swiftness, or for sake  
Of the white wool he loveth, at his choice ?  
What harm if coveting a race of men  
That could but serve, they sought among their  
thralls,

Such as were low of stature, men and maids ;  
Ay, and of feeble will and quiet mind ?  
Did they not spend much gear to gather out  
Such as I tell of, and for matching them  
One with another for a thousand years ?  
What harm, then, if there came of it a race,  
Inferior in their wits, and in their size,  
And well content to serve ? '

' " What harm ? " thou sayest.

My wife doth ask, " What harm ? " '

‘Your pardon, sir.

I do remember that there came one day,  
Two of the grave old angels that God made,  
When first He invented life (right old they were,  
And plain, and venerable) ; and they said,  
Rebuking of my mother as with hers  
She sat, “Ye do not well, you wives of men,  
To match your wit against the Maker’s will,  
And for your benefit to lower the stamp  
Of His fair image, which He set at first  
Upon man’s goodly frame ; ye do not well  
To treat His likeness even as ye treat  
The bird and beast that perish.” ’

‘Said they aught  
To appease the ancients, or to speak them fair ? ’

‘How know I ? ’T was a slave that told it me.  
My mother was full old when I was born,  
And that was in her youth. What think you, sir ?  
Did not the giants likewise ill ? ’

‘To that

I have no answer ready. If a man,  
When each one is against his fellow, rule,  
Or unmolested dwell, or unreprieved,  
Because, for size and strength, he standeth first,  
He will thereof be glad ; and if he say,  
“I will to wife choose me a stately maid,  
And leave a goodly offspring ;” ’sooth, I think,

He sinneth not ; for good to him and his  
He would be strong and great. Thy people's fault  
Was, that for ill to others, they did plot  
To make them weak and small.'

‘ But yet they steal  
Or take in war the strongest maids, and such  
As are of highest stature ; ay, and oft  
They fight among themselves for that same cause.  
And they are proud against the King of heaven :  
They hope in course of ages they shall come  
To be as strong as He.’

The Master said,  
‘ I will not hear thee talk thereof ; my heart  
Is sick for all this wicked world. Fair wife,  
I am right weary. Call thy slaves to thee,  
And bid that they prepare the sleeping place.  
O would that I might rest ! I fain would rest,  
And, no more wandering, tell a thankless world  
My never-heeded tale ! ’

With that she called.  
The moon was up, and some few stars were out  
While heavy at the heart he walked abroad  
To meditate before his sleep. And yet  
Niloiya pondered, ‘ Shall my master go ?  
And will my master go ? What 'vailleth it,  
That he doth spend himself, over the waste  
A-wandering, till he reach outlandish folk,  
That mock his warning ? O, what 'vailleth it,  
That he doth lavish wealth to build yon ark,

Whereat the daughters, when they eat with me,  
Laugh? O my heart! I would the Voice were  
stilled.

Is not he happy? Who, of all the earth,  
Obeyeth like to me? Have not I learned  
From his dear mouth to utter seemly words,  
And lay the powers my mother gave me by?  
Have I made offerings to the dragon? Nay.  
And I am faithful, when he leaveth me  
Lonely betwixt the peakèd mountain tops  
In this long valley, where no stranger foot  
Can come without my will. He shall not go.  
Not yet, not yet! But three days—only three—  
Beside me, and a-muttering on the third,  
“I have heard the Voice again.” Be dull, O dull,  
Mind and remembrance! Mother, ye did ill;  
'Tis hard unlawful knowledge not to use.  
Why, O dark mother! opened ye the way?  
Yet when he entered, and did lay aside  
His costly robe of sacrifice, the robe  
Wherein he had been offering, ere the sun  
Went down; forgetful of her mother's craft,  
She lovely and submiss did mourn to him:  
‘Thou wilt not go—I pray thee, do not go,  
Till thou hast seen thy children.’ And he said,  
‘I will not. I have cried, and have prevailed:  
To-morrow it is given me by the Voice  
Upon a four days' journey to proceed,



And follow down the river, till its waves  
Are swallowed in the sand, where no flesh dwells.

“There,” quoth the Unrevealed, “we shall meet,  
And I will counsel thee; and thou shalt turn  
And rest thee with the mother, and with them  
She bare.” Now, therefore, when the morn appears,  
Thou fairest among women, call thy slaves,  
And bid them yoke the steers, and spread thy car  
With robes, the choicest work of cunning hands;  
Array thee in thy rich apparel, deck  
Thy locks with gold; and while the hollow vale  
I thread beside yon river, go thou forth  
Atween the mountains to my father’s house,  
And let thy slaves make all obeisance due,  
And take and lay an offering at his feet.  
Then light, and cry to him, “Great king, the son  
Of old Methuselah, thy son hath sent  
To fetch the growing maids, his children, home.”’

‘Sir,’ quoth the woman, ‘I will do this thing,  
So thou keep faith with me, and yet return.  
But will the Voice, think you, forbear to chide,  
Nor that Unseen, who calleth, buffet thee,  
And drive thee on?’

He saith, ‘It will keep faith.

Fear not. I have prevailed, for I besought,  
And lovingly it answered. I shall rest,

And dwell with thee till after my three sons  
Come from the chase.' She said, 'I let them forth  
In fear, for they are young. Their slaves are few.  
The giant elephants be cunning folk ;  
They lie in ambush, and will draw men on  
To follow—then will turn and tread them down.'  
'Thy father's house unwisely planned,' said he,  
'To drive them down upon the growing corn  
Of them that were their foes ; for now, behold,  
They suffer while the unwieldy beasts delay  
Retirement to their lands, and, meanwhile, pound  
The damp, deep meadows, to a pulpy mash ;  
Or wallowing in the waters foul them ; nay,  
Tread down the banks, and let them forth to flood  
Their cities ; or, assailed and falling, shake  
The walls, and taint the wind, ere thirty men,  
Over the hairy terror piling stones  
Or earth, prevail to cover it.'

She said,

'Husband, I have been sorry, thinking oft  
I would my sons were home ; but now so well  
Methinks it is with me, that I am fain  
To wish they might delay, for thou wilt dwell  
With me till after they return, and thou  
Hast set thine eyes upon them. Then—ah, me !  
I must sit joyless in my place ; bereft,  
As trees that suddenly have dropped their leaves,  
And dark as nights that have no moon.'

She spake :

The hope o' the world did hearken, but reply  
Made none. He left his hand on her fair locks  
As she lay sobbing ; and the quietness  
Of night began to comfort her, the fall  
Of far-off waters, and the wingèd wind  
That went among the trees. The patient hand,  
Moreover, that was steady, wrought with her,  
Until she said, ' What wilt thou ? Nay, I know.  
I therefore answer what thou utterest not.  
*Thou lovest me well, and not for thine own will  
Consentest to depart. What more ? Ay, this :  
I do avow that He which calleth thee,  
Hath right to call ; and I do swear, the Voice  
Shall have no let of me, to do Its will.*

## BOOK II.

Now ere the sunrise, while the morning star  
Hung yet behind the pine bough, woke and prayed  
The world's great shipwright, and his soul was glad  
Because the Voice was favourable. Now  
Began the tap o' the hammer, now ran forth  
The slaves preparing food. They therefore ate  
In peace together; then Niloiya forth  
Behind the milk-white steers went on her way;  
And the great Master-builder, down the course  
Of the long river, on his errand sped,  
And as he went, he thought:

[They do not well  
Who, walking up a trodden path, all smooth  
With footsteps of their fellows, and made straight  
From town to town, will scorn at them that wonn  
Under the covert of God's eldest trees  
(Such as He planted with His hand, and fed  
With dew before rain fell, till they stood close  
And awful; drank the light up as it dropt,  
And kept the dusk of ages at their roots);  
They do not well who mock at such, and cry,

'We peaceably, without or fault or fear,  
Proceed, and miss not of our end; but these  
Are slow and fearful: with uncertain pace,  
And ever reasoning of the way, they oft,  
After all reasoning, choose the worsè course,  
And plunged in swamp, or in the matted growth  
Nigh smothered struggle, all to reach a goal  
Not worth their pains.' Nor do they well whose  
work

Is still to feed and shelter them and theirs,  
Get gain, and gathered store it, to think scorn  
Of those who work for a world (no wages paid  
By a Master hid in light), and sent alone  
To face a laughing multitude, whose eyes  
Are full of damaging pity, that forbears  
To tell the harmless labourer, 'Thou art mad.']

And as he went, he thought: 'They counsel me,  
Ay, with a kind of reason in their talk,  
"Consider; call thy soberer thought to aid;  
Why to but one man should a message come?  
And why, if but to one, to thee? Art thou  
Above us, greater, wiser? Had He sent,  
He had willed that we should heed. Then since  
He knoweth

That such as thou, a wise man cannot heed,  
He did not send." My answer, "Great and wise,  
If He had sent with thunder, and a voice

Leaping from heaven, ye must have heard ; but so  
Ye had been robbed of choice, and, like the beasts,  
Yoked to obedience. God makes no men slaves.”  
They tell me, “ God is great above thy thought :  
He meddles not ; and this small world is ours,  
These many hundred years we govern it ;  
Old Adam, after Eden, saw Him not.”  
Then I, “ It may be He is gone to knead  
More clay. But look, my masters ; one of you  
Going to warfare, layeth up his gown,  
His sickle, or his gold, and thinks no more  
Upon it, till young trees have waxen great ;  
At last, when he returneth he will seek  
His own. And God, shall He not do the like ?  
And having set new worlds a-rolling, come  
And say, ‘ I will betake Me to the earth  
That I did make : ’ and having found it vile,  
Be sorry. Why should man be free, you wise,  
And not the Master ? ” Then they answer, “ Fool !  
A man shall cast a stone into the air  
For pastime, or for lack of heed,—but He !  
Will He come fingering of His ended work,  
Fright it with His approaching face, or snatch  
One day the rolling wonder from its ring,  
And hold it quivering, as a wanton child  
Might take a nestling from its downy bed,  
And having satisfied a careless wish,  
Go thrust it back into its place again ? ”

To such I answer, and, that doubt once mine,

I am assured that I do speak aright :

“Sirs, the significance of this your doubt

Lies in the reason of it ; ye do grudge

That these your lands should have another Lord ;

Ye are not loyal, therefore ye would fain

Your King would bide afar. But if ye looked

For countenance and favour when He came,

Knowing yourselves right worthy, would ye care,

With cautious reasoning, deep and hard, to prove

That He would never come, and would your wrath

Be hot against a prophet ? Nay, I wot

. That as a flatterer you would look on him,—

‘ Full of sweet words thy mouth is : if He come—

We think not that He will—but if He come,

Would it might be to-morrow, or to-night,

Because we look for praise.’ ”

Now, as he went,

The noontide heats came on, and he grew faint ;

But while he sat below an almug tree,

A slave approached with greeting. ‘ Master, hail ! ’

He answered, ‘ Hail ! what wilt thou ? ’ Then she said,

‘ The palace of thy fathers standeth nigh.’

‘ I know it,’ quoth he ; and she said again,

‘ The Elder, learning thou wouldst pass, hath sent

To fetch thee ; ’ then he rose and followed her.

So first they walked beneath a lofty roof

Of living bough and tendril, woven on high

To let no drop of sunshine through, and hung  
With gold and purple fruitage, and the white  
Thick cups of scented blossom. Underneath,  
Soft grew the sward and delicate, and flocks  
Of egrets, aye, and many cranes, stood up,  
Fanning their wings, to agitate and cool  
The noonday air, as men with heed and pains  
Had taught them, marshalling and taming them  
To bear the wind in, on their moving wings.

So long time as a nimble slave would spend  
In milking of her cow, they walked at ease ;  
Then reached the palace, all of forest trunks,  
Brought whole, and set together, made. Therein  
Had dwelt old Adam, when his mighty sons  
Had finished it, and up to Eden gate  
Had journeyed for to fetch him. ' Here,' they said,  
' Mother and father, ye may dwell, and here  
Forget the garden wholly.'

So he came

Under the doorplace, and the women sat,  
Each with her finger on her lips ; but he,  
Having been called, went on, until he reached  
The jewelled settle, wrought with cunning work  
Of gold and ivory, whereon they wont  
To set the Elder. All with sleekest skins,  
That striped and spotted creatures of the wood  
Had worn, the seat was covered, but thereon



The Elder was not ; by the steps thereof,  
Upon the floor, whereto his silver beard  
Did reach, he sat, and he was in his trance.  
Upon the settle many doves were perched,  
That set the air a-going with their wings :  
These opposite, the world's great shipwright stood  
To wait the burden ; and the Elder spake :  
' Will He forget me ? Would He might forget !  
Old, old ! The hope of old Methuselah  
Is all in His forgetfulness.' With that,  
A slave-girl took a cup of wine, and crept  
Anear him, saying, ' Taste ; ' and when his lips  
Had touched it, lo, he trembled, and he cried,  
' Behold, I prophesy.'

Then straight they fled  
That were about him, and did stand apart  
And stop their ears. For he, from time to time,  
Was plagued with that same fate to prophesy,  
And spake against himself, against his day  
And time, in words that all men did abhor.  
Therefore, he warning them what time the fit  
Came on him, saved them, that they heard it not.  
So while they fled, he cried : ' I saw the God  
Reach out of heaven His wonderful right hand.  
Lo, lo ! He dipped it in the unquiet sea,  
And in its curvèd palm behold the ark,  
As in a vast calm lake, came floating on.  
Ay, then, His other hand—the cursing hand—

He took and spread between us and the sun,  
And all was black; the day was blotted out,  
And horrible staggering took the frightened earth.  
I heard the water hiss; and then methinks  
The crack as of her splitting. Did she take  
Their palaces that are my brothers dear,  
And huddle them with all their ancients  
Under into her breast? If it was black,  
How could this old man see? There was a noise  
I' the dark, and He drew back His hand again.  
I looked——It was a dream,—let no man say  
It was aught else. There, so—the fit goes by.  
Sir, and my daughters, is it eventide?—  
Sooner than that, saith old Methuselah,  
Let the vulture lay his beak to my green limbs.  
What! art Thou envious?—are the sons of men  
Too wise to please Thee, and to do Thy will?  
Methuselah, he sitteth on the ground,  
Clad in his gown of age, the pale white gown,  
And goeth not forth to war; his wrinkled hands  
He claspeth round his knees: old, very old.  
Would he could steal from Thee one secret more—  
The secret of Thy youth! O, envious God!  
We die. The words of old Methuselah  
And his prophecy are ended.'

Then the wives,  
Beholding how he trembled, and the maids  
And children, came anear, saying, 'Who art thou

That standest gazing on the Elder? Lo,  
Thou dost not well : withdraw ; for it was thou  
Whose stranger presence troubled him, and brought  
The fit of prophecy.' And he did turn  
To look upon them, and their majesty  
And glorious beauty took away his words ;  
And being pure among the vile, he cast  
In his thought a veil of snow-white purity  
Over the beauteous throng. 'Thou dost not well,'  
They said. He answered : ' Blossoms o' the world,  
Fruitful as fair, never in watered glade,  
Where in the youngest grass blue cups push forth,  
And the white lily reareth up her head,  
And purples cluster, and the saffron flower  
Clear as a flame of sacrifice breaks out,  
And every cedar bough, made delicate  
With climbing roses, drops in white and red,—  
Saw I (good angels keep you in their care)  
So beautiful a crowd.'

With that, they stamped,  
Gnashed their white teeth, and turning, fled and  
spat  
Upon the floor. The Elder spake to him,  
Yet shaking with the burden, ' Who art thou ?'  
He answered, ' I, the man whom thou didst send  
To fetch through this thy woodland, do forbear  
To tell my name ; thou lovest it not, great sire,—  
No, nor mine errand. To thy house I spake,

Touching their beauty.' 'Wherefore didst thou  
spite,'

Quoth he, 'the daughters?' and it seemed he lost  
Count of that prophecy, for very age,  
And from his thin lips dropt a trembling laugh.

'Wicked old man,' quoth he, 'this wise old man  
I see as 't were not I. Thou bad old man,  
What shall be done to thee? for thou didst burn  
Their babes, and strew the ashes all about,  
To rid the world of His white soldiers. Ay,  
Scenting of human sacrifice, they fled.  
Cowards! I heard them winnow their great wings:  
They went to tell Him; but they came no more.  
The women hate to hear of them, so sore  
They grudged their little ones; and yet no way  
There was but that. I took it; I did well.'

With that he fell to weeping. 'Son,' said he,  
'Long have I hid mine eyes from stalwart men,  
For it is hard to lose the majesty  
And pride and power of manhood: but to-day,  
Stand forth into the light, that I may look  
Upon thy strength, and think, EVEN THUS DID I,  
IN THE GLORY OF MY YOUTH, MORE LIKE TO GOD  
THAN LIKE HIS SOLDIERS, FACE THE VASSAL WORLD.'

Then Noah stood forward in his majesty,  
Shouldering the golden billhook, wherewithal

He wont to cut his way, when tangled in  
The matted hayes. And down the opened roof  
Fell slanting beams upon his stately head,  
And streamed along his gown, and made to shine  
The jewelled sandals on his feet.

And, lo,

The Elder cried aloud : ' I prophesy.  
Behold, my son is as a fruitful field  
When all the lands are waste. The archers drew—  
They drew the bow against him ; they were fain  
To slay : but he shall live—my son shall live,  
And I shall live by him in the other days.  
Behold the prophet of the Most High God :  
Hear him. Behold the hope o' the world, what time  
She lieth under. Hear him ; he shall save  
A seed alive, and sow the earth with man.  
O, earth ! earth ! earth ! a floating shell of wood  
Shall hold the remnant of thy mighty lords.  
Will this old man be in it ? Sir, and you  
My daughters, hear him ! Lo, this white old man  
He sitteth on the ground. (Let be, let be :  
Why dost Thou trouble us to make our tongue  
Ring with abhorred words ?) The prophecy  
Of the Elder, and the vision that he saw,  
They both are ended.'

Then said Noah : ' The life  
Of this my lord is low for very age :  
Why then, with bitter words upon thy tongue,

Father of Lamech, dost thou anger Him ?  
Thou canst not strive against Him now.' He said :  
'Thy feet are toward the valley, where lie bones  
Bleaching upon the desert. Did I love  
The lithe strong lizards that I yoked and set  
To draw my car ? and were they not possessed ?  
Yea, all of them were liars. I loved them well.  
What did the Enemy, but on a day  
When I behind my talking team went forth,  
They sweetly lying, so that all men praised  
Their flattering tongues and mild persuasive eyes—  
What did the Enemy but send His slaves,  
Angels, to cast down stones upon their heads  
And break them ? Nay, I could not stir abroad  
But havoc came ; they never crept or flew  
Beyond the shelter that I builded here,  
But straight the crowns I had set upon their heads  
Were marks for myrmidons that in the clouds  
Kept watch to crush them. Can a man forgive  
That hath been warred on thus ? I will not. Nay,  
I swear it—I, the man Methuselah.'  
The Master-shipwright, he replied, ' 'T is true,  
Great loss was that ; but they that stood thy friends,  
The wicked spirits, spoke upon their tongues,  
And cursed the God of heaven. What marvel, sir,  
If He was angered ? ' But the Elder cried,  
'They all are dead—the toward beasts I loved ;  
My goodly team, my joy, they all are dead ;

Their bones lie bleaching in the wilderness :  
And I will keep my wrath for evermore  
Against the Enemy that slew them. Go,  
Thou coward servant of a tyrant King,  
Go down the desert of the bones, and ask,  
“My King, what bones are these? Methuselah,  
The white old man that sitteth on the ground,  
Sendeth a message, ‘Bid them that they live,  
And let my lizards run up every path  
They wont to take when out of silver pipes,  
The pipes that Tubal wrought into my roof,  
I blew a sweeter cry than song-bird’s throat  
Hath ever formed ; and while they laid their heads  
Submiss upon my threshold, poured away  
Music that welled by heartsful out, and made  
The throats of men that heard to swell, their  
breasts  
To heave with the joy of grief ; yea, caused the lips  
To laugh of men asleep.

Return to me

The great wise lizards ; aye, and them that flew  
My pursuivants before me. Let me yoke  
Again that multitude ; and here I swear  
That they shall draw my car and me thereon  
Straight to the ship of doom. So men shall know  
My loyalty, that I submit, and Thou  
Shalt yet have honour, O mine Enemy,  
By me. The speech of old Methuselah.’ ”

Then Noah made answer, 'By the living God,  
That is no enemy to men, great sire,  
I will not take thy message; hear thou Him.  
"Behold (He saith that suffereth thee), behold,  
The earth that I made green cries out to Me,  
Red with the costly blood of beauteous man.  
I am robbed, I am robbed (He saith); they  
sacrifice

To evil demons of My blameless flocks,  
That I did fashion with My hand. Behold,  
How goodly was the world! I gave it thee  
Fresh from its finishing. What hast thou done?  
I will cry out to the waters, *Cover it,*  
*And hide it from its Father. Lo, Mine eyes*  
*Turn from it shamed."*

With that the old man laughed  
Full softly. 'Ay,' quoth he, 'a goodly world,  
And we have done with it as we did list.  
Why did He give it us? Nay, look you, son:  
Five score they were that died in yonder waste;  
And if He crieth, "Repent, be reconciled,"  
I answer, "Nay, my lizards;" and again,  
If He will trouble me in this mine age,  
"Why hast Thou slain my lizards?" Now my  
speech

Is cut away from all my other words,  
Standing alone. The Elder sweareth it,  
The man of many days, Methuselah.'



Then answered Noah, ' My Master, hear it not ;  
But yet have patience ; ' and he turned himself,  
And down betwixt the ordered trees went forth,  
And in the light of evening made his way  
Into the waste to meet the Voice of God.

## BOOK III.

ABOVE the head of great Methuselah  
There lay two demons in the opened roof  
Invisible, and gathered up his words ;  
For when the Elder prophesied, it came  
About, that hidden things were shown to them,  
And burdens that he spake against his time.

(But never heard them, such as dwelt with him ;  
Their ears they stopped, and willed to live at ease  
In all delight ; and perfect in their youth,  
And strong, disport them in the perfect world.)

Now these were fettered that they could not fly,  
For a certain disobedience they had wrought  
Against the ruler of their host ; but not  
The less they loved their cause ; and when the feet  
O' the Master-builder were no longer heard,  
They, slipping to the sward, right painfully  
Did follow, for the one to the other said,  
' Behoves our master know of this ; and us,  
Should he be favourable, he may loose  
From these our bonds.'

And thus it came to pass,  
That while at dead of night the old dragon lay  
Coiled in the cavern where he dwelt, the watch  
Pacing before it saw in middle air  
A boat, that gleamed like fire, and on it came,  
And rocked as it drew near, and then it burst  
And went to pieces, and there fell therefrom,  
Close at the cavern's mouth, two glowing balls.

Now there was drawn a curtain nigh the mouth  
Of that deep cave, to testify of wrath.  
The dragon had been wroth with some that served,  
And chased them from him ; and his oracles,  
That wont to drop from him, were stopped, and men  
Might only pray to him through that fell web  
That hung before him. Then did whisper low  
Some of the little spirits that bat-like clung  
And cluster'd round the opening. 'Lo,' they said,  
While gazed the watch upon those glowing balls,  
'These are like moons eclipsed ; but let them lie  
Red on the moss, and sear its dewy spires,  
Until our lord give leave to draw the web,  
And quicken reverence by his presence dread,  
For he will know and call to them by name,  
And they will change. At present he is sick,  
And wills that none disturb him.' So they lay,  
And there was silence, for the forest tribes  
Came never near that cave. Wiser than men,

They fled the serpent hiss that oft by night  
Came forth of it, and feared the wan dusk forms  
That stalked among the trees, and in the dark  
Those whiffs of flame that wandered up the sky  
And made the moonlight sickly.

Now, the cave  
Was marvellous for beauty, wrought with tools  
Into the living rock, for there had worked  
All cunning men, to cut on it with signs  
And shows, yea, all the manner of mankind.  
The fateful apple-tree was there, a bough  
Bent with the weight of him that us beguiled ;  
And lilies of the field did seem to blow  
And bud in the storied stone. There Tubal sat,  
Who from his harp delivered music, sweet  
As any in the spheres. Yea, more ;  
Earth's latest wonder, on the walls appeared,  
Unfinished, workmen clustering on its ribs ;  
And farther back, within the rock hewn out,  
Angelic figures stood, that impious hands  
Had fashioned ; many golden lamps they held  
By golden chains depending, and their eyes  
All tended in a reverend quietude  
Toward the couch whereon the dragon lay.  
The floor was beaten gold ; the curly lengths  
Of his last coils lay on it, hid from sight  
With a coverlet made stiff with crusting gems,  
Fire opals shooting, rubies, fierce bright eyes

Of diamonds, or the pale green emerald,  
That changed their lustre when he breathed.

His head

Feathered with crimson combs, and all his neck,  
And half-shut fans of his admirèd wings,  
That in their scaly splendour put to shame  
Or gold or stone, lay on his ivory couch  
And shivered ; for the dragon suffered pain :  
He suffered and he feared. It was his doom,  
The tempter, that he never should depart  
From the bright creature that in Paradise  
He for his evil purpose erst possessed,  
Until it died. Thus only, spirit of might  
And chiefest spirit of ill, could he be free.

But with its nature wed, as souls of men  
Are wedded to their clay, he took the dread  
Of death and dying, and the coward heart  
Of the beast, and craven terrors of the end  
Sank him that habited within it to dread  
Disunion. He, a dark dominion erst  
Rebellious, lay and trembled, for the flesh  
Daunted his immaterial. He was sick  
And sorry. Great ones of the earth had sent  
Their chief musicians for to comfort him,  
Chanting his praise, the friend of man, the god  
That gave them knowledge, at so great a price  
And costly. Yea, the riches of the mine,

And glorious broidered work, and woven gold,  
And all things wisely made, they at his feet  
Laid daily ; for they said, ‘ This mighty one,  
All the world wonders after him. He lieth  
Sick in his dwelling ; he hath long foregone  
(To do us good) dominion, and a throne,  
And his brave warfare with the Enemy,  
So much he pitieth us that were denied  
The gain and gladness of this knowledge. Now  
Shall he be certified of gratitude,  
And smell the sacrifice that most he loves.’

The night was dark, but every lamp gave forth  
A tender, lustrous beam. His beauteous wings  
The dragon fluttered, cursed awhile, then turned  
And moaned with lamentable voice, ‘ I thirst,  
Give me to drink.’ Thereon stepped out in haste,  
From inner chambers, lovely ministrants,  
Young boys with radiant locks and peaceful eyes,  
And poured out liquor from their cups, to cool  
His parchèd tongue, and kneeling held it nigh  
In jewelled basins sparkling ; and he lapped,  
And was appeased, and said, ‘ I will not hide  
Longer, my much desired face from men.  
Draw back the web of separation.’ Then  
With cries of gratulation ran they forth,  
And flung it wide, and all the watch fell low,  
Each on his face, as drunk with sudden joy.

Thus marked he, glowing on the branchèd moss,  
Those red rare moons, and let his serpent eyes  
Consider them full subtly, 'What be these ?'  
Enquiring : and the little spirits said,  
'As we for thy protection (having heard  
That wrathful sons of darkness walk to-night,  
Such as do oft ill use us), clustered here,  
We marked a boat a-fire, that sailed the skies,  
And furrowed up like spray a billowy cloud,  
And, lo, it went to pieces, scattering down  
A rain of sparks and these two angry moons.'  
Then said the dragon, 'Let my guard, and you,  
Attendant hosts, recede ;' and they went back,  
And formed about the cave a widening ring,  
Then halting, stood afar ; and from the cave  
The snaky wonder spoke, with hissing tongue,  
'If ye were Tartis and Deleisonon,  
Be Tartis and Deleisonon once more.'

Then egg-like cracked the glowing balls, and forth  
Started black angels, trampling hard to free  
Their fettered feet from out the smoking shell.

And he said, 'Tartis and Deleisonon,  
Your lord I am : draw nigh.' 'Thou art our lord,'  
They answered, and with fettered limbs full low  
They bent, and made obeisance. Furthermore,  
'O fiery flying serpent, after whom  
The nations go, let thy dominion last,'

They said, 'for ever.' And the serpent said,  
'It shall : unfold your errand.' They replied,  
One speaking for a space, and afterward  
His fellow taking up the word with fear  
And panting, 'We were set to watch the mouth  
Of great Methuselah. There came to him  
The son of Lamech two days since.' 'My lord,  
They prophesied, the Elder prophesied,  
Unwitting, of the flood of waters—ay,  
A vision was before him, and the lands  
Lay under water drowned : he saw the ark—  
It floated in the Enemy's right hand.'  
'Lord of the lost, the son of Lamech fled  
Into the wilderness to meet His voice  
That reigneth ; and we, diligent to hear  
Aught that might serve thee, followed, but, forbid  
To enter, lay upon its boundary cliff,  
And wished for morning.'

'When the dawn was red,  
We sought the man, we marked him ; and he  
prayed—  
Kneeling, he prayed in the valley, and he said—'  
'Nay,' quoth the serpent, 'spare me, what devout  
He fawning grovelled to the All-powerful ;  
But if of what shall hap he aught let fall,  
Speak that.' They answered, 'He did pray as one  
That looketh to outlive mankind—and more,  
We are certified by all his scattered words,



That HE will take from men their length of days,  
And cut them off like grass in its first flower :  
From henceforth this shall be.'

That when he heard,  
The dragon made to the night his moan.

'And more,'  
They said, 'that He above would have men know  
That He doth love them, whoso will repent,  
To that man he is favourable, yea,  
Will be his loving Lord.'

The dragon cried,  
'The last is worse than all. Oh, man, thy heart  
Is stout against His wrath. But will He love ?  
I heard it rumoured in the heavens of old,  
(And doth He love?) Thou wilt not, canst not, stand  
Against the love of God. Dominion fails ;  
I see it float from me, that long have worn  
Fetters of flesh to win it. Love of God !  
I cry against thee ; thou art worse than all.'  
They answered, 'Be not moved, admirèd chief  
And trusted of mankind ;' and they went on,  
And fed him with the prophecies that fell  
From the Master-shipwright in his prayer.

But prone  
He lay, for he was sick : at every word  
Prophetic cowering. As a bruising blow,  
It fell upon his head and daunted him,  
Until they ended, saying, 'Prince, behold,  
Thy servants have revealed the whole.'

## Thereon

He out of snaky lips did hiss forth thanks.  
Then said he, 'Tartis and Deleisonon,  
Receive your wages.' So their fetters fell ;  
And they retiring, lauded him, and cried,  
'King, reign for ever.' Then he mourned, 'Amen.'

And he—being left alone—he said : 'A light !  
I see a light—a star among the trees—  
An angel.' And it drew toward the cave,  
But with its sacred feet touched not the grass,  
Nor lifted up the lids of its pure eyes,  
But hung a span's length from that ground pollute,  
At the opening of the cave.

And when he looked,  
The dragon cried, 'Thou newly-fashioned thing,  
Of name unknown, thy scorn becomes thee not.  
Doth not thy Master suffer what thine eyes  
Thou countest all too clean to open on ?'  
But still it hovered, and the quietness  
Of holy heaven was on the drooping lids ;  
And not as one that answereth, it let fall  
The music from its mouth, but like to one  
That doth not hear, or, hearing, doth not heed.

'A message : "I have heard thee, while remote  
I went My rounds among the unfinished stars."  
A message : "I have left thee to thy ways,

And mastered all thy vileness, for thy hate  
I have made to serve the ends of My great love.  
Hereafter will I chain thee down. To-day  
One thing thou art forbidden ; now thou knowest  
The name thereof : I told it thee in heaven,  
When thou wert sitting at My feet. Forbear  
To let that hidden thing be whispered forth :  
For man, ungrateful (and thy hope it was,  
That so ungrateful he might prove), would scorn,  
And not believe it, adding so fresh weight  
Of condemnation to the doomèd world.  
Concerning that, thou art forbid to speak ;  
Know thou didst count it, falling from My tongue,  
A lovely song, whose meaning was unknown,  
Unknowable, unbearable to thought,  
But sweeter in the hearing than all harps  
Toned in My holy hollow. Now thine ears  
Are opened, know it, and discern and fear,  
Forbearing speech of it for evermore.'

So said, it turned, and with a cry of joy,  
As one released, went up : and it was dawn,  
And all boughs dropped with dew, and out of mist  
Came the red sun and looked into the cave.

But the dragon, left a-tremble, called to him,  
From the nether kingdom, certain of his friends—  
Three whom he trusted, councillors accursed.

A thunder-cloud stooped low and swathed the place  
In its black swirls, and out of it they rushed,  
And hid them in recesses of the cave,  
Because they could not look upon the sun,  
Sith light is pure. And Satan called to them—  
All in the dark, in his great rage he spake :  
'Up,' quoth the dragon ; 'it is time to work,  
Or we are all undone.' And he did hiss,  
And there came shudderings over land and trees,  
A dimness after dawn. The earth threw out  
A blinding fog, that crept toward the cave,  
And rolled up blank before it like a veil—  
A curtain to conceal its habitors.  
Then did those spirits move upon the floor,  
Like pillars of darkness, and with eyes aglow.  
One had a helm for covering of the scars  
That seamed what rested of a goodly face ;  
He wore his vizor up, and all his words  
Were hollower than an echo from the hills :  
He was hight Make. And, lo, his fellow-fiend  
Came after, holding down his dastard head,  
Like one ashamed : now this for craft was great ;  
The dragon honoured him. A third sat down  
Among them, covering with his wasted hand  
Somewhat that pained his breast.

And when the fit  
Of thunder, and the sobbings of the wind,  
Were lulled, the dragon spoke with wrath and rage,

And told them of his matters : ' Look to this,  
If ye be loyal ; ' adding, ' Give your thoughts,  
And let me have your counsel in this need.'

One spirit rose and spake, and all the cave  
Was full of sighs, ' The words of Make the Prince,  
Of him once delegate in Betelgeux :  
Whereas of late the manner is to change,  
We know not where 't will end ; and now my words  
Go thus : give way, be peaceable, lie still  
And strive not, else the world that we have won  
He may, to drive us out, reduce to nought.

' For while I stood in mine obedience yet,  
Steering of Betelgeux my sun, behold,  
A moon, that evil ones did fill, rolled up  
Astray, and suddenly the Master came,  
And while, a million strong, like rooks they rose,  
He took and broke it, flung it here and there,  
And called a blast to drive the powder forth ;  
And it was fine as dust, and blurred the skies  
Farther than 't is from hence to this young sun.  
Spirits that passed upon their work that day,  
Cried out, " How dusty 't is." Behoves us, then,  
That we depart, as leaving unto Him  
This goodly world and goodly race of man.  
Not all are doomed : hereafter it may be  
That we find place on it again. But if,

Too zealous to preserve it, and the men  
Our servants, we oppose Him, He may come  
And choosing rather to undo His work  
Than strive with it for aye, make so an end.'

He sighing paused. Lo, then the serpent hissed  
In impotent rage, 'Depart! and how depart!  
Can flesh be carried down where spirits wonn?  
Or I, most miserable, hold my life  
Over the airless, bottomless gulf, and bide  
The buffetings of yonder shoreless sea?  
O death, thou terrible doom: O death, thou dread  
Of all that breathe.'

A spirit rose and spake:

'Whereas in Heaven is power, is much to fear;  
For this admired country we have marred.  
Whereas in Heaven is love (and there are days  
When yet I can recall what love was like),  
Is nought to fear. A threatening makes the  
whole,  
And clogged with strong conditions: "O, repent,  
Man, and I turn." He, therefore, powerful now,  
And more so, master, that ye bide in clay,  
Threateneth that He may save. They shall not die.'

The dragon said, 'I tremble, I am sick.'  
He said with pain of heart, 'How am I fallen!  
For I keep silence; yea, I have withdrawn

From haunting of His gates, and shouting up  
Defiance. Wherefore doth He hunt me out  
From this small world, this little one, that I  
Have been content to take unto myself,  
I here being loved and worshippèd? He knoweth  
How much I have foregone; and must He stoop  
To whelm the world, and heave the floors o' the  
deep,

Of purpose to pursue me from my place?  
And since I gave men knowledge, must He take  
Their length of days whereby they perfect it?  
So shall He scatter all that I have stored,  
And get them by degrading them. I know  
That in the end it is appointed me  
To fade. I will not fade before the time.'

A spirit rose, the third, a spirit ashamed  
And subtle, and his face he turned aside:  
'Whereas,' said he, 'we strive against both power  
And love, behoves us that we strive aright.  
Now some of old my comrades, yesterday  
I met, as they did journey to appear  
In the Presence; and I said, "My master lieth  
Sick yonder, otherwise (for no decree  
There stands against it) he would also come  
And make obeisance with the sons of God."  
They answered, nought denying. Therefore, lord,  
'T is certain that ye have admittance yet;

And what doth hinder ? Nothing but this breath.  
Were it not well to make an end, and die,  
And gain admittance to the King of kings ?  
What if thy slaves by thy consent should take  
And bear thee on their wings above the earth,  
And suddenly let fall—how soon 't were o'er !  
We should have fear and sinking at the heart ;  
But in a little moment we should see,  
Rising majestic from a ruined heap,  
The stately spirit that we served of yore.'

The serpent turned his subtle deadly eyes  
Upon the spirit, and hissed ; and sick with shame,  
It bowed itself together, and went back  
With hidden face. ' This counsel is not good,'  
The other twain made answer ; ' look, my lord,  
Whereas 'tis evil in thine eyes, in ours  
'T is evil also ; speak, for we perceive  
That on thy tongue the words of counsel sit,  
Ready to fly to our right greedy ears,  
That long for them.' And Satan, flattered thus  
(For ever may the serpent kind be charmed,  
With soft sweet words, and music deftly played),  
Replied, ' Whereas I surely rule the world,  
Behoves that ye prepare for me a path,  
And that I, putting of my pains aside,  
Go stir rebellion in the mighty hearts  
O' the giants ; for He loveth them, and looks



Full oft complacent on their glorious strength.  
He willeth that they yield, that He may spare ;  
But, by the blackness of my loathed den,  
I say they shall not, no, they shall not yield ;  
Go, therefore, take to you some harmless guise,  
And spread a rumour that I come. I, sick,  
Sorry, and aged, hasten. I have heard  
Whispers that out of heaven dropped unaware.  
I caught them up, and sith they bode men harm,  
I am ready for to comfort them ; yea, more,  
To counsel, and I will that they drive forth  
The women, the abhorred of my soul ;  
Let not a woman breathe where I shall pass,  
Lest the curse falleth, and she bruise my head.  
Friends, if it be their mind to send for me  
An army, and triumphant draw me on  
In the golden car ye wot of, and with shouts,  
I would not that ye hinder them. Ah, then  
Will I make hard their hearts, and grieve Him  
sore,  
That loves them, O, by much too well to wet  
Their stately heads, and soil those locks of  
strength  
Under the fateful brine. Then afterward,  
While He doth reason vainly with them, I  
Will offer Him a pact : " Great King, a pact,  
And men shall worship Thee, I say they shall,  
For I will bid them do it, yea, and leave

To sacrifice their kind, so Thou my name  
Wilt suffer to be worshipped after Thine.”’

‘Yea, my lord Satan,’ quoth they, ‘do this thing,  
And let us hear thy words, for they are sweet.’

Then he made answer, ‘By a messenger  
Have I this day been warned. There is a deed  
I may not tell of, lest the people add  
Scorn of a Coming Greatness to their faults.  
Why this ? Who careth when about to slay,  
And slay indeed, how well they have deserved  
Death, whom he slayeth ? Therefore yet is hid  
A meaning of some mercy that will rob  
The nether world. Now look to it—’T were vain,  
Albeit this deluge He would send indeed,  
That we expect the harvest ; He would yet  
Be the Master-reaper ; for I heard it said,  
They that be young and know Him not, and they  
That are bound and may not build, yea, more, their  
wives,

Whom, suffering not to hear the doom, they keep  
Joyous behind the curtains, every one  
With maidens nourished in the house, and babes  
And children at her knees—(then what remain !)  
He claimeth and will gather for His own.  
Now, therefore, it were good by guile to work,  
Princes, and suffer not the doom to fall.

There is no evil like to love. I heard  
Him whisper it. Have I put on this flesh  
To ruin His two children beautiful,  
And shall my deed confound me in the end,  
Through awful imitation? Love of God,  
I cry against thee; thou art worst of all.'

## BOOK IV.

Now while these evil ones took counsel strange,  
The son of Lamech journeyed home ; and, lo !  
A company came down, and struck the track  
As he did enter it. There rode in front  
Two horsemen, young and noble, and behind  
Were following slaves with tent gear ; others led  
Strong horses, others bare the instruments  
O' the chase, and in the rear dull camels lagged,  
Sighing, for they were burdened, and they loved  
The desert sands above that grassy vale.

And as they met, those horsemen drew the rein,  
And fixed on him their grave untroubled eyes ;  
He in his regal grandeur walked alone,  
And had nor steed nor follower, and his mien  
Was grave and like to theirs. He said to them,  
' Fair sirs, whose are ye ? ' They made answer cold,  
' The beautiful woman, sir, our mother dear,  
Niloiya, bare us to great Lamech's son.'  
And he, replying, ' I am he.' They said,  
' We know it, sir. We have remembered you  
Through many seasons. Pray you let us not ;

We fain would greet our mother.' And they made  
Obeisance and passed on ; then all their train,  
Which while they spoke had halted, moved apace,  
And, while the silent father stood, went by,  
He gazing after, as a man that dreams ;  
For he was sick with their cold, quiet scorn,  
That seemed to say, ' Father, we own you not,  
We love you not, for you have left us long—  
So long, we care not that you come again.'

And while the sullen<sup>1</sup> camels moved, he spake  
To him that led the last, ' There are but two  
Of these my sons ; but where doth Japhet ride ?  
For I would see him.' And the leader said,  
' Sir, ye shall find him, if ye follow up  
Along the track. Afore the noonday meal  
The young men, even our masters, bathed ; (there  
grows

A clump of cedars by the bend of yon  
Clear river)—there did Japhet, after meat,  
Being right weary, lay him down and sleep.  
There, with a company of slaves and some  
Few camels, ye shall find him.'

And the man,  
The father of these three, did let him pass,  
And struggle and give battle to his heart,  
Standing as motionless as pillar set  
To guide a wanderer in a pathless waste ;

But all his strength went from him, and he strove  
Vainly to trample out and trample down  
The misery of his love unsatisfied—  
Unutterable love flung in his face.

Then he broke out in passionate words, that cried  
Against his lot, 'I have lost my own, and won  
None other; no, not one! Alas, my sons!  
That I have looked to for my solacing,  
In the bitterness to come. My children dear!'—  
And when from his own lips he heard those words,  
With passionate stirring of the heart, he wept.

And none came near to comfort him. His face  
Was on the ground; but having wept, he rose  
Full hastily, and urged his way to find  
The river; and in hollow of his hand  
Raised up the water to his brow: 'This son,  
This other son of mine,' he said, 'shall see  
No tears upon my face.' And he looked on,  
Beheld the camels, and a group of slaves  
Sitting apart from some one fast asleep,  
Where they had spread out webs of broidery work  
Under a cedar tree; and he came on,  
And when they made obeisance he declared  
His name, and said, 'I will beside my son  
Sit till he wakeneth.' So Japhet lay  
A-dreaming, and his father drew to him.

He said, 'This cannot scorn me yet;' and paused,  
Right angry with himself, because the youth,  
Albeit of stately growth, so languidly  
Lay with a listless smile upon his mouth,  
That was full sweet and pure; and as he looked,  
He half forgot his trouble in his pride.  
'And is this mine?' said he, 'my son! mine own!  
(God, thou art good!) O, if this turn away,  
That pang shall be past bearing. I must think  
That all the sweetness of his goodly face  
Is copied from his soul. How beautiful  
Are children to their fathers! Son, my heart  
Is greatly glad because of thee; my life  
Shall lack of no completeness in the days  
To come. If I forget the joy of youth,  
In thee shall I be comforted; ay, see  
My youth, a dearer than my own again.'

And when he ceased, the youth, with sleep content,  
Murmured a little, turned himself and woke.

He woke, and opened on his father's face  
The darkness of his eyes; but not a word  
The Master-shipwright said—his lips were sealed;  
He was not ready, for he feared to see  
This mouth curl up with scorn. And Japhet spoke,  
Full of the calm that cometh after sleep:  
'Sir, I have dreamed of you. I pray you, sir,

What is your name ?' and even with his words  
His countenance changed. The son of Lamech said,  
'Why art thou sad ? What have I done to thee ?'  
And Japhet answered, 'Oh, methought I fled  
In the wilderness before a maddened beast,  
And you came up and slew it ; and I thought  
You were my father ; but I fear me, sir,  
My thoughts were vain.' With that his father said,  
'Whate'er of blessing Thou reserv'st for me,  
God ! if Thou wilt not give to both, give here :  
Bless him with both Thy hands ;' and laid his own  
On Japhet's head.

Then Japhet looked on him,  
Made quiet by content, and answered low,  
With faltering laughter, glad and reverent : 'Sir,  
You are my father ?' 'Ay,' quoth he, 'I am !  
Kiss me, my son ; and let me hear my name,  
My much desired name, from your dear lips.'

Then after, rested, they betook them home :  
And Japhet, walking by the Master, thought,  
'I did not will to love this sire of mine ;  
But now I feel as if I had always known  
And loved him well ; truly, I see not why,  
But I would rather serve him than go free  
With my two brethren.' And he said to him,  
'Father !'—who answered, 'I am here, my son.'  
And Japhet said, 'I pray you, sir, attend



To this my answer : let me go with you,  
For, now I think on it, I do not love  
The chase, nor managing the steed, nor yet  
The arrows and the bow ; but rather you,  
For all you do and say, and you yourself,  
Are goodly and delightsome in mine eyes.  
I pray you, sir, when you go forth again,  
That I may also go.' And he replied,  
' I will tell thy speech unto the Highest ; He  
Shall answer it. But I would speak to thee  
Now of the days to come. Know thou, most dear  
To this thy father, that the drenchèd world,  
When risen clean washed from water, shall receive  
From thee her lordliest governors, from thee  
Daughters of noblest soul.'

So Japhet said,

' Sir, I am young, but of my mother straight  
I will go ask a wife, that this may be.  
I pray you, therefore, as the manner is  
Of fathers, give me land that I may reap  
Corn for sustaining of my wife, and bruise  
The fruit of the vine to cheer her.' But he said,  
' Dost thou forget ? or dost thou not believe,  
My son ?' He answered, ' I did ne'er believe,  
My father, ere to-day ; but now, methinks,  
Whatever thou believest I believe,  
For thy belovèd sake. If this then be  
As thou (I hear) hast said, and earth doth bear

The last of her wheat harvests, and make ripe  
The latest of her grapes ; yet hear me, sir,  
None of the daughters shall be given to me  
If I be landless.' Then his father said,  
'Lift up thine eyes toward the north, my son :'  
And so he did. 'Behold thy heritage !'  
Quoth the world's prince and master, 'far away  
Upon the side o' the north, where green the field  
Lies every season through, and where the dews  
Of heaven are wholesome, shall thy children reign ;  
I part it to them, for the earth is mine ;  
The Highest gave it me : I make it theirs.  
Moreover, for thy marriage gift, behold  
The cedars where thou sleptst ! There are vines ;  
And up the rise is growing wheat. I give  
(For all, alas ! is mine)—I give thee both  
For dowry, and my blessing.'

And he said,

'Sir, you are good, and therefore the Most High  
Shall bless me also. Sir, I love you well.'

## BOOK V.

AND when two days were over, Japhet said,  
‘Mother, so please you, get a wife for me.’  
The mother answered, ‘Dost thou mock me, son ?  
’T is not the manner of our kin to wed  
So young. Thou knowest it ; art thou not ashamed ?  
Thou carest not for a wife.’ And the youth blushed,  
And made for answer : ‘This, my father, saith  
The doom is nigh ; now therefore find a maid,  
Or else shall I be wifeless all my days.  
And as for me, I care not ; but the lands  
Are parted, and the goodliest share is mine.  
And lo ! my brethren are betrothed ; their maids  
Are with thee in the house. Then why not mine ?  
Didst thou not diligently search for these  
Among the noblest born of all the earth,  
And bring them up ? My sisters, dwell they not  
With women that bespake them for their sons ?  
Now, therefore, let a wife be found for me,  
Fair as the day, and gentle to my will  
As thou art to my father’s.’ When she heard,  
Niloiya sighed, and answered, ‘It is well.’  
And Japhet went out from her presence.

Then

Quoth the great Master : ' Wherefore sought ye not,  
Woman, these many days, nor tired at all,  
Till ye had found, a maiden for my son ?  
In this ye have done ill.' Niloiya said :  
' Let not my lord be angry. All my soul  
Is sad : my lord hath walked afar so long,  
That some despise thee ; yea, our servants fail  
Lately to bring their stint of corn and wood.  
And, sir, thy household slaves do steal away  
To thy great father, and our lands lie waste—  
None till them : therefore think the women scorn  
To give me—whatsoever gems I send,  
And goodly raiment—(yea, I seek afar,  
And sue with all desire and humbleness  
Through every master's house, but no one gives)—  
A daughter for my son.' With that she ceased.

Then said the Master : ' Some thou hast with thee,  
Brought up among thy children, dutiful  
And fair ; thy father gave them for my slaves—  
Children of them whom he brought captive forth  
From their own heritage.' And she replied,  
Right scornfully : ' Shall Japhet wed a slave ?'  
Then said the Master : ' He shall wed : look thou  
To that. I say not he shall wed a slave ;  
But by the might of One that made him mine,  
I will not quit thee for my doomed way

Until thou wilt betroth him. Therefore, haste,  
Beautiful woman, loved of me and mine,  
To bring a maiden, and to say, "Behold  
A wife for Japhet." ' Then she answered, ' Sir,  
It shall be done.'

And forth Niloiya sped.  
She gathered all her jewels—all she held  
Of costly or of rich—and went and spake  
With some few slaves that yet abode with her,  
For daily they were fewer; and went forth,  
With fair and flattering words, among her feres,  
And fain had wrought with them: and she had hope  
That made her sick, it was so faint; and then  
She had fear, and after she had certainty,  
For all did scorn her. 'Nay,' they cried, 'O fool!  
If this be so, and on a watery world  
Ye think to rock, what matters if a wife  
Be free or bond? There shall be none to rule,  
If she have freedom: if she have it not,  
None shall there be to serve.'

And she alit,  
The time being done, desponding at her door,  
And went behind a screen, where should have wrought  
The daughters of the captives; but there wrought  
One only, and this rose from off the floor,  
Where she the river rush full deftly wove,  
' And made obeisance. Then Niloiya said,  
' Where are thy fellows?' And the maid replied,

‘ Let not Niloiya, this my lady loved,  
Be angry ; they are fled since yesternight.’  
Then said Niloiya, ‘ Amarant, my slave,  
When have I called thee by thy name before ?’  
She answered, ‘ Lady, never ;’ and she took  
And spread her broidered robe before her face.  
Niloiya spoke thus : ‘ I am come to woe,  
And thou to honour.’ Saying this, she wept  
Passionate tears ; and all the damsel’s soul  
Was full of yearning wonder, and her robe  
Slipped from her hand, and her right innocent face  
Was seen betwixt her locks of tawny hair  
That dropped about her knees, and her two eyes,  
Blue as the much-loved flower that rims the beck,  
Looked sweetly on Niloiya ; but she knew  
No meaning in her words ; and she drew nigh,  
And kneeled and said, ‘ Will this my lady speak ?  
Her damsel is desirous of her words.’  
Then said Niloiya, ‘ I, thy mistress, sought  
A wife for Japhet, and no wife is found.’  
And yet again she wept with grief of heart,  
Saying, ‘ Ah me, miserable ! I must give  
A wife : the Master willeth it : a wife,  
Ah me ! unto the high-born. He will scorn  
His mother and reproach me. I must give—  
None else have I to give—a slave—even thee.’  
This further spake Niloiya : ‘ I was good—  
Had rue on thee, a tender sucking child,

When they did tear thee from thy mother's breast ;  
I fed thee, gave thee shelter, and I taught  
Thy hands all cunning arts that women prize.  
But out on me ! my good is turned to ill.  
O, Japhet, well beloved !' And she rose up,  
And did restrain herself, saying, ' Dost thou heed ?  
Behold, this thing shall be.' The damsel sighed,  
' Lady, I do.' Then went Niloiya forth.

And Amarant murmured in her deep amaze,  
' Shall Japhet's little children kiss my mouth ?  
And will he sometimes take them from my arms,  
And almost care for me for their sweet sake ?  
I have not dared to think I loved him—now  
I know it well : but O, the bitterness  
For him !' And ending thus, the damsel rose,  
For Japhet entered. And she bowed herself  
Meekly and made obeisance, but her blood  
Ran cold about her heart, for all his face  
Was coloured with his passion.

Japhet spoke :

He said, ' My father's slave ;' and she replied,  
Low drooping her fair head, ' My master's son.'  
And after that a silence fell on them,  
With trembling at her heart, and rage at his.  
And Japhet, mastered of his passion, sat  
And could not speak. O ! cruel seemed his fate—  
So cruel her that told it, so unkind,

His breast was full of wounded love and wrath  
Wrestling together ; and his eyes flashed out  
Indignant lights, as all amazed he took  
The insult home that she had offered him,  
Who should have held his honour dear.

And, lo,  
The misery choked him, and he cried in pain,  
' Go, get thee forth ; ' but she, all white and still,  
Parted her lips to speak, and yet spake not,  
Nor moved. And Japhet rose up passionate,  
With lifted arm as one about to strike ;  
But she cried out and met him, and she held  
With desperate might his hand, and prayed to him,  
' Strike not, or else shall men from henceforth say,  
' Japhet is like to us. ' ' And he shook off  
The damsel, and he said, ' I thank thee, slave ;  
For never have I stricken yet or child  
Or woman. Not for thy sake am I glad,  
Nay, but for mine. Get hence. Obey my words. '  
Then Japhet lifted up his voice, and wept.

And no more he restrained himself, but cried,  
With heavings of the heart, ' O hateful day !  
O day that shuts the door upon delight.  
A slave ! to wed a slave ! O loathed wife,  
Hated of Japhet's soul. ' And after, long,  
With face between his hands, he sat, his thoughts  
Sullen and sore ; then scorned himself, and saying,



'I will not take her, I will die unwed,  
It is but that ;' lift up his eyes and saw  
The slave, and she was sitting at his feet ;  
And he, so greatly wondering that she dared  
The disobedience, looked her in the face  
Less angry than afraid, for pale she was  
As lily yet unsmiled on by the sun ;  
And he, his passion being spent, sighed out,  
'Low am I fallen indeed. Hast thou no fear,  
That thou dost flout me ?' but she gave to him  
The sighing echo of his sigh, and mourned,  
'No.'

And he wondered, and he looked again,  
For in her heart there was a new-born pang,  
That cried ; but she, as mothers with their young,  
Suffered, yet loved it ; and there shone a strange  
Grave sweetness in her blue unsullied eyes.  
And Japhet, leaning from the settle, thought,  
'What is it ? I will call her by her name,  
To comfort her, for also she is nought  
To blame ; and since I will not her to wife,  
She falls back from the freedom she had hoped.'  
Then he said, 'Amarant ;' and the damsel drew  
Her eyes down slowly from the shaded sky  
Of even, and she said, 'My master's son,  
Japhet ;' and Japhet said, 'I am not wroth  
With thee, but wretched for my mother's deed,  
Because she shamed me.'

And the maiden said,

‘Doth not thy father love thee well, sweet sir?’

‘Ay,’ quoth he, ‘well.’ She answered, ‘Let the heart

Of Japhet, then, be merry. Go to him  
And say, “The damsel whom my mother chose,  
Sits by her in the house; but as for me,  
Sir, ere I take her, let me go with you  
To that same outland country. Also, sir,  
My damsel hath not worked as yet the robe  
Of her betrothal;” now, then, sith he loves,  
He will not say thee nay. Herein for awhile  
Is respite, and thy mother far and near  
Will seek again: it may be she will find  
A fair, free maiden.’

Japhet said, ‘O maid,

Sweet are thy words; but what if I return,  
And all again be as it is to-day?’

Then Amarant answered, ‘Some have died in youth;  
But yet, I think not, sir, that I shall die.

Though ye shall find it even as I had died—

Silent, for any words I might have said;

Empty, for any space I might have filled.

Sir, I will steal away, and hide afar;

But if a wife be found, then will I bide

And serve.’ He answered, ‘Oh, thy speech is good;

Now therefore (since my mother gave me thee),

I will reward it; I will find for thee

A goodly husband, and will make him free  
Thee also.'

Then she started from his feet,  
And, red with shame and anger, flashed on him  
The passion of her eyes; and put her hands  
With catching of the breath to her fair throat,  
And stood in her defiance lost to fear,  
Like some fair hind in desperate danger turned  
And brought to bay, and wild in her despair.  
But shortly, 'I remember,' quoth she, low,  
With raining down of tears and broken sighs,  
'That I am Japhet's slave; 'beseech you, sir,  
As ye were ever gentle, ay, and sweet  
Of language to me, be not harder now.  
Sir, I was yours to take; I knew not, sir,  
That also ye might give me. Pray you, sir,  
Be pitiful—be merciful to me,  
A slave.' He said, 'I thought to do thee good,  
For good hath been thy counsel;' but she cried,  
'Good master, be you therefore pitiful  
To me, a slave.' And Japhet wondered much  
At her, and at her beauty, for he thought,  
'None of the daughters are so fair as this,  
Nor stand with such a grace majestical;  
She in her locks is like the travelling sun,  
Setting, all clad in coifing clouds of gold.  
And would she die unmatched?' He said to her,  
'What! wilt thou sail alone in yonder ship,

And dwell alone hereafter ?' ' Ay,' she said,  
' And serve my mistress.'

' It is well,' quoth he,  
And held his hand to her, as is the way  
Of masters. Then she kissed it, and she said,  
' Thanks for benevolence,' and turned herself,  
Adding, ' I rest, sir, on your gracious words ;'  
Then stepped into the twilight and was gone.

And Japhet, having found his father, said,  
' Sir, let me also journey when ye go.'  
Who answered, ' Hath thy mother done her part ?'  
He said, ' Yea, truly, and my damsel sits  
Before her in the house ; and also, sir,  
She said to me, " I have not worked, as yet,  
The garment of betrothal." ' And he said,  
' 'Tis not the manner of our kin to speak  
Concerning matters that a woman rules ;  
But hath thy mother brought a damsel home,  
And let her see thy face, then all is one  
As ye were wed.' He answered, ' Even so,  
It matters nothing ; therefore hear me, sir :  
The damsel being mine, I am content  
To let her do according to her will ;  
And when we shall return, so surely, sir,  
As I shall find her by my mother's side,  
Then will I take her ;' and he left to speak ;  
His father answering, ' Son, thy words are good.'

## BOOK VI.

NIGHT. Now a tent was pitched, and Japhet sat  
In the door and watched, for on a litter lay  
The father of his love. And he was sick  
To death ; but daily he would rouse him up,  
And stare upon the light, and ever say,  
' On, let us journey ; ' but it came to pass  
That night, across their path a river ran,  
And they who served the father and the son  
Had pitched the tents beside it, and had made  
A fire, to scare away the savagery  
That roamed in that great forest, for their way  
Had led among the trees of God.

The moon

Shone on the river, like a silver road  
To lead them over ; but when Japhet looked,  
He said, ' We shall not cross it. I shall lay  
This well-belovèd head low in the leaves —  
Not on the farther side.' From time to time,  
The water-snakes would stir its glassy flow  
With curling undulations, and would lay  
Their heads along the bank, and, subtle-eyed,  
Consider those long spirting flames, that danced,

When some red log would break and crumble down,  
And show his dark despondent eyes, that watched,  
Wearily, even Japhet's. But he cared  
Little ; and in the dark, that was not dark,  
But dimness of confused incertitude,  
Would move a-near all silently, and gaze  
And breathe, and shape itself, a manèd thing  
With eyes ; and still he cared not, and the form  
Would falter, then recede, and melt again  
Into the farther shade. And Japhet said :  
' How long ? The moon hath grown again in heaven,  
After her caving twice, since we did leave  
The threshold of our home ; and now what 'vails  
That far on tumbled mountain snow we toiled,  
Hungry, and weary, all the day ; by night  
Waked with a dreadful trembling underneath,  
To look, while every cone smoked, and there ran  
Red brooks adown, that licked the forest up,  
While in the pale white ashes wading on  
We saw no stars ?—what 'vails if afterward,  
Astonished with great silence, we did move  
Over the measureless, unknown desert mead ;  
While all the day, in rents and crevices,  
Would lie the lizard and the serpent kind,  
Drowsy ; and in the night take fearsome shapes,  
And oft-times woman-faced and woman-haired  
Would trail their snaky length, and curse and  
mourn ;

Or there would wander up, when we were tired,  
Dark troops of evil ones, with eyes morose,  
Withstanding us, and staring ;—O ! what 'vails  
That in the dread deep forest we have fought  
With following packs of wolves ? These men of  
might,

Even the giants, shall not hear the doom  
My father came to tell them of. Ah, me !  
If God indeed had sent him, would he lie  
(For he is stricken with a sore disease)  
Helpless outside their city ? '

Then he rose,  
And put aside the curtains of the tent,  
To look upon his father's face ; and lo !  
The tent being dark, he thought that somewhat sat  
Beside the litter ; and he set his eyes  
To see it, and saw not ; but only marked  
Where, fallen away from manhood and from power,  
His father lay. Then he came forth again,  
Trembling, and crouched beside the dull red fire,  
And murmured, ' Now it is the second time :  
An old man, as I think (but scarcely saw),  
Dreadful of might. Its hair was white as wool :  
I dared not look ; perhaps I saw not aught,  
But only knew that it was there : the same  
Which walked beside us once when he did pray.'  
And Japhet hid his face between his hands  
For fear, and grief of heart, and weariness

Of watching ; and he slumbered not, but mourned  
To himself, a little moment, as it seemed,  
For sake of his loved father : then he lift  
His eyes, and day had dawned. Right suddenly  
The moon withheld her silver, and she hung  
Frail as a cloud. The ruddy flame that played  
By night on dim, dusk trees, and on the flood,  
Crept red amongst the logs, and all the world  
And all the water blushed and bloomed. The stars  
Were gone, and golden shafts came up, and touched  
The feathered heads of palms, and green was born  
Under the rosy cloud, and purples flew  
Like veils across the mountains ; and he saw,  
Winding athwart them, bathed in blissful peace,  
And the sacredness of morn, the battlements  
And out-posts of the giants ; and there ran  
On the other side the river, as it were,  
White mounds of marble, tabernacles fair,  
And towers below a line of inland cliff :  
These were their fastnesses, and here their homes.

In valleys and the forest, all that night,  
There had been woe ; in every hollow place,  
And under walls, like drifted flowers, or snow,  
Women lay mourning ; for the serpent lodged  
That night within the gates, and had decreed,  
‘ I will (or ever I come) that ye drive out  
The women, the abhorrèd of my soul.’



Therefore, more beauteous than all climbing bloom,  
Purple and scarlet, cumbering of the boughs,  
Or flights of azure doves that lit to drink  
The water of the river ; or, new born,  
The quivering butterflies in companies,  
That slowly crept adown the sandy marge,  
Like living crocus beds, and also drank,  
And rose an orange cloud ; their hollowed hands  
They dipped between the lilies, or with robes  
Full of ripe fruitage, sat and peeled and ate,  
Weeping ; or comforting their little ones,  
And lulling them with sorrowful long hymns  
Among the palms.

So went the earlier morn.

Then came a messenger, while Japhet sat  
Mournfully, and he said, ' The men of might  
Are willing ; let thy master, youth, appear.'  
And Japhet said, ' So be it ;' and he thought,  
' Now will I trust in God ;' and he went in  
And stood before his father, and he said,  
' My father ;' but the Master answered not,  
But gazed upon the curtains of his tent,  
Nor knew that one had called him. He was clad  
As ready for the journey, and his feet  
Were sandalled, and his staff was at his side ;  
And Japhet took the gown of sacrifice  
And spread it on him, and he laid his crown  
Upon his knees, and he went forth, and lift

His hand to heaven, and cried, 'My father's God!'  
But neither whisper came nor echo fell  
When he did listen. Therefore he went on :  
'Behold, I have a thing to say to thee.  
My father charged thy servant, "Let not ruth  
Prevail with thee, to turn and bear me hence,  
For God appointed me my task, to preach  
Before the mighty." I must do my part  
(O! let it not displease thee), for he said  
But yesternight, "When they shall send for me,  
Take me before them." And I sware to him.  
I pray thee, therefore, count his life and mine  
Precious ; for I that sware, I will perform.'

Then cried he to his people, 'Let us hence :  
Take up the litter.' And they set their feet  
Toward the raft whereby men crossed that flood.

And while they journeyed, lo, the giants sat  
Within the fairest hall where all were fair,  
Each on his carven throne, o'er-canopied  
With work of women. And the dragon lay  
In a place of honour ; and with subtlety  
He counselled them, for they did speak by turns ;  
And they being proud, might nothing master them,  
But guile alone : and he did fawn on them ;  
And when the younger taunted him, submissive  
He testified great humbleness, and cried,

'A cruel God, forsooth ! but nay, O nay,  
I will not think it of Him, that He meant  
To threaten these. O, when I look on them,  
How doth my soul admire.'

And one stood forth,  
The youngest ; of his brethren, named 'the Rock.'  
'Speak out,' quoth he, 'thou toothless slaving  
thing,  
What is it ? thinkest thou that such as we  
Should be afraid ? What is this goodly doom ?'  
And Satan laughed upon him. 'Lo,' said he,  
'Thou art not fully grown, and every one  
I look on, standeth higher by the head,  
Yea, and the shoulders, than do other men ;  
Forsooth, thy servant thought not thou wouldst fear,  
Thou and thy fellows.' Then with one accord,  
'Speak,' cried they ; and with mild persuasive eyes,  
And flattering tongue, he spoke.

'Ye mighty ones,  
It hath been known to you these many days  
How that for piety I am much famed.  
I am exceeding pious : if I lie,  
As hath been whispered, it is but for sake  
Of God, and that ye should not think Him hard,  
For I am all for God. Now some have thought  
That He hath also (and it may be so  
Or yet may not be so) on me been hard ;  
Be not ye therefore wroth, for my poor sake ;

I am contented to have earned your weal,  
Though I must therefore suffer.

Now to-day

One cometh, yea, an harmless man, a fool,  
Who boasts he hath a message from our God,  
And lest that you, for bravery of heart  
And stoutness, being angered with his prate,  
Should lift a hand, and kill him, I am here.'

Then spoke the Leader, 'How now, snake? Thy  
words

Ring false. Why ever liest thou, snake, to us?  
Thou coward! none of us will see thee harmed.  
I say thou liest. The land is strewn with slain;  
Myself have hewn down companies, and blood  
Makes fertile all the field. Thou knowest it well;  
And hast thou, driveller, panting sore for age,  
Come with a force to bid us spare one fool?'

And Satan answered, 'Nay you! be not wroth;  
Yet true it is, and yet not all the truth.  
Your servant would have told the rest, if now  
(For fullness of your life being fretted sore  
At mine infirmities, which God in vain  
I supplicate to heal) ye had not caused  
My speech to stop.' And he they called 'the Oak'  
Made answer, 'T is a good snake; let him be.  
Why would ye fright the poor old craven beast?

Look how his lolling tongue doth foam for fear.  
Ye should have mercy, brethren, on the weak.  
Speak, dragon, thou hast leave ; make stout thy  
heart.

What ! hast thou lied to this great company ?  
It was, we know it was, for humbleness ;  
Thou wert not willing to offend with truth.'

' Yea, majesties,' quoth Satan, ' thus it was,'  
And lifted up appealing eyes, and groaned ;  
' O, can it be, compassionate as brave,  
And housed in cunning works themselves have  
reared,  
And served in gold, and warmed with minivere,  
And ruling nobly—that He, not content  
Unless alone He reigneth, looks to bend  
Or break them in, like slaves to cry to Him,  
" What is Thy will with us, O Master dear ? "  
Or else to eat of death ?

For my part, lords,  
I cannot think it : for my piety  
And reason, which I also share with you,  
Are my best lights, and ever counsel me,  
" Believe not aught against thy God ; believe,  
Since thou canst never reach to do Him wrong,  
That He will never stoop to do thee wrong.  
Is He not just and equal, yea, and kind ?  
Therefore, O majesties, it is my mind

Concerning him ye wot of, thus to think  
The message is not like what I have learned  
By reason, and experience, of the God.  
Therefore no message 't is. The man is mad.'  
Thereat the Leader laughed for scorn. 'Hold,  
snake;

If God be just, there SHALL be reckoning days.  
We rather would He were a partial God,  
And being strong, He sided with the strong.  
Turn now thy reason to the other side,  
And speak for that; for as to justice, snake,  
We would have none of it.'

And Satan fawned :

'My lord is pleased to mock at my poor wit;  
Yet in my pious fashion I must talk :  
For say that God was wroth with man, and came  
And slew him, that should make an empty world,  
But not a better nation.'

This replied,

'Truth, dragon, yet He is not bound to mean  
A better nation; maybe, He designs,  
If none will turn again, a punishment  
Upon an evil one.'

And Satan cried,

'Alas! my heart being full of love for men,  
I cannot choose but think of God as like  
To me; and yet my piety concludes,  
Since He will have your fear, that love alone

Sufficeth not, and I admire, and say,  
“Give me, O friends, your love, and give to God  
Your fear.”’ But they cried out in wrath and rage,  
‘We are not strong that any we will fear,  
Nor specially a foe that means us ill.’

## BOOK VII.

AND while he spoke there was a noise without ;  
The curtains of the door were flung aside,  
And some with heavy feet bare in, and set  
A litter on the floor.

The Master lay  
Upon it, but his eyes were dimmed and set ;  
And Japhet, in despairing weariness,  
Leaned it beside. He marked the mighty ones,  
Silent for pride of heart, and in his place  
The jewelled dragon ; and the dragon laughed,  
And subtly peered at him, till Japhet shook  
With rage and fear. The snaky wonder cried,  
Hissing, 'Thou brown-haired youth, come up to me ;  
I fain would have thee for my shrine afar,  
To serve among an host as beautiful  
As thou : draw near.' It hissed, and Japhet felt  
Horrible drawings, and cried out in fear,  
'Father ! O help, the serpent draweth me !'  
And struggled and grew faint, as in the toils  
A netted bird. But still his father lay  
Unconscious, and the mighty did not speak,  
But half in fear and half for wonderment



Beheld. And yet again the dragon laughed,  
And leered at him and hissed ; and Japhet strove  
Vainly to take away his spell-set eyes,  
And moved to go to him, till piercingly  
Crying out, ' God ! forbid it, God in heaven ! ' '   
The dragon lowered his head, and shut his eyes  
As feigning sleep ; and, suddenly released,  
He fell back staggering ; and at noise of it,  
And clash of Japhet's weapons on the floor,  
And Japhet's voice crying out, ' I loathe thee, snake !  
I hate thee ! O, I hate thee ! ' came again,  
The senses of the shipwright ; and he, moved,  
And looking, as one 'mazed, distressfully  
Upon the mighty, said, ' One called on God :  
Where is my God ? If God have need of me,  
Let Him come down and touch my lips with  
                  strength,  
Or dying I shall die.'

                                  It came to pass,  
While he was speaking, that the curtains swayed ;  
A rushing wind did move throughout the place,  
And all the pillars shook, and on the head  
Of Noah the hair was lifted, and there played  
A somewhat, as it were a light, upon  
His breast ; then fell a darkness, and men heard  
A whisper as of one that spake. With that,  
The daunted mighty ones kept silent watch  
Until the wind had ceased and darkness fled.

When it grew light, there curled a cloud of smoke  
From many censers where the dragon lay.  
It hid him. He had called his ministrants,  
And bid them veil him thus, that none might look ;  
Also the folk who came with Noah had fled.

But Noah was seen, for he stood up erect,  
And leaned on Japhet's hand. Then, after pause,  
The Leader said, ' My brethren, it were well  
(For nought we fear) to let this sorcerer speak.'  
And they did reach toward the man their staves,  
And cry with loud accord, ' Hail, sorcerer, hail !'

And he made answer, ' Hail ! I am a man  
That is a shipwright. I was born afar  
To Lamech, him that reigns a king, to wit,  
Over the land of Jalal. Majesties,  
I bring a message,—lay you it to heart ;  
For there is wrath in heaven : my God is wroth.  
"Prepare your houses, or I come," saith He,  
"A Judge." Now, therefore, say not in your hearts,  
"What have we done ?" Your dogs may answer that,  
To make whom fiercer for the chase, ye feed  
With captives whom ye slew not in the war,  
But saved alive, and living throw to them  
Daily. Your wives may answer that, whose babes  
Their firstborn ye do take and offer up  
To this abhorrèd snake, while yet the milk

Is in their innocent mouths—your maiden babes  
Tender. Your slaves may answer that—the gangs  
Whose eyes ye did put out to make them work  
By night unwitting, (yea, by multitudes  
They work upon the wheel in chains). Your friends  
May answer that—(their bleached bones cry out,)  
For ye did, wickedly, to eat their lands,  
Turn on their valleys, in a time of peace,  
The rivers, and they, choking in the night,  
Died unavenged. But rather (for I leave  
To tell of more, the time would be so long  
To do it, and your time, O mighty ones,  
Is short),—but rather say, “We sinners know  
Why the Judge standeth at the door,” and turn  
While yet there may be respite, and repent.

“Or else,” saith He that formed you, “I swear,  
By all the silence of the times to come,  
By the solemnities of death,—yea, more,  
By Mine own power and love which ye have scorned,  
That I will come. I will command the clouds,  
And raining they shall rain ; yea, I will stir  
With all my storms the ocean for your sake,  
And break for you the boundary of the deep.

“Then shall the mighty mourn.

Should I forbear,  
That have been patient ? I will not forbear !

For yet," saith He, "the weak cry out; for yet  
The little ones do languish; and the slave  
Lifts up to Me his chain. I therefore, I  
Will hear them. I by death will scatter you;  
Yea, and by death will draw them to My breast,  
And gather them to peace.

But yet," saith He,  
"Repent, and turn you. Wherefore will ye die?"

'Turn then, O turn, while yet the enemy  
Untamed of man fatefully moans afar;  
For if ye will not turn, the doom is near.  
Then shall the crested wave make sport, and beat  
You mighty at your doors. Will ye be wroth?  
Will ye forbid it? Monsters of the deep  
Shall suckle in your palaces their young,  
And swim atween your hangings, all of them  
Costly with brodered work, and rare with gold  
And white and scarlet, (there did ye oppress—  
There did ye make you vile); but ye shall lie  
Meekly, and storm and wind shall rage above,  
And urge the weltering wave.

"Yet," saith thy God,  
"Son," ay, to each of you He saith, "O son,  
Made in My image, beautiful and strong,  
Why wilt thou die? Thy Father loves thee well.  
Repent and turn thee from thine evil ways,  
O son! and no more dare the wrath of love.

Live for thy Father's sake that formed thee.  
Why wilt thou die ? " Here will I make an end.'

Now ever on his daïs the dragon lay,  
Feigning to sleep ; and all the mighty ones  
Were wroth, and chided, some against the woe,  
And some at whom the sorcerer they had named,—  
Some at their fellows, for the younger sort—  
As men the less acquaint with deeds of blood,  
And given to learning and the arts of peace  
(Their fathers having crushed rebellion out  
Before their time)—lent favourable ears.  
They said, ' A man, or false or fanatic,  
May claim good audience if he fill our ears  
With what is strange : and we would hear again.'

The Leader said, ' An audience hath been given.  
The man hath spoken, and his words are nought ;  
A feeble threatener, with a foolish threat,  
And it is not our manner that we sit  
Beyond the noonday ; ' then they grandly rose,  
A stalwart crowd, and with their Leader moved  
To the tones of harping, and the beat of shawms,  
And the noise of pipes, away. But some were left  
About the Master ; and the feigning snake  
Couched on his daïs.

Then one to Japhet said,  
One called ' the Cedar Tree,' ' Dost thou, too, think

To reign upon our lands when we lie drowned ? ’  
And Japhet said, ‘ I think not, nor desire,  
Nor in my heart consent, but that ye swear  
Allegiance to the God, and live.’ He cried,  
To one surnamed ‘ the Pine ’—‘ Brother, behoves  
That deep we cut our names in yonder crag,  
Else when this youth returns, his sons may ask  
Our names, and he may answer, “ Matters not,  
For my part I forget them.” ’

Japhet said,  
‘ They might do worse than that, they might deny  
That such as you have ever been.’ With that  
They answered, ‘ No, thou dost not think it, no ! ’  
And Japhet, being chafed, replied in heat,  
‘ And wherefore ? if ye say of what is sworn,  
“ He will not do it,” shall it be more hard  
For future men, if any talk on it,  
To say, “ He did not do it ” ? ’ They replied,  
With laughter, ‘ Lo you ! he is stout with us.  
And yet he cowered before the poor old snake.  
Sirrah, when you are saved, we pray you now  
To bear our might in mind—do, sirrah, do ;  
And likewise tell your sons, “ ‘ The Cedar Tree ’  
Was a good giant, for he struck me not,  
Though he was young and full of sport, and though  
I taunted him.” ’

With that they also passed.  
But there remained who with the shipwright spoke :

‘How wilt thou certify to us thy truth?’

And he related to them all his ways  
From the beginning: of the Voice that called;  
Moreover, how the ship of doom was built.

And one made answer, ‘Shall the mighty God  
Talk with a man of wooden beams and bars?  
No, thou mad preacher, no. If He, Eterne,  
Be ordering of His far infinitudes,  
And darkness cloud a world, it is but chance,  
As if the shadow of His hand had fallen  
On one that He forgot, and troubled it.’

Then said the Master, ‘Yet—who told thee so?’

And from his daïs the feigning serpent hissed:  
‘Preacher, the light within, it was that shined,  
And told him so. The pious will have dread  
Him to declare such as ye rashly told.  
The course of God is one. It likes not us  
To think of Him as being acquaint with change:  
It were beneath Him. Nay, the finished earth  
Is left to her great masters. They must rule;  
They do; and I have set myself between,—  
A visible thing for worship, sith His face  
(For He is hard) He showeth not to men.  
Yea, I have set myself ’twixt God and man,  
To be interpreter, and teach mankind  
A pious lesson by my piety

He loveth not, nor hateth, nor desires—  
It were beneath Him.'

And the Master said,  
'Thou liest. Thou wouldst lie away the world,  
If He, whom thou hast dared to speak against,  
Would suffer it.' 'I may not chide with thee,  
It answered, 'NOW ; but if there come such time  
As thou hast prophesied, as I now reign  
In all men's sight, shall my dominion then  
Reach to be mighty in their souls. Thou too  
Shalt feel it, prophet.' And he lowered his head.

Then quoth the Leader of the young men : ' Sir,  
We scorn you not ; speak further ; yet our thought  
First answer. Not but by a miracle  
Can this thing be. The fashion of the world  
We heretofore have never known to change ;  
And will God change it now ? '

He then replied :

'What is thy thought ? THERE IS NO MIRACLE ?  
There is a great one, which thou hast not read,  
And never shalt escape. Thyself, O man,  
Thou art the miracle. Lo, if thou sayest,  
"I am one, and fashioned like the gracious world,  
Red clay is all my make, myself, my whole,  
And not my habitation," then thy sleep  
Shall give thee wings to play among the rays  
O' the morning. If thy thought be, "I am one—



A spirit among spirits—and the world  
A dream my spirit dreameth of, my dream  
Being all," the dominating mountains strong  
Shall not for that forbear to take thy breath,  
And rage with all their winds, and beat thee back,  
And beat thee down when thou wouldst set thy feet  
Upon their awful crests. Ay, thou thyself,  
Being in the world and of the world, thyself  
Hast breathed in breath from Him that made the  
world.

Thou dost inherit, as thy Maker's son,  
That which He is, and that which He hath made :  
Thou art thy Father's copy of Himself,—  
THOU art thy FATHER'S MIRACLE.

Behold,

He buildeth up the stars in companies ;  
He made for them a law. To man He said,  
"Freely I give thee freedom." What remains ?  
O, it remains, if thou, the image of God,  
Wilt reason well, that thou shalt know His ways ;  
But first thou must be loyal—love, O man,  
Thy Father—hearken when He pleads with thee,  
For there is something left of Him e'en now,—  
A witness for thy Father in thy soul,  
Albeit thy better state thou hast foregone.

' Now, then, be still, and think not in thy soul,  
"The rivers in their course for ever run,

And turn not from it. He is like to them  
Who made them." Think the rather, "With my foot  
I have turned the rivers from their ancient way,  
To water grasses that were fading. What!  
Is God my Father as the river wave,  
That yet descendeth, like the lesser thing  
He made, and not like me, a living son,  
That changed the water-course to suit his will?"

'Man is the miracle in nature. God  
Is the ONE MIRACLE to man. Behold,  
"There is a God," thou sayest. Thou sayest well :  
In that thou sayest all. To Be is more  
Of wonderful, than being, to have wrought,  
Or reigned, or rested.

Hold then there, content ;  
Learn that to love is the one way to know,  
Or God or man : it is not love received  
That maketh man to know the inner life  
Of them that love him ; his own love bestowed  
Shall do it. Love thy Father, and no more  
His doings shall be strange. Thou shalt not  
fret

At any counsel, then, that He will send,—  
No, nor rebel, albeit He have with thee  
Great reservations. Know, to Be is more  
Than to have acted ; yea, or after rest  
And patience, to have risen and been wroth,

Broken the sequence of an ordered earth,  
And troubled nations.'

Then the dragon sighed.

'Poor fanatic,' quoth he, 'thou speakest well.  
Would I were like thee, for thy faith is strong,  
Albeit thy senses wander. Yea, good sooth,  
My masters, let us not despise, but learn  
Fresh loyalty from this poor loyal soul.  
Let us go forth—(myself will also go  
To head you)—and do sacrifice; for that,  
We know, is pleasing to the mighty God:  
But as for building many arks of wood,  
O majesties! when He shall counsel you  
HIMSELF, then build. What say you, shall it be  
An hundred oxen—fat, well liking, white?  
An hundred? why, a thousand were not much  
To such as you.' Then Noah lift up his arms  
To heaven, and cried, 'Thou aged shape of sin,  
The Lord rebuke thee.'

## BOOK VIII.

THEN one ran, crying, while Niloiya wrought,  
'The Master cometh !' and she went within  
To adorn herself for meeting him. And Shem  
Went forth and talked with Japhet in the field,  
And said, 'Is it well, my brother ?' He replied,  
'Well ! and, I pray you, is it well at home ?'

But Shem made answer, 'Can a house be well,  
If he that should command it bides afar ?  
Yet well is thee, because a fair free maid  
Is found to wed thee ; and they bring her in  
This day at sundown. Therefore is much haste  
To cover thick with costly webs the floor,  
And pluck and cover thick the same with leaves  
Of all sweet herbs—I warrant, ye shall hear  
No footfall where she treadeth ; and the seats  
Are ready, spread with robes ; the tables set  
With golden baskets, red pomegranates shred  
To fill them ; and the rubied censers smoke,  
Heaped up with ambergris and cinnamon,  
And frankincense and cedar.'

Japhet said,  
'I will betroth her to me straight;' and went  
(Yet laboured he with sore inquietude)  
To gather grapes, and reap and bind the sheaf  
For his betrothal. And his brother spake,  
'Where is our father? doth he preach to-day?'  
And Japhet answered, 'Yea. He said to me,  
"Go forward; I will follow when the folk  
By yonder mountain-hold I shall have warned."'

And Shem replied, 'How thinkest thou?—thine ears  
Have heard him oft.' He answered, 'I do think  
These be the last days of this old fair world.'

Then he did tell him of the giant folk:  
How they, than he, were taller by the head;  
How one must stride that will ascend the steps  
That lead to their wide halls; and how they drave,  
With manful shouts, the mammoth to the north;  
And how the talking dragon lied and fawned,  
They seated proudly on their ivory thrones,  
And scorning him: and of their peaked hoods,  
And garments wrought upon, each with the tale  
Of him that wore it—all his manful deeds:  
(Yea, and about their skirts were effigies  
Of kings that they had slain; and some, whose  
swords  
Many had pierced, wore vestures all of red,

To signify much blood) : and of their pride  
He told, but of the vision in the tent  
He told him not.

And when they reached the house,  
Niloiya met them, and to Japhet cried,  
' All hail, right fortunate ! Lo, I have found  
A maid. And now thou hast done well to reap  
The late ripe corn.' So he went in with her,  
And she did talk with him right motherly :  
' It hath been fully told me how ye loathed  
To wed thy father's slave ; yea, she herself,  
Did she not all declare to me ? '

He said,

' Yet is thy damsel fair, and wise of heart.'  
' Yea,' quoth his mother ; ' she made clear to me  
How ye did weep, my son, and ye did vow,  
" I will not take her ! " Now it was not I  
That wrought to have it so.' And he replied,  
' I know it.' Quoth the mother, ' It is well ;  
For that same cause is laughter in my heart.'  
' But she is sweet of language,' Japhet said.  
' Ay,' quoth Niloiya, ' and thy wife no less  
Whom thou shalt wed anon—forsooth, anon—  
It is a lucky hour. Thou wilt ? ' He said,  
' I will.' And Japhet laid the slender sheaf  
From off his shoulder, and he said, ' Behold,  
My father ! ' Then Niloiya turned herself,  
And lo ! the shipwright stood. ' All hail ! ' quoth she,

And bowed herself, and kissed him on the mouth ;  
But while she spake with him, sorely he sighed ;  
And she did hang about his neck the robe  
Of feasting, and she poured upon his hands  
Clear water, and anointed him, and set  
Before him bread.

And Japhet said to him,  
' My father, my beloved, wilt thou yet  
Be sad because of scorning ? Eat this day ;  
For as an angel in their eyes thou art  
Who stand before thee.' But he answered, ' Peace !  
Thy words are wide.'

And when Niloiya heard,  
She said, ' Is this a time for mirth of heart  
And wine ? Behold, I thought to wed my son,  
Even this Japhet ; but is this a time,  
When sad is he to whom is my desire,  
And lying under sorrow as from God ? '

He answered, ' Yea, it is a time of times ;  
Bring in the maid.' Niloiya said, ' The maid  
That first I spoke on, shall not Japhet wed ;  
It likes not her, nor yet it likes not me.  
But I have found another ; yea, good sooth,  
The damsel will not tarry, she will come  
With all her slaves by sundown.'

And she said,  
' Comfort thy heart, and eat : moreover, know

How that thy great work even to-day is done.  
Sir, thy great ship is finished, and the folk  
(For I, according to thy will, have paid  
All that was left us to them for their wage,)  
Have brought, as to a storehouse, flour of wheat,  
Honey and oil—much victual ; yea, and fruits,  
Curtains and household gear. And, sir, they say  
It is thy will to take it for thy hold  
Our fastness and abode.' He answered, ' Yea,  
Else wherefore was it built ? ' She said, ' Good sir,  
I pray you make us not the whole earth's scorn.  
And now, to-morrow in thy father's house  
Is a great feast, and weddings are toward ;  
Let be the ship, till after, for thy words  
Have ever been, " If God shall send a flood,  
There will I dwell ; " I pray you therefore wait  
At least till He doth send it.'

And he turned,  
And answered nothing. Now the sun was low  
While yet she spake ; and Japhet came to them  
In goodly raiment, and upon his arm  
The garment of betrothal. And with that  
A noise, and then brake in a woman slave  
And Amarant. This, with folding of her hands,  
Did say full meekly, ' If I do offend,  
Yet have not I been willing to offend ;  
For now this woman will not be denied  
Herself to tell her errand.'



And they sat.

Then spoke the woman, 'If I do offend,  
Pray you forgive the bondslave, for her tongue  
Is for her mistress. "Lo," my mistress saith,  
"Put off thy bravery, bridegroom ; fold away,  
Mother, thy webs of pride, thy costly robes  
Woven of many colours. We have heard  
Thy master. Lo, to-day right evil things  
He prophesied to us, that were his friends ;  
Therefore, my answer :—God do so to me ;  
Yea, God do so to me, more also, more  
Than he did threaten, if my damsel's foot  
Ever draw nigh thy door." '

And when she heard,

Niloiya sat amazed, in grief of soul.  
But Japhet came unto the slave, where low  
She bowed herself for fear. He said, 'Depart ;  
Say to thy mistress, "It is well." ' With that  
She turned herself, and she made haste to flee,  
Lest any, for those evil words she brought,  
Would smite her. But the bondmaid of the house  
Lift up her hand and said, 'If I offend,  
It was not of my heart : thy damsel knew  
Nought of this matter.' And he held to her  
His hand and touched her, and said, 'Amarant !'  
And when she looked upon him, she did take  
And spread before her face her radiant locks,  
Trembling. And Japhet said, 'Lift up thy face,

O fairest of the daughters, thy fair face ;  
For, lo ! the bridegroom standeth with the robe  
Of thy betrothal ! '—and he took her locks  
In his two hands to part them from her brow,  
And laid them on her shoulders ; and he said,  
' Sweet are the blushes of thy face,' and put  
The robe upon her, having said, ' Behold,  
I have repented me ; and oft by night,  
In the waste wilderness, while all things slept,  
I thought upon thy words, for they were sweet.

' For this I make thee free. And now thyself  
Art loveliest in mine eyes ; I look, and lo !  
Thou art of beauty more than any thought  
I had concerning thee. Let, then, this robe,  
Wrought on with imagery of fruitful bough,  
And graceful leaf, and birds with tender eyes,  
Cover the ripples of thy tawny hair.'  
So when she held her peace, he brought her nigh  
To hear the speech of wedlock ; ay, he took  
The golden cup of wine to drink with her,  
And laid the sheaf upon her arms. He said,  
' Like as my fathers in the older days  
Led home the daughters whom they chose, do I ;  
Like as they said, " Mine honour have I set  
Upon thy head !" do I. Eat of my bread,  
Rule in my house, be mistress of my slaves,  
And mother of my children.'

And he brought  
The damsel to his father, saying, 'Behold  
My wife! I have betrothed her to myself;  
I pray you, kiss her.' And the Master did:  
He said, 'Be mother of a multitude,  
And let them to their father even so  
Be found, as he is found to me.'

With that  
She answered, 'Let this woman, sir, find grace  
And favour in your sight.'

And Japhet said,  
'Sweet mother, I have wed the maid ye chose  
And brought me first. I leave her in thy hand;  
Have care on her, till I shall come again  
And ask her of thee.' So they went apart,  
He and his father, to the marriage feast.

## BOOK IX.

THE prayer of Noah. The man went forth by night  
And listened ; and the earth was dark and still,  
And he was driven of his great distress  
Into the forest ; but the birds of night  
Sang sweetly ; and he fell upon his face,  
And cried, ‘ God, God ! Thy billows and Thy waves  
Have swallowed up my soul.

Where is my God ?

For I have somewhat yet to plead with Thee ;  
For I have walked the strands of Thy great deep,  
Heard the dull thunder of its rage afar,  
And its dread moaning. Oh, the field is sweet—  
Spare it. The delicate woods make white their  
trees

With blossom—spare them. Life is sweet ; behold  
There is much cattle, and the wild and tame,  
Father, do feed in quiet—spare them.

God !

Where is my God ? The long wave doth not rear  
Her ghostly crest to lick the forest up,  
And like a chief in battle fall—not yet.  
The lightnings pour not down, from ragged holes

In heaven, the torment of their forkèd tongues,  
And, like fell serpents, dart and sting—not yet.  
The winds awake not, with their awful wings  
To winnow, even as chaff, from out their track,  
All that withstandeth, and bring down the pride  
Of all things strong and all things high—

Not yet.

Oh, let it not be yet. Where is my God?  
How am I saved, if I and mine be saved  
Alone? I am not saved, for I have loved  
My country and my kin. Must I, Thy thrall,  
Over their lands be lord when they are gone?  
I would not: spare them, Mighty. Spare Thyself,  
For Thou dost love them greatly,—and if not . . .

Another praying unremote, a Voice  
Calm as the solitude between wide stars.

‘Where is my God, who loveth this lost world—  
Lost from its place and name, but won for Thee?  
Where is my multitude, my multitude,  
That I shall gather?’ And white smoke went up  
From incense that was burning, but there gleamed  
No light of fire, save dimly to reveal  
The whiteness rising, as the prayer of him  
That mourned. ‘My God, appear for me, appear;  
Give me my multitude, for it is mine.  
The bitterness of death I have not feared,

To-morrow shall Thy courts, O God, be full.  
Then shall the captive from his bonds go free,  
Then shall the thrall find rest, that knew not rest  
From labour and from blows. The sorrowful—  
That said of joy, “What is it?” and of songs,  
“We have not heard them”—shall be glad and  
sing;  
Then shall the little ones that knew not Thee,  
And such as heard not of Thee, see Thy face,  
And seeing, dwell content.’

The prayer of Noah.

He cried out in the darkness, ‘Hear, O God,  
Hear HIM: hear this one; through the gates of  
death,  
If life be all past praying for, O give  
To Thy great multitude a way to peace;  
Give them to HIM.

But yet,’ said he, ‘O yet,  
If there be respite for the terrible,  
The proud, yea, such as scorn Thee—and if not . . .  
Let not mine eyes behold their fall.’

He cried,

‘Forgive. I have not done Thy work, Great Judge,  
With a perfect heart; I have but half believed,  
While in accustomed language I have warned;  
And now there is no more to do, no place  
For my repentance, yea, no hour remains

For doing of that work again. Oh, lost,  
Lost world !' And while he prayed, the daylight  
dawned.

And Noah went up into the ship, and sat  
Before the Lord. And all was still ; and now  
In that great quietness the sun came up,  
And there were marks across it, as it were  
The shadow of a Hand upon the sun—  
Three fingers dark and dread, and afterward  
There rose a white thick mist, that peacefully  
Folded the fair earth in her funeral shroud,  
The earth that gave no token, save that now  
There fell a little trembling under foot.'

And Noah went down, and took and hid his face  
Behind his mantle, saying, ' I have made  
Great preparation, and it may be yet,  
Beside my house, whom I did charge to come  
This day to meet me, there may enter in  
Many that yesternight thought scorn of all  
My bidding.' And because the fog was thick,  
He said, ' Forbid it, Heaven, if such there be,  
That they should miss the way.' And even then  
There was a noise of weeping and lament ;  
The words of them that were affrighted, yea,  
And cried for grief of heart. There came to him

The mother and her children, and they cried,  
' Speak, father, what is this ? What hast thou done ?'  
And when he lifted up his face, he saw  
Japhet, his well-belovèd, where he stood  
Apart ; and Amarant leaned upon his breast,  
And hid her face, for she was sore afraid ;  
And lo ! the robes of her betrothal gleamed  
White in the deadly gloom.

And at his feet  
The wives of his two other sons did kneel,  
And wring their hands.

One cried, ' O, speak to us ;  
We are affrighted ; we have dreamed a dream,  
Each to herself. For me, I saw in mine  
The grave old angels, like to shepherds, walk,  
Much cattle following them. Thy daughter looked,  
And they did enter here.'

The other lay  
' And moaned, ' Alas ! O father, for my dream  
Was evil : lo, I heard when it was dark,  
I heard two wicked ones contend for me.  
One said, " And wherefore should this woman live,  
When only for her children, and for her,  
Is woe and degradation ? " Then he laughed,  
The other crying, " Let alone, O prince ;  
Hinder her not to live and bear much seed,  
Because I hate her." '



But he said, 'Rise up,  
Daughters of Noah, for I have learned no words  
To comfort you.' Then spake her lord to her,  
'Peace! or I swear that for thy dream, myself  
Will hate thee also.'

And Niloiya said,  
'My sons, if one of you will hear my words,  
Go now, look out, and tell me of the day,  
How fares it?'

And the fateful darkness grew.  
But Shem went up to do his mother's will;  
And all was one as though the frightened earth  
Quivered and fell a-trembling; then they hid  
Their faces every one, till he returned,  
And spake not. 'Nay,' they cried, 'what hast  
thou seen?  
Oh, is it come to this?' He answered them,  
'The door is shut.'

# CONTRASTED SONGS.

## SAILING BEYOND SEAS.

*(Old Style.)*



METHOUGHT the stars were blinking  
 bright,  
 And the old brig's sails unfurled ;  
 I said, ' I will sail to my love this night  
 At the other side of the world.'  
 I stepped aboard—we sailed so fast—  
 The sun shot up from the bourne ;  
 But a dove that perched upon the mast  
 Did mourn, and mourn, and mourn.  
 ' O fair dove ! O fond dove !  
 And dove with the white breast,  
 Let me alone, the dream is my own,  
 And my heart is full of rest.

' My true love fares on this great hill,  
 Feeding his sheep for aye ;'  
 I looked in his hut, but all was still,  
 My love was gone away.  
 I went to gaze in the forest creek,  
 And the dove mourned on apace ;

No flame did flash, nor fair blue reek  
Rose up to show me his place.  
‘O last love ! O first love !  
My love with the true heart,  
To think I have come to this your home,  
And yet—we are apart !’

My love ! He stood at my right hand,  
His eyes were grave and sweet.  
Methought he said, ‘In this far land,  
O, is it thus we meet !  
Ah, maid most dear, I am not here ;  
I have no place—no part—  
No dwelling more by sea or shore,  
But only in thy heart.’  
O fair dove ! O fond dove !  
Till night rose over the bourne,  
The dove on the mast, as we sailed fast,  
Did mourn, and mourn, and mourn.

---

REMONSTRANCE.

DAUGHTERS of Eve ! your mother did not well :

She laid the apple in your father's hand,  
And we have read, O wonder ! what befel—

The man was not deceived, nor yet could stand ;  
He chose to lose, for love of her, his throne—  
With her could die, but could not live alone.

Daughters of Eve ! he did not fall so low,  
Nor fall so far, as that sweet woman fell ;  
For something better, than as gods to know,  
That husband in that home left off to dwell :  
For this, till love be reckoned, less than lore,  
Shall man be first and best for evermore.

Daughters of Eve ! it was for your dear sake  
The world's first hero died an uncrown'd king ;  
But God's great pity touched the grand mistake,  
And made his married love a sacred thing :  
For yet his nobler sons, if aught be true,  
Find the lost Eden in their love to you.

SONG FOR THE NIGHT OF CHRIST'S  
RESURRECTION.

(*A Humble Imitation.*)

---

'And birds of calm sit brooding on the charmed wave.'

---

It is the noon of night,  
And the world's Great Light  
Gone out, she widow-like doth carry her :  
The moon hath veiled her face,  
Nor looks on that dread place  
Where He lieth dead in sealèd sepulchre ;  
And heaven and hades, emptied, lend  
Their flocking multitudes to watch and wait the end.

Tier above tier they rise,  
Their wings new line the skies,  
And shed out comforting light among the stars ;  
But they of the other place  
The heavenly signs deface,  
The gloomy brand of hell their brightness mars :  
Yet high they sit in thronèd state—  
It is the hour of darkness to them dedicate.

And first and highest set,  
 Where the black shades are met,  
 The lord of night and hades leans him down ;  
 His gleaming eyeballs show  
 More awful than the glow,  
 Which hangeth by the points of his dread crown ;  
 And at his feet, where lightnings play,  
 The fatal sisters sit and weep, and curse their day.

Lo ! one, with eyes all wide,  
 As she were sight denied,  
 Sits blindly feeling at her distaff old ;  
 One, as distraught with woe,  
 Letting the spindle go,  
 Her star y-sprinkled gown doth shivering fold ;  
 And one right mournful hangs her head,  
 Complaining, 'Woe is me ! I may not cut the thread.

' All men of every birth,  
 Yea, great ones of the earth,  
 Kings and their councillors, have I drawn down ;  
 But I am held of Thee,—  
 Why dost Thou trouble me,  
 To bring me up, dead King, that keep'st Thy  
 crown ?  
 Yet for all courtiers hast but ten  
 Lowly, unlettered, Galilean fishermen.

‘ Olympian heights are bare  
Of whom men worshipped there,  
Immortal feet their snows may print no more ;  
Their stately powers below  
Lie desolate, nor know  
This thirty years Thessalian grove or shore ;  
But I am elder far than they ;—  
Where is the sentence writ that I must pass away ?

‘ Art thou come up for this,  
Dark regent, awful Dis ?  
And hast thou moved the deep to mark our  
ending ?  
And stirred the dens beneath,  
To see us eat of death,  
With all the scoffing heavens toward us bending ?  
Help ! powers of ill, see not us die !’  
But neither demon dares, nor angel deigns, reply.

Her sisters, fallen on sleep,  
Fade in the upper deep,  
And their grim lord sits on, in doleful trance ;  
Till her black veil she rends,  
And with her death-shriek bends  
Downward the terrors of her countenance ;  
Then, whelmed in night and no more seen,  
They leave the world a doubt if ever such have been.

And the winged armies twain  
 Their awful watch maintain ;  
 They mark the earth at rest with her Great Dead.  
 Behold, from Antres wide,  
 Green Atlas heave his side ;  
 His moving woods their scarlet clusters shed,  
 The swathing coif his front that cools,  
 And tawny lions lapping at his palm-edged pools.

Then like a heap of snow,  
 Lying where grasses grow,  
 See glimmering, while the moony lustres creep,  
 Mild mannered Athens, dight  
 In dewy marbles white,  
 Among her goddesses and gods asleep ;  
 And swaying on a purple sea,  
 The many moorèd galleys clustering at her quay.

Also, 'neath palm trees' shade,  
 Amid their camels laid,  
 The pastoral tribes with all their flocks at rest ;  
 Like to those old-world folk,  
 With whom two angels broke  
 The bread of men at Abram's courteous 'quest,  
 When, listening as they prophesied,  
 His desert princess, being reproved, her laugh denied.



Or from the Morians' land  
See worshipped Nilus bland,  
Taking the silver road he gave the world,  
To wet his ancient shrine  
With waters held divine,  
And touch his temple steps with wavelets curled,  
And list, ere darkness change to grey,  
Old minstrel-throated Memnon chanting in the day.

Moreover, Indian glades,  
Where kneel the sun-swart maids,  
On Gunga's flood their votive flowers to throw,  
And launch i' the sultry night  
Their burning cressets bright,  
Most like a fleet of stars that southing go,  
Till on her bosom prosperously  
She floats them shining forth to sail the lullèd sea.

Nor bend they not their eyn  
Where the watch-fires shine,  
By shepherds fed, on hills of Bethlehem :  
They mark, in goodly wise,  
The city of David rise,  
The gates and towers of rare Jerusalem ;  
And hear the 'scapèd Kedron fret,  
And night dews dropping from the leaves of Olivet.

But now the setting moon  
 To curtained lands must soon,  
 In her obedient fashion, minister ;  
 She first, as loth to go,  
 Lets her last silver flow  
 Upon her Master's sealèd sepulchre ;  
 And trees that in the garden spread,  
 She kisseth all for sake of His low-lying head,

Then 'neath the rim goes down ;  
 And night with darker frown  
 Sinks on the fateful garden watchèd long ;  
 When some despairing eyes,  
 Far in the murky skies,  
 The unwishèd waking by their gloom foretell ;  
 And blackness up the welkin swings,  
 And drinks the mild effulgence from celestial wings.

Last, with amazed cry,  
 The hosts asunder fly,  
 Leaving an empty gulf of blackest hue ;  
 Whence straightway shooteth down,  
 By the Great Father thrown,  
 A mighty angel, strong and dread to view ;  
 And at his fall the rocks are rent,  
 The waiting world doth quake with mortal tremble-  
 ment ;

The regions far and near  
Quail with a pause of fear,  
More terrible than aught since time began ;  
The winds, that dare not fleet,  
Drop at his awful feet,  
And in its bed wails the wide ocean ;  
The flower of dawn forbears to blow,  
And the oldest running river cannot skill to flow.

At stand, by that dread place,  
He lifts his radiant face,  
And looks to heaven with reverent love and fear ;  
Then, while the welkin quakes,  
And muttering thunder breaks,  
And lightnings shoot and ominous meteors drear,  
And all the daunted earth doth moan,  
He from the doors of death rolls back the sealèd  
stone.—

—In regal quiet deep,  
Lo, One new waked from sleep !  
Behold, He standeth in the rock-hewn door !  
Thy children shall not die—  
Peace, peace, thy Lord is by !  
He liveth !—they shall live for evermore.  
Peace ! lo, He lifts a priestly hand,  
And blesseth all the sons of men in every land.

Then, with great dread and wail,  
 Fall down, like storms of hail,  
 The legions of the lost in fearful wise ;  
 And they whose blissful race  
 Peoples the better place,  
 Lift up their wings to cover their fair eyes,  
 And through the waxing saffron brede,  
 Till they are lost in light, recede, and yet recede.

So while the fields are dim,  
 And the red sun his rim  
 First heaves, in token of his reign benign,  
 All stars the most admired,  
 Into their blue retired,  
 Lie hid—the faded moon forgets to shine,—  
 And, hurrying down the sphery way,  
 Night flies, and sweeps her shadow from the paths  
 of day.

But look ! the Saviour blest,  
 Calm after solemn rest,  
 Stands in the garden 'neath His olive boughs ;  
 The earliest smile of day  
 Doth on His vesture play,  
 And light the majesty of His still brows ;  
 While angels hang with wings outspread,  
 Holding the new-won crown above His saintly head.

## SONG OF MARGARET.

AY, I saw her, we have met,—  
Married eyes how sweet they be—  
Are you happier, Margaret,  
Than you might have been with me ?  
Silence ! make no more ado !  
Did she think I should forget ?  
Matters nothing, though I knew,  
Margaret, Margaret.

Once those eyes, full sweet, full shy,  
Told a certain thing to mine ;  
What they told me I put by,  
O, so careless of the sign.  
Such an easy thing to take,  
And I did not want it then ;  
Fool ! I wish my heart would break,  
Scorn is hard on hearts of men.

Scorn of self is bitter work—  
Each of us has felt it now :  
Bluest skies she counted mirk,  
Self-betrayed of eyes and brow ;

As for me, I went my way,  
 And a better man drew nigh,  
 Fain to earn, with long essay,  
 What the winner's hand threw by.

Matters not in deserts old,  
 What was born, and waxed, and yearned,  
 Year to year its meaning told,  
 I am come—its deeps are learned—  
 Come, but there is nought to say,—  
 Married eyes with mine have met.  
 Silence! O, I had my day,  
 Margaret, Margaret.

---

### SONG OF THE GOING AWAY.

‘OLD man, upon the green hill-side,  
 With yellow flowers besprinkled o’er,  
 How long in silence wilt thou bide  
 At this low stone door?’

‘I stoop: within ’t is dark and still;  
 But shadowy paths methinks there be,  
 And lead they far into the hill?’

‘Traveller, come and see.’

‘ ’Tis dark, ’tis cold, and hung with gloom ;  
I care not now within to stay ;  
For thee and me is scarcely room,  
I will hence away.’

‘ Not so, not so, thou youthful guest,  
Thy foot shall issue forth no more :  
Behold the chamber of thy rest,  
And the closing door !’

‘ Oh ! have I ’scaped the whistling ball,  
And striven on smoky fields of fight,  
And scaled the ’leaguered city’s wall  
In the dangerous night ;

‘ And borne my life unharmèd still  
Through foaming gulfs of yeasty spray,  
To yield it on a grassy hill  
At the noon of day ?’

‘ Peace ! Say thy prayers, and go to sleep,  
Till *some time*, ONE my seal shall break,  
And deep shall answer unto deep,  
When He crieth, “ AWAKE ! ” ’

---

A LILY AND A LUTE.

*(Song of the uncommunicated Ideal.)*

I

I OPENED the eyes of my soul.

And behold,

A white river-lily: a lily awake, and aware—

For she set her face upward—aware how in scarlet  
and gold

A long wrinkled cloud, left behind of the wandering  
air,

Lay over with fold upon fold,  
With fold upon fold.

And the blushing sweet shame of the cloud made  
her also ashamed,

The white river-lily, that suddenly knew she was fair;  
And over the far-away mountains that no man hath  
named,

And that no foot hath trod,  
Flung down out of heavenly places, there fell, as it  
were,

A rose-bloom, a token of love, that should make  
them endure,

Withdrawn in snow silence for ever, who keep  
themselves pure,

And look up to God.



Then I said, 'In rosy air,  
Cradled on thy reaches fair,  
While the blushing early ray  
Whitens into perfect day,  
River-lily, sweetest known,  
Art thou set for me alone?  
Nay, but I will bear thee far,  
Where yon clustering steeples are,  
And the bells ring out o'erhead,  
And the stated prayers are said;  
And the busy farmers pace,  
Trading in the market place;  
And the country lasses sit  
By their butter, praising it;  
And the latest news is told,  
While the fruit and cream are sold;  
And the friendly gossips greet,  
Up and down the sunny street.  
For,' I said, 'I have not met,  
White one, any folk as yet  
Who would send no blessing up,  
Looking on a face like thine;  
For thou art as Joseph's cup,  
And by thee might they divine.

'Nay! but thou a spirit art;  
Men shall take thee in the mart  
For the ghost of their best thought,  
Raised at noon, and near them brought;

Or the prayer they made last night,  
Set before them all in white.'

And I put out my rash hand,  
For I thought to draw to land  
The white lily. Was it fit  
Such a blossom should expand,  
Fair enough for a world's wonder,  
And no mortal gather it?  
No. I strove, and it went under,  
And I drew, but it went down;  
And the waterweeds' long tresses,  
And the overlapping cresses,  
Sullied its admired crown.  
Then along the river strand,  
Trailing, wrecked, it came to land,  
Of its beauty half despoiled,  
And its snowy pureness soiled:  
O! I took it in my hand,—  
You will never see it now,  
White and golden as it grew:  
No, I cannot show it you,  
Nor the cheerful town endow  
With the freshness of its brow.

If a royal painter, great  
With the colours dedicate  
To a dove's neck, a sea-bight,  
And the flickerings over white

Mountain summits far away—  
One content to give his mind  
To the enrichment of mankind,  
And the laying up of light  
In men's houses—on that day,  
Could have passed in kingly mood,  
Would he ever have endued  
Canvas with the peerless thing,  
In the grace that it did bring,  
And the light that o'er it flowed,  
With the pureness that it showed,  
And the pureness that it meant?  
Could he skill to make it seen  
As he saw? For this, I ween,  
He were likewise impotent.

## II

I opened the doors of my heart.

And behold,

There was music within and a song,  
And echoes did feed on the sweetness, repeating it  
long.

I opened the doors of my heart: and behold,  
There was music that played itself out in eolian notes;  
Then was heard, as a far-away bell at long intervals  
toll'd,

That murmurs and floats,  
And presently dieth, forgotten of forest and wold,

And comes in all passion again, and a tremblement  
soft,

That maketh the listener full oft  
To whisper, 'Ah! would I might hear it for ever  
and aye,

When I toil in the heat of the day,  
When I walk in the cold.'

I opened the door of my heart. And behold,  
There was music within, and a song.  
But while I was hearkening, lo, blackness without,  
thick and strong,  
Came up and came over, and all that sweet fluting  
was drowned,

I could hear it no more;  
For the welkin was moaning, the waters were stirred  
on the shore,

And trees in the dark all around  
Were shaken. It thundered. 'Hark, hark! there is  
thunder to-night!

The sullen long wave rears her head, and comes down  
with a will;

The awful white tongues are let loose, and the stars  
are all dead;—

There is thunder! it thunders! and ladders of light

Run up. There is thunder!' I said,  
'Loud thunder! it thunders! and up in the dark  
overhead,

A down-pouring cloud, (there is thunder !) a down-  
pouring cloud  
Hails out her fierce message, and quivers the deep in  
its bed,  
And cowers the earth held at bay ; and they mutter  
aloud,  
And pause with an ominous tremble, till, great in  
their rage,  
The heavens and earth come together, and meet with  
a crash ;  
And the fight is so fell as if Time had come down  
with the flash,  
And the story of life was all read,  
And the Giver had turned the last page.

‘ Now their bar the pent water-floods lash,  
And the forest trees give out their language austere  
with great age ;  
And there flieth o’er moor and o’er hill,  
And there heaveth at intervals wide,  
The long sob of nature’s great passion as loth to  
subside,  
Until quiet drop down on the tide,  
And mad Echo hath moaned herself still.’

Lo ! or ever I was ’ware,  
In the silence of the air,

Through my heart's wide-open door,  
 Music floated forth once more,  
 Floated to the world's dark rim,  
 And looked over with a hymn ;  
 Then came home with flutings fine,  
 And discoursed in tones divine  
 Of a certain grief of mine ;  
 And went downward and went in,  
 Glimpses of my soul to win,  
 And discovered such a deep  
 That I could not choose but weep,  
 For it lay, a land-locked sea,  
 Fathomless and dim to me.

O, the song ! it came and went,  
 Went and came.

I have not learned

Half the lore whereto it yearned,  
 Half the magic that it meant.  
 Water booming in a cave ;  
 Or the swell of some long wave,  
 Setting in from unrevealed  
 Countries ; or a foreign tongue,  
 Sweetly talked and deftly sung,  
 While the meaning is half sealed ;  
 May be like it. You have heard  
 Also ;—can you find a word  
 For the naming of such song ?

No ; a name would do it wrong.  
You have heard it in the night,  
In the dropping rain's despite,  
In the midnight darkness deep,  
When the children were asleep,  
And the wife—no, let that be ;  
SHE asleep ! She knows right well  
What the song to you and me,  
While we breathe, can never tell ;  
She hath heard its faultless flow,  
Where the roots of music grow.

While I listened, like young birds,  
Hints were fluttering ; almost words—  
Leaned and leaned, and nearer came ;—  
Everything had changed its name.

Sorrow was a ship, I found,  
Wrecked with them that in her are,  
On an island richer far  
Than the port where they were bound.  
Fear was but the awful boom  
Of the old great bell of doom,  
Tolling, far from earthly air,  
For all worlds to go to prayer.  
Pain, that to us mortal clings,  
But the pushing of our wings,

That we have no use for yet,  
 And the uprooting of our feet  
 From the soil where they are set,  
 And the land we reckon sweet.  
 Love in growth, the grand deceit  
 Whereby men the perfect greet;  
 Love in wane, the blessing sent  
 To be (howsoe'er it went)  
 Never more with earth content.

O, full sweet, and O, full high,  
 Ran that music up the sky;  
 But I cannot sing it you,  
 More than I can make you view,  
 With my paintings labial,  
 Sitting up in awful row,  
 White old men majestic,  
 Mountains, in their gowns of snow,  
 Ghosts of kings; as my two eyes,  
 Looking over speckled skies,  
 See them now. About their knees,  
 Half in haze, there stands at ease  
 A great army of green hills,  
 Some bareheaded; and, behold,  
 Small green mosses creep on some.  
 Those be mighty forests old;  
 And white avalanches come  
 Through yon rents, where now distils



Sheeny silver, pouring down  
To a tune of old renown,  
Cutting narrow pathways through  
Gentian belts of airy blue,  
To a zone where starwort blows,  
And long reaches of the rose.

So, that haze all left behind,  
Down the chestnut forests wind,  
Past yon jagged spires, where yet  
Foot of man was never set ;  
Past a castle yawning wide,  
With a great breach in its side,  
To a nest-like valley, where,  
Like a sparrow's egg in hue,  
Lie two lakes, and teach the true  
Colour of the sea-maid's hair.

What beside ? The world beside !  
Drawing down and down, to greet  
Cottage clusters at our feet—  
Every scent of summer tide—  
Flowery pastures all aglow ;  
(Men and women mowing go  
Up and down them) ; also soft  
Floating of the film aloft,  
Fluttering of the leaves alow.

Is this told ? It is not told.  
 Where 's the danger ? where 's the cold  
 Slippery danger up the steep ?  
 Where yon shadow fallen asleep ?  
 Chirping bird and tumbling spray,  
 Light, work, laughter, scent of hay,  
 Peace, and echo, where are they ?

Ah, they sleep, sleep all untold ;  
 Memory must their grace enfold  
 Silently ; and that high song  
 Of the heart, it doth belong  
 To the hearers. Not a whit,  
 Though a chief musician heard,  
 Could he make a tune for it.

Though a lute full deftly strung,  
 And the sweetest bird e'er sung,  
 Could have tried it—O, the lute  
 For that wondrous song were mute,  
 And the bird would do her part,  
 Falter, fail, and break her heart—  
 Break her heart, and furl her wings,  
 On the unexpressive strings.

## GLADYS AND HER ISLAND.

*(On the Advantages of the Poetical Temperament.)*

AN IMPERFECT FABLE WITH A DOUBTFUL MORAL.



HAPPY Gladys ! I rejoice with her,  
For Gladys saw the island.

It was thus :

They gave a day for pleasure in the school  
Where Gladys taught ; and all the other girls  
Were taken out, to picnic in a wood.  
But it was said, ' We think it were not well  
That little Gladys should acquire a taste  
For pleasure, going about, and needless change.  
It would not suit her station : discontent  
Might come of it ; and all her duties now  
She does so pleasantly, that we were best  
To keep her humble.' So they said to her,  
' Gladys, we shall not want you, all to-day.  
Look, you are free ; you need not sit at work :  
No, you may take a long and pleasant walk  
Over the sea-cliff, or upon the beach  
Among the visitors.'

Then Gladys blushed  
For joy, and thanked them. What ! a holiday,

A whole one, for herself! How good, how kind!  
With that, the marshalled carriages drove off;  
And Gladys, sobered with her weight of joy,  
Stole out beyond the groups upon the beach—  
The children with their wooden spades, the band  
That played for lovers, and the sunny stir  
Of cheerful life and leisure—to the rocks,  
For these she wanted most, and there was time  
To mark them; how like ruined organs prone  
They lay, or leaned their giant fluted pipes,  
And let the great white-crested reckless wave  
Beat out their booming melody.

The sea

Was filled with light; in clear blue caverns curled  
The breakers, and they ran, and seemed to romp,  
As playing at some rough and dangerous game,  
While all the nearer waves rushed in to help,  
And all the farther heaved their heads to peep,  
And tossed the fishing boats. Then Gladys laughed,  
And said, 'O, happy tide, to be so lost  
In sunshine, that one dare not look at it;  
And lucky cliffs, to be so brown and warm;  
And yet how lucky are the shadows, too,  
That lurk beneath their ledges. It is strange,  
That in remembrance though I lay them up,  
They are for ever, when I come to them,  
Better than I had thought. O, something yet  
I had forgotten. Oft I say, "At least

This picture is imprinted ; thus and thus,  
The sharpened serried jags run up, run out,  
Layer on layer." And I look—up—up—  
High, higher up again, till far aloft  
They cut into their æther—brown, and clear,  
And perfect. And I, saying, "This is mine,  
To keep," retire ; but shortly come again,  
And they confound me with a glorious change.  
The low sun out of rain-clouds stares at them ;  
They redden, and their edges drip with—what ?  
I know not, but 't is red. It leaves no stain,  
For the next morning they stand up like ghosts  
In a sea-shroud, and fifty thousand mews  
Sit there, in long white files, and chatter on,  
Like silly school-girls in their silliest mood.

- ' There is the boulder where we always turn.  
O ! I have longed to pass it ; now I will.  
What would THEY say ? for one must slip and  
spring ;
- " Young ladies ! Gladys ! I am shocked. My dears,  
Decorum, if you please : turn back at once.  
Gladys, we blame you most ; you should have looked  
Before you." Then they sigh—how kind they are !—
- " What will become of you, if all your life  
You look a long way off ?—look anywhere,  
And everywhere, instead of at your feet,  
And where they carry you ! " Ah, well, I know

It is a pity,' Gladys said ; ' but then  
We cannot all be wise : happy for me,  
That other people are.

And yet I wish—

For sometimes very right and serious thoughts  
Come to me—I do wish that they would come  
When they are wanted !—when I teach the sums  
On rainy days, and when the practising  
I count to, and the din goes on and on,  
Still the same tune and still the same mistake,  
Then I am wise enough : sometimes I feel  
Quite old. ' I think that it will last, and say,  
" Now my reflections do me credit ! now  
I am a woman ! " and I wish they knew  
How serious all my duties look to me.  
And how, my heart hushed down and shaded lies,  
Just like the sea when low, convenient clouds,  
Come over, and drink all its sparkles up.  
But does it last ? Perhaps, that very day,  
The front door opens : out we walk in pairs ;  
And I am so delighted with this world,  
That suddenly has grown, being new washed,  
To such a smiling, clean, and thankful world,  
And with a tender face shining through tears,  
Looks up into the sometime lowering sky,  
That has been angry, but is reconciled,  
And just forgiving her, that I—that I——  
O, I forget myself : what matters how !

‘ And then I hear (but always kindly said)  
Some words that pain me so—but just, but true :  
“For if your place in this establishment  
Be but subordinate, and if your birth  
Be lowly, it the more behoves——well, well,  
No more. We see that you are sorry.” Yes!  
I am always sorry THEN; but now—O, now,  
Here is a bight more beautiful than all.’

‘ And did they scold her, then, my pretty one ?  
And did she want to be as wise as they,  
To bear a bucklered heart and priggish mind ?  
Ay, you may crow ; she did ! but no, no, no,  
The night-time will not let her, all the stars  
Say nay to that—the old sea laughs at her.  
Why, Gladys is a child ; she has not skill  
To shut herself within her own small cell,  
And build the door up, and to say, “ Poor me !  
I am a prisoner ;” then to take hewn stones,  
And, having built the windows up, to say,  
“ O, it is dark ! there is no sunshine here ;  
There never has been.” ’

Strange ! how very strange !

A woman passing Gladys with a babe,  
To whom she spoke these words, and only looked  
Upon the babe, who crowed and pulled her curls,  
And never looked at Gladys, never once.  
‘ A simple child,’ she added, and went by,

‘To want to change her greater for their less ;  
But Gladys shall not do it, no, not she ;  
We love her—do n’t we ?—far too well for that.’

Then Gladys, flushed with shame and keen surprise,  
‘How could she be so near, and I not know ?  
And have I spoken out my thought aloud ?  
I must have done, forgetting. It is well  
She walks so fast, for I am hungry now,  
And here is water cantering down the cliff,  
And here a shell to catch it with, and here  
The round plump buns they gave me, and the fruit.  
Now she is gone behind the rock. O, rare  
To be alone !’ So Gladys sat her down,  
Unpacked her little basket, ate and drank,  
Then pushed her hands into the warm dry sand,  
And thought the earth was happy, and she too  
Was going round with it in happiness,  
That holiday. ‘What was it that she said ?’  
Quoth Gladys, cogitating ; ‘they were kind,  
The words that woman spoke. She does not know !  
“Her greater for their less”—it makes me laugh—  
But yet,’ sighed Gladys, ‘though it must be good  
To look and to admire, one should not wish  
To steal THEIR virtues, and to put them on,  
Like feathers from another wing ; beside,  
That calm, and that grave consciousness of worth,  
When all is said, would little suit with me,



Who am not worthy. When our thoughts are born,  
Though they be good and humble, one should mind  
How they are reared, or some will go astray  
And shame their mother. Cain and Abel both  
Were only once removed from innocence.  
Why did I envy them ? That was not good ;  
Yet it began with my humility.'

But as she spake, lo, Gladys raised her eyes,  
And right before her, on the horizon's edge,  
Behold, an island ! First, she looked away  
Along the solid rocks and steadfast shore,  
For she was all amazed, believing not,  
And then she looked again, and there again  
Behold, an island ! And the tide had turned,  
The milky sea had got a purple rim,  
And from the rim that mountain island rose,  
Purple, with two high peaks, the northern peak  
The higher, and with fell and precipice,  
It ran down steeply to the water's brink ;  
But all the southern line was long and soft,  
Broken with tender curves, and, as she thought,  
Covered with forest or with sward. But, look !  
The sun was on the island ; and he showed  
On either peak a dazzling cap of snow.  
Then Gladys held her breath ; she said, ' Indeed,  
Indeed it is an island : how is this,  
I never saw it till this fortunate

Rare holiday ? ' And while she strained her eyes,  
She thought that it began to fade ; but not  
To change as clouds do, only to withdraw  
And melt into its azure ; and at last,  
Little by little, from her hungry heart,  
That longed to draw things marvellous to itself,  
And yearned towards the riches and the great  
Abundance of the beauty God hath made,  
It passed away. Tears started in her eyes,  
And when they dropt, the mountain isle was gone ;  
The careless sea had quite forgotten it,  
And all was even as it had been before.

And Gladys wept, but there was luxury  
In her self-pity, while she softly sobbed,  
' O, what a little while ! I am afraid  
I shall forget that purple mountain isle,  
The lovely hollows atween her snow-clad peaks,  
The grace of her upheaval where she lay  
Well up against the open. O, my heart,  
Now I remember how this holiday  
Will soon be done, and now my life goes on  
Not fed ; and only in the noonday walk  
Let to look silently at what it wants,  
Without the power to wait or pause awhile,  
And understand and draw within itself  
The richness of the earth. A holiday !  
How few I have ! I spend the silent time

At work, while all THEIR pupils are gone home,  
And feel myself remote. They shine apart ;  
They are great planets, I a little orb ;  
My little orbit far within their own  
Turns, and approaches not. But yet, the more  
I am alone when those I teach return ;  
For they, as planets of some other sun,  
Not mine, have paths that can but meet my ring  
Once in a cycle. O, how poor I am !  
I have not got laid up in this blank heart  
Any indulgent kisses given me  
Because I had been good, or, yet more sweet,  
Because my childhood was itself a good  
Attractive thing for kisses, tender praise,  
And comforting. An orphan-school at best  
Is a cold mother in the winter time,  
( 'T was mostly winter when new orphans came ),  
An unregardful mother in the spring.

‘ Yet once a year ( I did mine wrong ) we went  
To gather cowslips. How we thought on it  
Beforehand, pacing, pacing the dull street,  
To that one tree, the only one we saw  
From April,—if the cowslips were in bloom  
So early ; or if not, from opening May  
Even to September. Then there came the feast  
At Epping. If it rained that day, it rained  
For a whole year to us ; we could not think

Of fields and hawthorn hedges, and the leaves  
Fluttering, but still it rained, and ever rained.

‘ Ah, well, but I am here ; but I have seen  
The gay gorse bushes in their flowering time ;  
I know the scent of bean-fields ; I have heard  
The satisfying murmur of the main.’

The woman ! She came round the rock again  
With her fair baby, and she sat her down  
By Gladys, murmuring, ‘ Who forbad the grass  
To grow by visitations of the dew ?  
Who said in ancient time to the desert pool,  
“ Thou shalt not wait for angel visitors  
To trouble thy still water ? ” Must we bide  
At home ? The lore, beloved, shall fly to us  
On a pair of sumptuous wings. Or may we breathe  
Without ? O, we shall draw to us the air  
That times and mystery feed on. This shall lay  
Unchidden hands upon the heart o’ the world,  
And feel it beating. Rivers shall run on,  
Full of sweet language as a lover’s mouth,  
Delivering of a tune to make her youth  
More beautiful than wheat when it is green

‘ What else ?—(O, none shall envy her !) The rain  
And the wild weather will be most her own,  
And talk with her o’ nights ; and if the winds  
Have seen aught wondrous, they will tell it her

In a mouthful of strange moans—will bring from far,  
Her ears being keen, the lowing and the mad  
Masterful tramping of the bison herds,  
Tearing down headlong with their bloodshot eyes,  
In savage rifts of hair ; the crack and creak  
Of ice-floes in the frozen sea, the cry  
Of the white bears, all in a dim blue world  
Mumbling their meals by twilight ; or the rock  
And majesty of motion, when their heads  
Primeval trees toss in a sunny storm,  
And hail their nuts down on unweeded fields.  
No holidays,' quoth she ; ' drop, drop, O, drop,  
Thou tired skylark, and go up no more ;  
You lime trees, cover not your head with bees,  
Nor give out your good smell. She will not look ;  
No, Gladys cannot draw your sweetness in,  
For lack of holidays.' So Gladys thought,  
' A most strange woman, and she talks of me.'  
With that a girl ran up ; ' Mother,' she said,  
' Come out of this brown bight, I pray you now,  
It smells of fairies.' Gladys thereon thought,  
' The mother will not speak to me, perhaps  
The daughter may,' and asked her courteously,  
' What do the fairies smell of ? ' But the girl  
With peevish pout replied, ' You know, you know.'  
' Not I,' said Gladys ; then she answered her,  
' Something like buttercups. But, mother, come,  
And whisper up a porpoise from the foam,  
Because I want to ride.'

Full slowly, then,  
The mother rose, and ever kept her eyes  
Upon her little child. 'You freakish maid,'  
Said she, 'now mark me, if I call you one,  
You shall not scold nor make him take you far.'

'I only want—you know I only want,'  
The girl replied, 'to go and play awhile  
Upon the sand by Lagos.' Then she turned  
And muttered low, 'Mother, is this the girl  
Who saw the island?' But the mother frowned.  
'When may she go to it?' the daughter asked.  
And Gladys, following them, gave all her mind  
To hear the answer. 'When she wills to go;  
For yonder comes to shore the ferry boat.'  
Then Gladys turned to look, and even so  
It was; a ferry boat, and far away  
Reared in the offing, lo, the purple peaks  
Of her loved island.

Then she raised her arms,  
And ran toward the boat, crying out, 'O rare,  
The island! fair befall the island; let  
Me reach the island.' And she sprang on board,  
And after her stepped in the freakish maid  
And the fair mother, brooding o'er her child;  
And this one took the helm, and that let go  
The sail, and off they flew, and furrowed up  
A flaky hill before, and left behind

A sobbing snake-like tail of creamy foam ;  
And dancing hither, thither, sometimes shot  
Toward the island ; then, when Gladys looked,  
Were leaving it to leeward. And the maid  
Whistled a wind to come and rock the craft,  
And would be leaning down her head to mew  
At cat-fish, then lift out into her lap  
And dandle baby-seals, which, having kissed,  
She flung to their sleek mothers, till her own  
Rebuked her in good English, after cried,  
'Luff, luff, we shall be swamped.' 'I will not  
luff,'

Sobbed the fair mischief ; 'you are cross to me.'  
'For shame !' the mother shrieked ; 'luff, luff, my  
dear ;

Kiss and be friends, and thou shalt have the fish  
With the curly tail to ride on.' So she did,  
And presently a dolphin bouncing up,  
She sprang upon his slippery back—'Farewell,'  
She laughed, was off, and all the sea grew calm.

Then Gladys was much happier, and was 'ware  
In the smooth weather that this woman talked  
Like one in sleep, and murmured certain thoughts  
Which seemed to be like echoes of her own.  
She nodded, 'Yes, the girl is going now  
To her own island. Gladys poor ? Not she !  
Who thinks so ? Once I met a man in white,

Who said to me, "The thing that might have been  
Is called, and questioned why it hath not been;  
And can it give good reason, it is set  
Beside the actual, and reckoned in  
To fill the empty gaps of life." Ah, so  
The possible stands by us ever fresh,  
Fairer than aught which any life hath owned,  
And makes divine amends. Now this was set  
Apart from kin, and not ordained a home;  
An equal;—and not suffered to fence in  
A little plot of earthly good, and say,  
'Tis mine;' but in bereavement of the part,  
O, yet to taste the whole,—to understand  
The grandeur of the story, not to feel  
Sate with good possessed, but evermore  
A healthful hunger for the great idea,  
The beauty and the blessedness of life.

'Lo, now, the shadow!' quoth she, breaking off,  
'We are in the shadow.' Then did Gladys turn,  
And, O, the mountain with the purple peaks  
Was close at hand. It cast a shadow out,  
And they were in it: and she saw the snow,  
And under that the rocks, and under that  
The pines, and then the pasturage; and saw  
Numerous dips, and undulations rare,  
Running down seaward, all astir with lithe  
Long canes, and lofty feathers; for the palms



And spice trees of the south, nay, every growth,  
Meets in that island.

So that woman ran  
The boat ashore, and Gladys set her foot  
Thereon. Then all at once much laughter rose ;  
Invisible folk set up exultant shouts,  
' It all belongs to Gladys ; ' and she ran  
And hid herself among the nearest trees  
And panted, shedding tears.

So she looked round,  
And saw that she was in a banyan grove,  
Full of wild peacocks,—pecking on the grass,  
A flickering mass of eyes, blue, green, and gold,  
Or reaching out their jewelled necks, where high  
They sat in rows along the boughs. No tree  
Cumbered with creepers let the sunshine through,  
But it was caught in scarlet cups, and poured  
From these on amber tufts of bloom, and dropped  
Lower on azure stars. The air was still,  
As if awaiting somewhat, or asleep,  
And Gladys was the only thing that moved,  
Excepting—no, they were not birds—what then ?  
Glorified rainbows with a living soul ?  
While they passed through a sunbeam they were seen,  
Not elsewhere, but they were present yet  
In shade. They were at work, pomegranate fruit  
That lay about removing—purple grapes,  
That clustered in the path, clearing aside.

Through a small spot of light would pass and go,  
The glorious happy mouth and two fair eyes  
Of somewhat that made rustlings where it went ;  
But when a beam would strike the ground sheer  
down,

Behold them ! they had wings, and they would  
pass

One after other with the sheeny fans,  
Bearing them slowly, that their hues were seen,  
Tender as russet crimson dropt on snows,  
Or where they turned flashing with gold and dashed  
With purple glooms. And they had feet, but these  
Did barely touch the ground. And they took heed  
Not to disturb the waiting quietness ;  
Nor rouse up fawns, that slept beside their dams ;  
Nor the fair leopard, with her sleek paws laid  
Across her little drowsy cubs ; nor swans,  
That, floating, slept upon a glassy pool ;  
Nor rosy cranes, all slumbering in the reeds,  
With heads beneath their wings. For this, you  
know,

Was Eden. She was passing through the trees  
That made a ring about it, and she caught  
A glimpse of glades beyond. All she had seen  
Was nothing to them ; but words are not made  
To tell that tale. No wind was let to blow,  
And all the doves were bidden to hold their peace.  
Why ? One was working in a valley near,

And none might look that way. It was understood  
That He had nearly ended that His work ;  
For two shapes met, and one to other spake,  
Accosting him with, ' Prince, what worketh He ? '  
Who whispered, ' Lo ! He fashioneth red clay.'  
And all at once a little trembling stir  
Was felt in the earth, and every creature woke,  
And laid its head down, listening. It was known  
Then that the work was done ; the new-made king  
Had risen, and set his feet upon his realm,  
And it acknowledged him.

But in her path  
Came some one that withstood her, and he said,  
' What doest thou here ? ' Then she did turn and flee,  
Among those coloured spirits, through the grove,  
Trembling for haste ; it was not well with her  
Till she came forth of those thick banyan trees,  
And set her feet upon the common grass,  
And felt the common wind.

Yet once beyond,  
She could not choose but cast a backward glance.  
The lovely matted growth stood like a wall,  
And means of entering were not evident—  
The gap had closed. But Gladys laughed for joy ;  
She said, ' Remoteness and a multitude  
Of years are counted nothing here. Behold,  
To-day I have been in Eden. O, it blooms  
In my own island.'

And she wandered on,  
Thinking, until she reached a place of palms,  
And all the earth was sandy where she walked—  
Sandy and dry—strewed with papyrus leaves,  
Old idols, rings and pottery, painted lids  
Of mummies (for perhaps it was the way  
That leads to dead old Egypt), and withal  
Excellent sunshine cut out sharp and clear  
The hot prone pillars, and the carven plinths—  
Stone lotus cups, with petals dipped in sand,  
And wicked gods, and sphinxes bland, who sat  
And smiled upon the ruin. O how still !  
Hot, blank, illuminated with the clear  
Stare of an unveiled sky. The dry stiff leaves  
Of palm trees never rustled, and the soul  
Of that dead ancients was itself dead.  
She was above her ankles in the sand,  
When she beheld a rocky road, and, lo !  
It bare in it the ruts of chariot wheels,  
Which erst had carried to their pagan prayers  
The brown old Pharaohs ; for the ruts led on  
To a great cliff, that either was a cliff  
Or some dread shrine in ruins—partly reared  
In front of that same cliff, and partly hewn  
Or excavate within its heart. Great heaps  
Of sand and stones on either side there lay ;  
And, as the girl drew on, rose out from each,  
As from a ghostly kennel, gods unblest,

Dog-headed, and behind them wingèd things  
Like angels; and this carven multitude  
Hedged in, to right and left, the rocky road.

At last, the cliff—and in the cliff a door  
Yawning: and she looked in, as down the throat  
Of some stupendous giant, and beheld  
No floor, but wide, worn, flights of steps, that led  
Into a dimness. When the eyes could bear  
That change to gloom, she saw flight after flight,  
Flight after flight, the worn long stair go down,  
Smooth with the feet of nations dead and gone.  
So she did enter; also she went down  
Till it was dark, and yet again went down,  
Till, gazing upward at that yawning door,  
It seemed no larger, in its height remote,  
Than a pin's head. But while, irresolute,  
She doubted of the end, yet farther down  
A slender ray of lamplight fell away  
Along the stair, as from a door ajar:  
To this again she felt her way, and stepped  
Adown the hollow stair, and reached the light;  
But fear fell on her, fear; and she forbore  
Entrance, and listened. Ay! 't was even so—  
A sigh; the breathing as of one who slept  
And was disturbed. So she drew back awhile,  
And trembled; then her doubting hand she laid  
Against the door, and pushed it; but the light  
Waned, faded, sank; and as she came within—

Hark, hark! A spirit was it, and asleep?  
A spirit doth not breathe like clay. There hung  
A cresset from the roof, and thence appeared  
A flickering speck of light, and disappeared;  
Then dropped along the floor its elfish flakes,  
That fell on some one resting, in the gloom—  
Somewhat, a spectral shadow, then a shape  
That loomed. It was a heifer, ay, and white,  
Breathing and languid through prolonged repose.

Was it a heifer? all the marble floor  
Was milk-white also, and the cresset paled,  
And straight their whiteness grew confused and  
mixed.

But when the cresset, taking heart, bloomed out—  
The whiteness—and asleep again! but now  
It was a woman, robed, and with a face  
Lovely and dim. And Gladys while she gazed  
Murmured, 'O terrible! I am afraid  
To breathe among these intermittent lives,  
That fluctuate in mystic solitude,  
And change and fade. Lo! where the goddess sits  
Dreaming on her dim throne; a crescent moon  
She wears upon her forehead. Ah! her frown  
Is mournful, and her slumber is not sweet.  
What dost thou hold, Isis, to thy cold breast?  
A baby god with finger on his lips,

Asleep, and dreaming of departed sway?  
Thy son. Hush, hush; he knoweth all the lore  
And sorcery of old Egypt; but his mouth  
He shuts; the secret shall be lost with him,  
He will not tell.'

The woman coming down!  
'Child, what art doing here?' the woman said;  
'What wilt thou of Dame Isis and her bairn?'  
(*Ay, ay, we see thee breathing in thy shroud—  
Thy pretty shroud, all frilled and furbelowed.*)  
The air is dim with dust of spiced bones.  
I mark a crypt down there. Tier upon tier  
Of painted coffers fills it. What if we,  
Passing, should slip, and crash into their midst—  
Break the frail ancientry, and smothered lie,  
Tumbled among the ribs of queens and kings,  
And all the gear they took to bed with them!  
Horrible! let us hence.

And Gladys said,  
'O, they are rough to mount, those stairs;' but she  
Took her and laughed, and up the mighty flight  
Shot like a meteor with her. 'There,' said she;  
'The light is sweet when one has smelled of graves,  
Down in unholy heathen gloom; farewell.'  
She pointed to a gateway, strong and high,  
Reared of hewn stones; but, look! in lieu of gate,  
There was a glittering cobweb drawn across,  
And on the lintel there were writ these words:

‘Ho, every one that cometh, I divide  
What hath been from what might be, and the line  
Hangeth before thee as a spider’s web ;  
Yet, wouldst thou enter thou must break the line,  
Or else forbear the hill.’

The maiden said,

‘So, cobweb, I will break thee.’ And she passed  
Among some oak trees on the farther side,  
And waded through the bracken round their bolls,  
Until she saw the open, and drew on  
Toward the edge o’ the wood, where it was mixed  
With pines and heathery places wild and fresh.  
Here she put up a creature, that ran on  
Before her, crying, ‘Tint, tint, tint,’ and turned,  
Sat up, and stared at her with elfish eyes,  
Jabbering of gramarye, one Michael Scott,  
The wizard that wonned somewhere underground,  
With other talk enough to make one fear  
To walk in lonely places. After passed  
A man-at-arms, William of Deloraine ;  
He shook his head, ‘An’ if I list to tell,’  
Quoth he, ‘I know, but how it matters not ;’  
Then crossed himself, and muttered of a clap  
Of thunder, and a shape in Amice grey,  
But still it mouthed at him, and whimpered, ‘Tint,  
Tint, tint.’ ‘There shall be wild work some day  
soon,’  
Quoth he, ‘thou limb of darkness : he will come,



Thy master, push a hand up, catch thee, imp,  
And so good Christians shall have peace, perdie.'

Then Gladys was so frightened, that she ran,  
And got away, towards a grassy down,  
Where sheep and lambs were feeding, with a boy  
To tend them. 'T was the boy who wears that herb  
Called heartsease in his bosom, and he sang  
So sweetly to his flock, that she stole on  
Nearer to listen. 'O, Content, Content,  
Give me,' sang he, 'thy tender company.  
I feed my flock among the myrtles; all  
My lambs are twins, and they have laid them down  
Along the slopes of Beulah. Come, fair love,  
From the other side the river, where their harps  
Thou hast been helping them to tune. O come,  
And pitch thy tent by mine; let me behold  
Thy mouth—that even in slumber talks of peace—  
Thy well-set locks, and dove-like countenance.'

And Gladys hearkened, couched upon the grass,  
Till she had rested; then did ask the boy,  
For it was afternoon, and she was fain  
To reach the shore, 'Which is the path, I pray,  
That leads one to the water?' But he said,  
'Dear lass, I only know the narrow way,  
The path that leads one to the golden gate  
Across the river.' So she wandered on;

And presently her feet grew cool, the grass  
Standing so high, and thyme being thick and soft.  
The air was full of voices, and the scent  
Of mountain blossom loaded all its wafts ;  
For she was on the slopes of a goodly mount,  
And reared in such a sort that it looked down  
Into the deepest valleys, darkest glades,  
And richest plains o' the island. It was set  
Midway between the snows majestical  
And a wide level, such as men would choose  
For growing wheat ; and some one said to her,  
' It is the hill Parnassus.' So she walked  
Yet on its lower slope, and she could hear  
The calling of an unseen multitude  
To some upon the mountain, ' Give us more ; '  
And others said, ' We are tired of this old world :  
Make it look new again.' Then there were some  
Who answered lovingly—(the dead yet speak  
From that high mountain, as the living do) ;  
But others sang desponding, ' We have kept  
The vision for a chosen few : we love  
Fit audience better than a rough huzza  
From the unreasoning crowd.'

Then words came up :

' There was a time, you poets, was a time  
When all the poetry was ours, and made  
By some who climbed the mountain from our midst.  
We loved it then, we sang it in our streets.

O, it grows obsolete ! Be you as they :  
Our heroes die and drop away from us ;  
Oblivion folds them 'neath her dusky wing,  
Fair copies wasted to the hungry world.  
Save them. We fall so low for lack of them,  
That many of us think scorn of honest trade,  
And take no pride in our own shops ; who care  
Only to quit a calling, will not make  
The calling what it might be : who despise  
Their work, fate laughs at, and doth let the work  
Dull, and degrade them.'

Then did Gladys smile :

'Heroes !' quoth she ; 'yet, now I think on it,  
There was the jolly goldsmith, brave Sir Hugh,  
Certes, a hero ready made. Methinks  
I see him burnishing of golden gear,  
Tankard and charger, and a-muttering low,  
"London is thirsty"—(then he weighs a chain) :  
"'T is an ill thing, my masters. I would give  
The worth of this, and many such as this,  
To bring it water."

Ay, and after him

There came up Guy of London, lettered son  
O' the honest lighterman. I'll think on him,  
Leaning upon the bridge on summer'eves,  
After his shop was closed : a still, grave man,  
With melancholy eyes. "While these are hale,"  
He saith, when he looks down and marks the crowd

Cheerily working ; where the river marge  
Is blocked with ships and boats ; and all the wharves  
Swarm, and the cranes swing in with merchandise—  
“While these are hale, ’t is well, ’t is very well.  
But, O good Lord,” saith he, “when these are sick—  
I fear me, Lord, this excellent workmanship  
Of Thine is counted for a cumbrance then.  
Ay, ay, my hearties ! many a man of you,  
Struck down, or maimed, or fevered, shrinks away,  
And, mastered in that fight for lack of aid,  
Creeps shivering to a corner, and there dies.”  
Well, we have heard the rest.

Ah, next I think

Upon the merchant captain, stout of heart  
To dare and to endure. “Robert,” saith he,  
(The navigator Knox to his manful son,)  
“I sit a captive from the ship detained ;  
This heathenry doth let thee visit her.  
Remember, son, if thou, alas ! shouldst fail  
To ransom thy poor father, they are free  
As yet, the mariners ; have wives at home,  
As I have ; ay, and liberty is sweet  
To all men. For the ship, she is not ours,  
Therefore, ’beseech thee, son, lay on the mate  
This my command, to leave me, and set sail.  
As for thyself—” “Good father,” saith the son ;  
“I will not, father, ask your blessing now,  
Because, for fair, or else for evil, fate

We two shall meet again." And so they did.  
The dusky men, peeling off cinnamon,  
And beating nutmeg clusters from the tree,  
Ransom and bribe contemned. The good ship  
sailed,—  
The son returned to share his father's cell.

'O, there are many such. Would I had wit  
Their worth to sing!' With that, she turned her  
feet.

'I am tired now,' said Gladys, 'of their talk  
Around this hill Parnassus.' And, behold,  
A piteous sight—an old, blind, greybeard king  
Led by a fool with bells. Now this was loved  
Of the crowd below the hill; and when he called  
For his lost kingdom, and bewailed his age,  
And plained on his unkind daughters, they were  
known

To say, that if the best of gold and gear  
Could have bought him back his kingdom, and made  
kind

The hard hearts which had broken his erewhile,  
They would have gladly paid it from their store  
Many times over. What is done is done,  
No help. The ruined majesty passed on.  
And look you! one who met her as she walked  
Showed her a mountain nymph lovely as light.  
Her name CEnone; and she mourned and mourned,

‘ O Mother Ida,’ and she could not cease,  
No, nor be comforted.

And after this,  
Soon there came by, arrayed in Norman cap  
And kirtle, an Arcadian villager,  
Who said, ‘ I pray you, have you chanced to meet  
One Gabriel?’ and she sighed; but Gladys took  
And kissed her hand: she could not answer her,  
Because she guessed the end.

With that it drew  
To evening; and as Gladys wandered on  
In the calm weather, she beheld the wave,  
And she ran down to set her feet again  
On the sea margin, which was covered thick  
With white shell-skeletons. The sky was red  
As wine. The water played among bare ribs  
Of many wrecks, that lay half-buried there  
In the sand. She saw a cave, and moved thereto  
To ask her way, and one so innocent  
Came out to meet her, that with marvelling mute  
She gazed and gazed into her sea-blue eyes,  
For in them beamed the untaught ecstasy  
Of childhood, that lives on though youth be come,  
And love just born.

She could not choose but name her shipwrecked  
prince,  
All blushing. She told Gladys many things

That are not in the story—things, in sooth,  
That Prospero her father knew. But now  
'T was evening, and the sun dropped ; purple stripes  
In the sea were copied from some clouds that lay  
Out in the west. And lo ! the boat, and more,  
The freakish thing to take fair Gladys home  
She mowed at her, but Gladys took the helm :  
'Peace, peace !' she said ; 'be good : you shall not  
steer,  
For I am your liege lady.' Then she sang  
The sweetest songs she knew all the way home.

So Gladys set her feet upon the sand ;  
While in the sunset glory died away  
The peaks of that blest island.

'Fare you well,  
My country, my own kingdom,' then she said,  
'Till I go visit you again, farewell.'

She looked toward their house with whom she  
dwelt,—

The carriages were coming. Hastening up,  
She was in time to meet them at the door,  
And lead the sleepy little ones within ;  
And some were cross and shivered, and her dames  
Were weary and right hard to please ; but she  
Felt like a beggar suddenly endowed  
With a warm cloak to 'fend her from the cold.

‘For, come what will,’ she said, ‘I had *to-day*  
There is an island.’

*The Moral.*

What is the moral? Let us think awhile,  
Taking the editorial *WE* to help,  
It sounds respectable.

The moral; yes,  
We always read, when any fable ends,  
‘Hence we may learn.’ A moral must be found.  
What do you think of this: ‘Hence we may learn  
That dolphins swim about the coast of Wales,  
And Admiralty maps should now be drawn  
By teacher-girls, because their sight is keen,  
And they can spy out islands.’ Will that do?  
No, that is far too plain—too evident.

Perhaps a general moralising vein—  
(We know we have a happy knack that way.  
We have observed, moreover, that young men  
Are fond of good advice, and so are girls;  
Especially of that meandering kind,  
Which winding on so sweetly, treats of all  
They ought to be and do and think and wear,  
As one may say, from creeds to comforters.  
Indeed, we much prefer that sort ourselves,  
So soothing). Good, a moralising vein:  
That is the thing; but how to manage it?



*'Hence we may learn,'* if we be so inclined,  
That life goes best with those who take it best ;  
That wit can spin from work a golden robe  
To queen it in ; that who can paint at will  
A private picture gallery, should not cry  
For shillings that will let him in to look  
At some by others painted. Furthermore,  
Hence we may learn, you poets—(*and we count  
For poets all who ever felt that such  
They were, and all who secretly have known  
That such they could be ; ay, moreover, all  
Who wind the robes of ideality  
About the bareness of their lives, and hang  
Comforting curtains, knit of fancy's yarn,  
Nightly betwixt them and the frosty world*)—  
Hence we may learn, you poets, that of all  
We should be most content. The earth is given  
To us : we reign by virtue of a sense  
Which lets us hear the rhythm of that old verse,  
The ring of that old tune whereto she spins.  
Humanity is given to us : we reign  
By virtue of a sense, which lets us in  
To know its troubles ere they have been told,  
And take them home and lull them into rest  
With mournfullest music. Time is given to us—  
Time past, time future. Who, good sooth, beside  
Have seen it well, have walked this empty  
world

When she went steaming, and from pulpy hills  
Have marked the spurting of their flamy crowns ?

Have not we seen the tabernacle pitched,  
And peered between the linen curtains, blue,  
Purple, and scarlet, at the dimness there,  
And, frightened, have not dared to look again ?  
But, quaint antiquity ! beheld, we thought,  
A chest that might have held the manna pot  
And Aaron's rod that budded. Ay, we leaned  
Over the edge of Britain, while the fleet  
Of Cæsar loomed and neared ; then, afterwards,  
We saw fair Venice looking at herself  
In the glass below her, while her Doge went forth  
In all his bravery to the wedding.

This,

However, counts for nothing to the grace  
We wot of in time future :—therefore add,  
And afterwards have done : ‘ *Hence we may  
learn,*’

That though it be a grand and comely thing  
To be unhappy—(and we think it is,  
Because so many grand and clever folk  
Have found out reasons for unhappiness,  
And talked about uncomfortable things—  
Low motives, bores, and shams, and hollowness,  
The hollowness o' the world, till we at last  
Have scarcely dared to jump or stamp, for fear,

Being so hollow, it should break some day,  
And let us in)—yet, since we are not grand,  
O, not at all, and as for cleverness,  
That may be or may not be—it is well  
For us to be as happy as we can !

Agreed ; and with a word to the nobler sex,  
As thus ; we pray you carry not your guns  
On the half-cock ; we pray you set your pride  
In its proper place, and never be ashamed  
Of any honest calling—let us add,  
And end ; for all the rest, hold up your heads  
And mind your English.

## SONGS WITH PRELUDES.

## WEDLOCK.

**T**HE sun was streaming in : I woke, and  
 said,  
 ‘ Where is my wife—that has been made  
 my wife

Only this year ? ’ The casement stood ajar :  
 I did but lift my head : The pear-tree dropped,  
 The great white pear-tree dropped with dew from  
 leaves

And blossom, under heavens of happy blue.

My wife had wakened first, and had gone down  
 Into the orchard. All the air was calm ;  
 Audible humming filled it. At the roots  
 Of peony bushes lay in rose-red heaps,  
 Or snowy ; fallen bloom. The crag-like hills  
 Were tossing down their silver messengers,  
 And two brown foreigners, called cuckoo-birds,  
 Gave them good answer : all things else were mute ;  
 An idle world lay listening to their talk,  
 They had it to themselves.

What ails my wife ?

I know not if aught ails her ; though her step  
Tell of a conscious quiet, lest I wake.  
She moves atween the almond boughs, and bends  
One thick with bloom to look on it. 'O love !  
A little while thou hast withdrawn thyself,  
At unaware to think thy thoughts alone :  
How sweet, and yet pathetic to my heart  
The reason. Ah ! thou art no more thine own.  
Mine, mine, O love ! Tears gather 'neath my  
lids,—

Sorrowful tears for thy lost liberty,  
Because it was so sweet. Thy liberty,  
That yet, O love, thou wouldst not have again.  
No ; all is right. But who can give, or bless,  
Or take a blessing, but there comes withal  
Some pain ?'

She walks beside the lily bed,  
And holds apart her gown ; she would not hurt  
The leaf-enfolded buds, that have not looked  
Yet on the daylight. O, thy locks are brown,—  
Fairest of colours !—and a darker brown  
The beautiful, dear, veiled, modest eyes.  
A bloom as of blush roses covers her  
Forehead, and throat, and cheek. Health breathes  
with her,  
And graceful vigour. Fair and wondrous soul !  
To think that thou art mine !

My wife came in,  
And moved into the chamber. As for me,  
I heard, but lay as one that nothing hears,  
And feigned to be asleep.

## I

The racing river leaped, and sang  
Full blithely in the perfect weather,  
All round the mountain echoes rang,  
For blue and green were glad together.

## II

This rained out light from every part,  
And that with songs of joy was thrilling ;  
But, in the hollow of my heart,  
There ached a place that wanted filling.

## III

Before the road and river meet,  
And stepping-stones are wet and glisten.  
I heard a sound of laughter sweet,  
And paused to like it, and to listen.

## IV

I heard the chanting waters flow,  
The cushat's note, the bee's low humming,—  
Then turned the hedge, and did not know—  
How could I?—that my time was coming.

## V

A girl upon the nighest stone,  
Half doubtful of the deed, was standing,  
So far the shallow flood had flown  
Beyond the 'customed leap of landing.

## VI

She knew not any need of me,  
Yet me she waited all unweeting ;  
We thought not I had crossed the sea,  
And half the sphere to give her meeting.

## VII

I waded out, her eyes I met,  
I wished the moments had been hours ;  
I took her in my arms, and set  
Her dainty feet among the flowers.

## VIII

Her fellow maids in copse and lane,  
Ah ! still, methinks, I hear them calling ;  
The wind's soft whisper in the plain,  
The cushat's coo, the water's falling.

## IX

But now it is a year ago,  
But now possession crowns endeavour ;  
I took her in my heart, to grow  
And fill the hollow place for ever.

## \* \* REGRET.

O THAT word REGRET !

There have been nights and morns when we have  
sighed,

‘ Let us alone, Regret ! We are content  
To throw thee all our past, so thou wilt sleep  
For aye.’ But it is patient, and it wakes ;  
It hath not learned to cry itself to sleep,  
But plaineth on the bed that it is hard.

We did amiss when we did wish it gone  
And over : sorrows humanise our race ;  
Tears are the showers that fertilise this world ;  
And memory of things precious keepeth warm  
The heart that once did hold them.

They are poor

That have lost nothing ; they are poorer far  
Who, losing, have forgotten ; they most poor  
Of all, who lose and wish they MIGHT forget.  
For life is one, and in its warp and woof  
There runs a thread of gold that glitters fair,  
And sometimes in the pattern shows most sweet  
Where there are sombre colours. It is true



That we have wept. But oh ! this thread of gold,  
We would not have it tarnish ; let us turn  
Oft and look back upon the wondrous web,  
And when it shineth sometimes we shall know  
That memory is possession.



When I remember something which I had,  
But which is gone, and I must do without,  
I sometimes wonder how I can be glad,  
Even in cowslip time when hedges sprout ;  
It makes me sigh to think on it,—but yet  
My days will not be better days, should I forget.

II

When I remember something promised me,  
But which I never had, nor can have now,  
Because the promiser we no more see  
In countries that accord with mortal vow ;  
When I remember this, I mourn,—but yet  
My happier days are not the days when I forget.

---

## LAMENTATION.

I READ upon that book,  
Which down the golden gulf doth let us look  
On the sweet days of pastoral majesty ;

I read upon that book  
How, when the Shepherd Prince did flee  
(Red Esau's twin), he desolate took  
The stone for a pillow : then he fell on sleep.  
And lo ! there was a ladder. Lo ! there hung  
A ladder from the star-place, and it clung  
To the earth : it tied her so to heaven ; and oh !

There flutter'd wings ;  
Then were ascending and descending things  
That stepped to him where he lay low ;  
Then up the ladder would a-drifting go  
(This feathered brood of heaven), and show  
Small as white flakes in winter that are blown  
Together, underneath the great white throne.

When I had shut the book, I said,  
' Now, as for me, my dreams upon my bed  
Are not like Jacob's dream ;  
Yet I have got it in my life ; yes, I,

And many more : it doth not us beseem,

Therefore, to sigh.

Is there not hung a ladder in our sky ?

Yea ; and, moreover, all the way up on high

Is thickly peopled with the prayers of men.

We have no dream ! What then ?

Like wingèd wayfarers the height they scale,

(By Him that offers them they shall prevail)—

The prayers of men.

But where is found a prayer for me ;

How should I pray ?

My heart is sick, and full of strife.

I heard one whisper with departing breath,

“ Suffer us not, for any pains of death,

To fall from Thee.”

But O, the pains of life ! the pains of life !

There is no comfort now, and nought to  
win,

But yet—I will begin.’

I

‘ Preserve to me my wealth,’ I do not say,

For that is wasted away ;

And much of it was cankered ere it went.

‘ Preserve to me my health,’ I cannot say,

For that, upon a day,

Went after other delights to banishment.

## II

What can I pray? 'Give me forgetfulness?'

No, I would still possess

Past away smiles, though present fronts be stern.

'Give me again my kindred?' Nay; not so,

Not idle prayers. We know

They that have crossed the river cannot return.

## III

I do not pray, 'Comfort me! comfort me!'

For how should comfort be?

O,—O that cooing mouth—that little white head!

No; but I pray, 'If it be not too late,

Open to me the gate,

That I may find my babe when I am dead.

## IV

'Show me the path. I had forgotten Thee

When I was happy and free,

Walking down here in the gladsome light o'the sun;

But now I come and mourn; O set my feet

In the road to Thy blest seat,

And for the rest, O God, Thy will be done.'

## DOMINION.

WHEN found the rose delight in her fair hue ?  
Colour is nothing to this world ; 't is I  
That see it. Farther, I discover soul,  
That trees are nothing to their fellow trees ;  
It is but I that love their stateliness,  
And I that, comforting my heart, do sit  
At noon beneath their shadow. I will step  
On the ledges of this world, for it is mine ;  
But the other world ye wot of, shall go too ;  
I will carry it in my bosom. O my world,  
That was not built with clay !

Consider it  
(This outer world we tread on) as a harp—  
A gracious instrument on whose fair strings  
We learn those airs we shall be set to play  
When mortal hours are ended. Let the wings,  
Man, of thy spirit move on it as wind,  
And draw forth melody. Why shouldst thou yet  
Lie grovelling ? More is won than e'er was lost :  
Inherit. Let thy day be to thy night  
A teller of good tidings. Let thy praise  
Go up as birds go up that, when they wake,  
Shake off the dew and soar.

So take joy homo,  
 And make a place in thy great heart for her,  
 And give her time to grow, and cherish her ;  
 Then will she come, and oft will sing to thee,  
 When thou art working in the furrows ; ay,  
 Or weeding in the sacred hour of dawn.  
 It is a comely fashion to be glad—  
 Joy is the grace we say to God.

Art tired ?

There is a rest remaining. Hast thou sinned ?  
 There is a Sacrifice. Lift up thy head,  
 The lovely world, and the over-world alike,  
 Ring with a song eterne, a happy rede,  
 ' THY FATHER LOVES THEE.'

# I

Yon moorèd mackerel fleet  
 Hangs thick as a swarm of bees,  
 Or a clustering village street  
 Foundationless built on the seas.

# II

The mariners ply their craft,  
 Each set in his castle frail ;  
 His care is all for the draught,  
 And he dries the rain-beaten sail.

## III

For rain came down in the night,  
And thunder muttered full oft,  
But now the azure is bright,  
And hawks are wheeling aloft.

## IV

I take the land to my breast,  
In her coat with daisies fine ;  
For me are the hills in their best,  
And all that's made is mine.

## V

Sing high ! ' Though the red sun dip,  
There yet is a day for me ;  
Nor youth I count for a ship  
That long ago foundered at sea.

## VI

' Did the lost love die and depart ?  
Many times since we have met ;  
For I hold the years in my heart,  
And all that was—is yet.

## VII

' I grant to the king his reign ;  
Let us yield him homage due ;  
But over the lands there are twain,  
O king, I must rule as you.

## VIII

‘ I grant to the wise his meed,  
But his yoke I will not brook,  
For God taught ME to read—  
He lent me the world for a book.’

---

## FRIENDSHIP.

ON A SUN-PORTRAIT OF HER HUSBAND, SENT BY HIS  
WIFE TO THEIR FRIEND.

BEAUTIFUL eyes—and shall I see no more  
The living thought when it would leap from them,  
And play in all its sweetness 'neath their lids ?

Here was a man familiar with fair heights  
That poets climb. Upon his peace the tears  
And troubles of our race deep inroads made,  
Yet life was sweet to him ; he kept his heart  
At home. Who saw his wife might well have  
thought—

‘ God loves this man. He chose a wife for him—  
The true one !’ O sweet eyes, that seem to live,  
I know so much of you, tell me the rest !



Eyes full of fatherhood and tender care  
For small, young children. Is a message here  
That you would fain have sent, but had not time ?  
If such there be, I promise, by long love  
And perfect friendship, by all trust that comes  
Of understanding, that I will not fail,  
No, nor delay to find it.

O, my heart

Will often pain me as for some strange fault—  
Some grave defect in nature—when I think  
How I, delighted, 'neath those olive trees,  
Moved to the music of the tideless main,  
While, with sore weeping, in an island home  
They laid that much-loved head beneath the sod,  
And I did not know.

I

I stand on the bridge where last we stood  
When delicate leaves were young,  
The children called us from yonder wood,  
While a mated blackbird sung.

II

Ah, yet you call—in your gladness call—  
And I hear your pattering feet ;  
It does not matter, matter at all,  
You fatherless children sweet—

## III

It does not matter at all to you,  
Young hearts that pleasure besets ;  
The father sleeps, but the world is new,  
The child of his love forgets.

## IV

I too, it may be, before they drop,  
The leaves that flicker to-day,  
Ere bountiful gleams make ripe the crop,  
Shall pass from my place away :

## V

Ere yon grey cygnet puts on her white,  
Or snow lies soft on the wold,  
Shall shut these eyes on the lovely light,  
And leave the story untold.

## VI

Shall I tell it there ? Ah, let that be,  
For the warm pulse beats so high ;  
To love to-day, and to breathe and see—  
To-morrow perhaps to die—

## VII

Leave it with God. But this I have known,  
That sorrow is over soon ;  
Some in dark nights, sore weeping alone,  
Forget by full of the moon.

## VIII

But if all loved, as the few can love,  
This world would seldom be well ;  
And who need wish, if he dwells above,  
For a deep, a long death knell.

## IX

There are four or five, who passing this place,  
While they live will name me yet ;  
And when I am gone will think on my face,  
And feel a kind of regret.

## WINSTANLEY.

*The Apology.*

*UOTH the cedar to the reeds and rushes,  
 ' Water-graze, you know not what I do ;  
 Know not of my storms, nor of my hushes,  
 And—I know not you.'*

*Quoth the reeds and rushes, ' Wind ! O waken !  
 Breathe, O wind, and set our answer free,  
 For we have no voice, of you forsaken,  
 For the cedar tree.'*

*Quoth the earth at midnight to the ocean,  
 ' Wilderness of water, lost to view,  
 Nought you are to me but sounds of motion ;  
 I am nought to you.'*

*Quoth the ocean, ' Dawn ! O fairest, clearest,  
 Touch me with thy golden fingers bland ;  
 For I have no smile till thou appearest  
 For the lovely land.'*

*Quoth the hero dying, whelmed in glory,  
‘ Many blame me, few have understood ;  
Ah, my folk, to you I leave a story—  
Make its meaning good.’*

*Quoth the folk, ‘ Sing, poet! teach us, prove us ;  
Surely we shall learn the meaning then ;  
Wound us with a pain divine, O move us,  
For this man of men.’*



WINSTANLEY'S deed, you kindly folk,  
With it I fill my lay,  
And a nobler man ne'er walk'd the world,  
Let his name be what it may.

The good ship 'Snowdrop' tarried long,  
Up at the vane look'd he ;  
'Belike,' he said, for the wind had dropp'd,  
'She lieth becalm'd at sea.'

The lovely ladies flock'd within,  
And still would each one say,  
'Good mercer, be the ships come up ?'  
But still he answered 'Nay.'

- Then stepp'd two mariners down the street,  
With looks of grief and fear :  
' Now, if Winstanley be your name,  
We bring you evil cheer !
- ' For the good ship "Snowdrop" struck—she struck  
On the rock—the Eddystone,  
And down she went with threescore men,  
We two being left alone.
- ' Down in the deep, with freight and crew,  
Past any help she lies,  
And never a bale has come to shore  
Of all thy merchandise.'
- ' For cloth o' gold and comely frieze,'  
Winstanley said, and sigh'd,  
' For velvet coif, or costly coat,  
They fathoms deep may bide.
- ' O thou brave skipper, blithe and kind,  
O mariners bold and true,  
Sorry at heart, right sorry am I,  
A-thinking of yours and you.
- ' Many long days Winstanley's breast  
Shall feel a weight within,  
For a waft of wind he shall be 'fear'd  
And trading count but sin.

‘To him no more it shall be joy  
To pace the cheerful town,  
And see the lovely ladies gay  
Step on in velvet gown.’

The ‘Snowdrop’ sank at Lammas tide,  
All under the yeasty spray;  
On Christmas Eve the brig ‘Content’  
Was also cast away.

He little thought o’ New Year’s night,  
So jolly as he sat then,  
While drank the toast and praised the roast  
The round-faced Aldermen,—

While serving lads ran to and fro,  
Pouring the ruby wine,  
And jellies trembled on the board,  
And towering pasties fine,—

While loud huzzas ran up the roof  
Till the lamps did rock o’erhead,  
And holly boughs from rafters hung  
Dropp’d down their berries red,—

He little thought on Plymouth Hoe,  
With every rising tide,  
How the wave wash’d in his sailor lads,  
And laid them side by side.

There stepp'd a stranger to the board :

‘ Now, stranger, who be ye ? ’

He look'd to right, he look'd to left,

And ‘ Rest you merry,’ quoth he ;

‘ For you did not see the brig go down,

Or ever a storm had blown ;

For you did not see the white wave rear

At the rock—the Eddystone,

‘ She drave at the rock with sternsails set ;

Crash went the masts in twain ;

She stagger'd back with her mortal blow,

Then leap'd at it again.

‘ There rose a great cry, bitter and strong,

The misty moon look'd out !

And the water swarmed with seamen's heads,

And the wreck was strew'd about.

‘ I saw her mainsail lash the sea

As I clung to the rock alone ;

Then she heeled over, and down she went,

And sank like any stone.

‘ She was a fair ship, but all's one !

For nought could bide the shock.’

‘ I will take horse,’ Winstanley said,

‘ And see this deadly rock.’



‘ For never again shall barque o’ mine  
Sail over the windy sea,  
Unless, by the blessing of God, for this  
Be found a remedy.’

Winstanley rode to Plymouth town  
All in the sleet and the snow,  
And he looked around on shore and sound  
As he stood on Plymouth Hoe.

Till a pillar of spray rose far away,  
And shot up its stately head,  
Rear’d and fell over, and rear’d again :  
‘ ’T is the rock ! the rock ! ’ he said.

Straight to the Mayor he took his way,  
‘ Good Master Mayor,’ quoth he,  
‘ I am a mercer of London town,  
And owner of vessels three,—

‘ But for your rock of dark renown,  
I had five to track the main.’  
‘ You are one of many,’ the old Mayor said,  
‘ That on the rock complain.

‘ An ill rock, mercer ! your words ring right,  
Well with my thoughts they chime,  
For my two sons to the world to come  
It sent before their time.’

‘Lend me a lighter, good Master Mayor,  
And a score of shipwrights free,  
For I think to raise a lantern tower  
On this rock o’ destiny.’

The old Mayor laugh’d, but sigh’d also ;  
‘Ah, youth,’ quoth he, ‘is rash ;  
Sooner, young man, thou ’lt root it out  
From the sea that doth it lash.

‘Who sails too near its jagged teeth,  
He shall have evil lot ;  
For the calmest seas that tumble there  
Froth like a boiling pot.

‘And the heavier seas few look on nigh,  
But straight they lay him dead ;  
A seventy-gunship, sir !—they ’ll shoot  
Higher than her mast-head.

‘O, beacons sighted in the dark,  
They are right welcome things,  
And pitchpots flaming on the shore  
Show fair as angel wings.

‘Hast gold in hand ? then light the land,  
It ’longs to thee and me ;  
But let alone the deadly rock  
In God Almighty’s sea.’

Yet said he, 'Nay—I must away,  
On the rock to set my feet;  
My debts are paid, my will I made,  
Or ever I did thee greet.

'If I must die, then let me die  
By the rock and not elsewhere;  
If I may live, O let me live  
To mount my lighthouse stair.'

The old Mayor look'd him in the face,  
And answered: 'Have thy way;  
Thy heart is stout, as if round about  
It was braced with an iron stay:

'Have thy will, mercer! choose thy men,  
Put off from the storm-rid shore;  
God with thee be, or I shall see  
Thy face and theirs no more.'

Heavily plunged the breaking wave,  
And foam flew up the lea,  
Morning and even the drifted snow  
Fell into the dark grey sea.

Winstanley chose him men and gear;  
He said, 'My time I waste,'  
For the seas ran seething up the shore,  
And the wrack drave on in haste.

But twenty days he waited and more,  
Pacing the strand alone,  
Or ever he set his manly foot  
On the rock—the Eddystone.

Then he and the sea began their strife,  
And work'd with power and might :  
Whatever the man rear'd up by day  
The sea broke down by night.

He wrought at ebb with bar and beam,  
He sail'd to shore at flow ;  
And at his side, by that same tide,  
Came bar and beam alsò.

' Give in, give in,' the old Mayor cried,  
' Or thou wilt rue the day.'  
Yonder he goes,' the townsfolk sigh'd,  
' But the rock will have its way.

' For all his looks that are so stout,  
And his speeches brave and fair,  
He may wait on the wind, wait on the wave,  
But he 'll build no lighthouse there.'

In fine weather and foul weather  
The rock his arts did flout,  
Through the long days and the short days,  
Till all that year ran out.

With fine weather and foul weather  
Another year came in :  
'To take his wage,' the workmen said,  
'We almost count a sin.'

Now March was gone, came April in,  
And a sea-fog settled down,  
And forth sail'd he on a glassy sea,  
He sail'd from Plymouth town.

With men and stores he put to sea,  
As he was wont to do ;  
They show'd in the fog like ghosts full faint—  
A ghostly craft and crew.

And the sea-fog lay and wax'd alway,  
For a long eight days and more ;  
'God help our men,' quoth the women then ;  
'For they bide long from shore.'

They paced the Hoe in doubt and dread :  
'Where may our mariners be ?'  
But the brooding fog lay soft as down  
Over the quiet sea.

A Scottish schooner made the port,  
The thirteenth day at e'en :  
'As I am a man,' the captain cried,  
'A strange sight I have seen :

‘ And a strange sound heard, my masters all,  
At sea, in the fog and the rain,  
Like shipwrights’ hammers tapping low,  
Then loud, then low again.

‘ And a stately house one instant show’d,  
Through a rift, on the vessel’s lee ;  
What manner of creatures may be those  
That build upon the sea ? ’

Then sigh’d the folk, ‘ The Lord be praised ! ’  
And they flock’d to the shore amain ;  
All over the Hoe that livelong night,  
Many stood out in the rain.

It ceased, and the red sun rear’d his head,  
And the rolling fog did flee ;  
And, lo ! in the offing faint and far  
Winstanley’s house at sea !

In fair weather with mirth and cheer  
The stately tower uprose ;  
In foul weather, with hunger and cold,  
They were content to close ;

Till up the stair Winstanley went,  
To fire the wick afar ;  
And Plymouth in the silent night  
Look’d out, and saw her star.

Winstanley set his foot ashore :  
Said he, ' My work is done ;  
I hold it strong to last as long  
As aught beneath the sun.

' But if it fail, as fail it may,  
Borne down with ruin and rout,  
Another than I shall rear it high,  
And brace the girders stout.

' A better than I shall rear it high,  
For now the way is plain,  
And tho' I were dead,' Winstanley said,  
' The light would shine again.

' Yet, were I fain still to remain,  
Watch in my tower to keep,  
And tend my light in the stormiest night  
That ever did move the deep ;

' And if it stood, why then 't were good,  
Amid their tremulous stirs,  
To count each stroke when the mad waves broke,  
For cheers of mariners.

' But if it fell, then this were well,  
That I should with it fall ;  
Since, for my part, I have built my heart  
In the courses of its wall.

‘Ay! I were fain, long to remain,  
Watch in my tower to keep,  
And tend my light in the stormiest night  
That ever did move the deep.’

With that Winstanley went his way,  
And left the rock renowned,  
And summer and winter his pilot star  
Hung bright o’er Plymouth Sound.

But it fell out, fell out at last,  
That he would put to sea,  
To scan once more his lighthouse tower  
On the rock o’ destiny.

And the winds broke, and the storm broke,  
And wrecks came plunging in ;  
None in the town that night lay down  
Or sleep or rest to win.

The great mad waves were rolling graves,  
And each flung up its dead ;  
The seething flow was white below,  
And black the sky o’erhead.

And when the dawn, the dull, grey dawn,—  
Broke on the trembling town,  
And men look’d south to the harbour mouth,  
The lighthouse tower was down.



Down in the deep where he doth sleep,  
Who made it shine afar,  
And then in the night that drown'd its light,  
Set, with his pilot star.



*Many fair tombs in the glorious glooms  
At Westminster they show ;  
The brave and the great lie there in state :  
Winstanley lieth low.*

## NOTES.

---

ANY Song or Verses from these Poems may be set to music, and published with it. No further permission is necessary.

### PAGE 1.

This story I first wrote in prose, and it was published some years ago.

### PAGE 101.

The name of the patriarch's wife is intended to be pronounced Nigh-loi-ya.

Of the three sons of Noah—Shem, Ham, and Japhet, I have called Japhet the youngest (because he is always named last), and have supposed that, in the genealogies where he is called 'Japhet the elder,' he may have received the epithet because by that time there were younger Japhets.

### PAGE 174.

The quivering butterflies in companies,  
That slowly crept adown the sandy marge,  
Like living *crocus beds*.

This beautiful comparison is taken from 'The Naturalist on the River Amazons.' 'Vast numbers of orange-coloured butterflies congregated on the moist sands. They assembled in densely-

packed masses, sometimes two or three yards in circumference, their wings all held in an upright position, so that the sands looked as though variegated with *beds of crocuses*.'

‘GLADYS AND HER ISLAND.’

The woman is Imagination; she is brooding over what she brought forth.

The two purple peaks represent the domains of Poetry and of History.

The girl is Fancy.

‘WINSTANLEY.’

This ballad has been published before; it was intended to be one of a set, and was read to the children in the National Schools at Sherborne, Dorsetshire, in order to discover whether, if the actions of a hero were simply and plainly narrated, English children would like to learn the verses recording them, by heart, as their forefathers did.

LONDON

PRINTED BY SPOTTISWOODE AND CO.

NEW-STREET SQUARE



**RETURN  
TO →**

**CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT**  
202 Main Library

2

3

4

5

6

1-month loans may be renewed by calling 642-3405

6-month loans may be recharged by bringing books to Circulation Desk

Renewals and recharges may be made 4 days prior to due date

**FEB 16 1981**

—

FORM NO: DD6, 60m, 3/80

BERKELEY, CA 94720

YC15942

